

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

**Form 10-K/A  
(Amendment No. 1)**

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from      to

Commission file number: 001-38797

**IMAC Holdings, Inc.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction  
of Incorporation or Organization)

**83-0784691**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**3401 Mallory Lane, Suite 100, Franklin, Tennessee**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**37067**  
(Zip Code)

**(844) 266-4622**  
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	BACK	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the registrant's voting common stock held by non-affiliates based on the closing stock price on June 30, 2023, was approximately \$3.3 million. For purposes of this computation only, all executive officers and directors have been deemed affiliates.

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, as of April 16, 2024 was 1,148,321.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

None.

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 (the "Amendment") to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, originally filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on April 16, 2024 (the "Original Filing") by IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") is being filed to amend and restate the Original Filing in its entirety. Amendments were made to Part I, Item 1 and Item 1A, Part II, Item 7 and Item 8, Part III, Item 10, Item 11, Item 12 and Item 13, and Part IV, Item 15. Changes were not made to the remaining sections, but all other sections are contained in this Amendment for convenience.

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IMAC HOLDINGS, INC.

FORM 10-K—ANNUAL REPORT  
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

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## PART I

### Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Portions of this Annual Report on Form 10-K (including information incorporated by reference) include “forward-looking statements” based on our current beliefs, expectations, and projections regarding our business strategies, market potential, future financial performance, industry, and other matters. This includes, in particular, “Item 7 — Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as other portions of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The words “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “project,” “could,” “would,” and similar expressions, among others, generally identify “forward-looking statements,” which speak only as of the date the statements were made. The matters discussed in these forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected, anticipated, or implied in the forward-looking statements. The most significant of these risks, uncertainties, and other factors are described in “Item 1A — Risk Factors” of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Except to the limited extent required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. These include, but are not limited to, statements relating to the following:

- projected operating or financial results, including anticipated cash flows used in operations;
- expectations regarding capital expenditures, research and development expenses and other payments;
- our beliefs and assumptions relating to our liquidity position, including our ability to obtain additional financing; and
- our beliefs, assumptions and expectations about the regulatory approval for our technology including, but not limited to our ability to obtain regulatory approval in a timely manner or at all.
- our ability to continue as a going concern;
- our ability to employ skilled and qualified workers;
- the fact that we have incurred significant losses since inception, expect to incur net losses for at least the next several years and may never achieve or sustain profitability;
- the loss of key management personnel upon whom we depend;
- our ability to fund our operations;
- our ability to navigate the regulatory approval process in the U.S. and other countries, and our success in obtaining required regulatory approvals on a timely basis;
- commercial development of technologies that compete with our technology;
- the actual and perceived effectiveness of our technology, and how the technology compares to competitive technologies;
- the rate and degree of market acceptance and clinical utility of our technology;
- the strength of our intellectual property protection, and our success in avoiding infringement of the intellectual property rights of others;
- regulations affecting the health care industry; and
- adverse developments in our research and development activities.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references herein to “we,” “us,” “our,” “our company,” “our business” or “IMAC Holdings” are to IMAC Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and prior to the Corporate Conversion discussed herein, IMAC Holdings, LLC, a Kentucky limited liability company, and in each case, their consolidated subsidiaries.

In September 2023, we effected a 1-for-30 reverse stock split of our common stock, whereby each 30 shares of our common stock and common stock equivalents were converted into 1 share of common stock. All share and per share amounts in this Annual Report on Form 10-K have been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split.

## **ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

### **Overview**

We were a provider and manager of value-based, conservative medical care combining life science advancements with traditional medical care for movement-restricting diseases and conditions in IMAC Regeneration Centers and BackSpace clinics. Our Innovative Medical Advancements and Care (IMAC) Regeneration Centers combine medical and physical procedures to improve patient experiences and outcomes and reduce healthcare costs as compared to other available treatment options. As of December 31, 2023, we closed or sold our outpatient clinics that provide regenerative, orthopedic and minimally invasive procedures and therapies. Our treatments were performed by licensed medical practitioners through our regenerative rehabilitation protocols designed to improve the physical health, to advance the quality of life and to lessen the pain of our patients. We did not prescribe opioids, but instead offered an alternative to conventional surgery or joint replacement surgery by delivering minimally invasive medical treatments to help patients with sports injuries, back pain, knee pain, joint pain, ligament and tendon damage, and other related soft tissue conditions. Our employees focused on providing exceptional customer service to give our patients a memorable and caring experience.

Our licensed healthcare professionals have historically provided each patient a custom treatment plan that integrated innovative regenerative medicine protocols (representing 9% of our revenue) with traditional, minimally invasive (minimizing skin punctures) medical procedures (representing 63% of our revenue) in combination with physical therapies (representing 22% of our revenue), chiropractic care (representing 5% of our revenue) and the remaining 1% of our revenue from memberships based on historical averages. We did not use or offer opioid-based prescriptions as part of our treatment options in order to help our patients avoid the dangers of opioid abuse and addiction. We have successfully treated patients that were previously addicted to opioids because of joint or soft tissue related pain. Further, our procedures comply with all professional athletic league drug restriction policies, including the NFL, NBA, NHL and MLB.

Dr. Matthew Wallis, DC, our former President, opened the first IMAC Regeneration Center in Paducah, Kentucky in August 2000, which was our flagship location. Dr. Jason Brame, DC joined Dr. Wallis in 2008. In 2015, Drs. Wallis and Brame hired Jeffrey S. Ervin as our Chief Executive Officer to collectively create and implement their growth strategy. The result was the formal creation of IMAC Holdings, Limited Liability Company (“LLC”) to expand IMAC clinics outside of western Kentucky, with such facilities to remain owned or operated under the group using the IMAC Regeneration Center name and services. In June 2018, we completed a corporate conversion in which IMAC Holdings, LLC was converted to IMAC Holdings, Inc. to consolidate ownership of existing clinics and implement our growth strategy. In February 2019, we completed an initial public offering and our shares commenced trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

We focused on providing natural, non-opioid solutions to pain as consumers increasingly demand conservative treatments for an aging population. The demand for our services grew fueled by consumer preferences for organic healthcare solutions over traditionally invasive orthopedic practices. We believed that our regenerative rehabilitation treatments were provided to patients at a much lower price than our primary competitors, including orthopedic surgeons, pain management clinics and hospital systems targeting invasive joint reconstruction. Surgical joint replacements cost several times more than our therapies initially treating the same condition. The U.S. government has recently adopted strict surgery pre-approval initiatives to reduce the cost for CMS and limit the proliferation of opioids since they accompany substantially all joint replacement surgeries.

We believed patient satisfaction was driven by our five fundamental beliefs:

- We believe that the body has the ability to heal itself, and better results occur with our solutions to unlock the body's natural healing process;
- We believe in the power of doctors, from many different specializations, working together for the best patient care possible;
- We believe that employees should know patients by their face, not by a chart number;
- We believe consumers have a choice regardless of physician referral or insurance coverage; and
- We believe a medical setting should be comforting.

We are led by senior executive officers who together have more than 100 years of combined experience in the healthcare services industry. Jeffrey S. Ervin, co-founder of IMAC Holdings and our Chief Executive Officer, joined us in March 2015. Mr. Ervin has a history of sourcing private equity investments and managing private equity operations in the healthcare and other growth industries. Mr. Ervin earned an M.B.A. degree from Vanderbilt University. The founder of our company, Matthew C. Wallis, DC, a licensed chiropractor, was our President through November 2023. Dr. Wallis had implemented strategies in the company to create consistent operating efficiencies for our sales, marketing and service delivery operations. Sheri F. Gardzina serves as our Chief Financial Officer and joined the company in November 2017. Mrs. Gardzina earned an M.B.A. and M.S. from Northeastern University and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant. Ben Lerner, DC, a licensed chiropractor, joined the team in February 2022 as our Chief Operating Officer. Dr. Lerner left the company in February 2023 to pursue other opportunities.

## **Recent Developments**

On May 23, 2023, IMAC Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (Nasdaq: BACK) (the “Company”) entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Merger Agreement”) with Theralink Technologies, Inc. (OTC: THER), a Nevada corporation (“Theralink”), and IMAC Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Merger Sub”). Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into Theralink (the “Merger”), with Theralink continuing as the surviving entity (the “Surviving Entity”) and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. On May 22, 2023, the board of directors of the Company, and the board of directors of Theralink unanimously approved the Merger Agreement.

At the effective time of the Merger (the “Effective Time”), each share of Theralink’s common stock (“Theralink Common Stock”) and each share of Theralink’s preferred stock (together with the Theralink Common Stock, “Theralink Shares”) issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time will be converted into and will thereafter represent the right to receive a portion of a share of the Company’s common stock (the “Company Shares”) such that the total number of Company Shares issued to the holders of Theralink Shares shall equal 85% of the total number of Company Shares outstanding as of the Effective Time (the “Merger Consideration”).

At the Effective Time, each award of Theralink stock options (each, a “Theralink Stock Option”), whether or not then vested or exercisable, that is outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, will be assumed by the Company and converted into a stock option relating to a number of Company Shares equal to the product of: (i) the number of shares of Theralink Common Stock subject to such Theralink Stock Option; and (ii) the ratio which results from dividing one share of Theralink Common Stock by the portion of a Company Share issuable for such share as finally determined at the Effective Time (the “Exchange Ratio”), at an exercise price per Company Share (rounded up to the nearest whole cent) equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the exercise price per share of Theralink Common Stock of such Theralink Stock Option by (B) the Exchange Ratio.

The Company and Theralink have each agreed, subject to certain exceptions with respect to unsolicited proposals, not to directly or indirectly solicit competing acquisition proposals or to enter into discussions concerning, or provide confidential information in connection with, any unsolicited alternative acquisition proposals. However, if such party receives an unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal that did not result from a material breach of the non-solicitation provisions of the Merger Agreement and the Company’s or Theralink’s board of directors, or any committee thereof, as applicable, concludes, after consultation with its financial advisors and outside legal counsel, that such unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal constitutes, or could reasonably be expected to result in, a superior offer, such party may furnish non-public information regarding it or any of its subsidiaries and engage in discussions and negotiations with such third party in response to such unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal; *provided* that each party provides notice and furnishes any non-public information provided to the maker of the acquisition proposal to each party substantially concurrently with providing such non-public information to the maker of the acquisition proposal.



The completion of the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of customary closing conditions, including: (i) adoption of the Merger Agreement by holders of a majority of the outstanding Theralink Shares; (ii) approval of the issuance of Company Shares in connection with the Merger by a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock; (iii) absence of any court order or regulatory injunction prohibiting completion of the Merger; (iv) expiration or termination of (a) all waiting periods under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the "HSR Act") and (b) any agreement with any governmental entity not to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; (v) effectiveness of the Company's registration statement on Form S-4 to register the Company Shares to be issued in the Merger; (vi) subject to specified materiality standards, the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the other party; (vii) the authorization for listing of Company Shares to be issued in the Merger on Nasdaq; (viii) compliance by the other party in all material respects with its covenants; and (ix) the completion of satisfactory due diligence by both parties.

The Company and Theralink have each made customary representations and warranties in the Merger Agreement. The Merger Agreement also contains customary covenants and agreements, including covenants and agreements relating to (i) the conduct of each of the Company's and Theralink's business between the date of the signing of the Merger Agreement and the closing date of the Merger and (ii) the efforts of the parties to cause the Merger to be completed, including actions which may be necessary to cause the expiration or termination of any waiting periods under the HSR Act.

In furtherance of the proposed business combination with Theralink, on April 12, 2024 we entered into a credit agreement, secured by the assets of Theralink and its subsidiaries, pursuant to which Theralink may borrow from the Company up to an aggregate of \$1,000,000 with an initial borrowing of \$350,000. While we remain committed to acquiring the business of Theralink, we continue to evaluate all options with respect to the structuring of the business combination, including the Merger and other alternatives to acquire the assets of Theralink. We cannot give any assurance that the business combination or acquisition of assets will be consummated in accordance with the previously disclosed terms, as opposed to other alternative structures. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

On April 10, 2024, we entered into a series of transactions including the exchange of the Company's outstanding Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Series B-1 Preferred Stock") and Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Series B-2 Preferred Stock" and, collectively with the Series B-1 Preferred Stock, the "Series B Preferred Stock"), for new preferred stock, the exchange of the Company's outstanding warrants (the "Existing Warrants") for new warrants, and the sale of new preferred stock and warrants. All such transactions were consummated on April 11, 2024 and resulted in gross proceeds to the Company of \$900,000. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

## **Our Operations**

As of December 31, 2023, we had closed or sold our outpatient medical clinics and BackSpace locations. Given the Company's financial position, during 2023, the Company decided to close its underperforming locations and sold The BackSpace, LLC operations and physical assets of certain locations in an effort to raise sufficient capital to support on-going operations. Management has been actively exploring various strategic alternatives since July 2022.

Below is a description of each of our outpatient medical clinics as of December 31, 2023 along with each location's current status:

### ***Kentucky Market***

In November 2015, we relocated our Paducah, Kentucky operations into a 10,200 square foot build-to-suit facility. This facility serves as an anchor clinic for the western Kentucky market of roughly 50,000 residents. The clinic performs medical evaluations with x-ray, fluoroscopic spine, joint and appendage injections, regenerative medicine and physical medicine. This clinic discontinued patient care in November 2023 upon the sale of assets to The Regenerative Center. The value of the sale of assets and assumption of lease liability exceeded \$450,000.

In March 2018, we purchased a medical practice building in Lexington, Kentucky, for \$1.2 million. The Lexington, Kentucky clinic was our seventh IMAC outpatient medical clinic, which we named the Tony Delk Center, and opened on July 2, 2018. This building was sold in June 2020 and we then entered into a lease for the building that expires in July 2025. This clinic discontinued patient care in January 2023 and lease obligations were settled in May 2023.

We opened a 4,700 square foot facility in Murray, Kentucky, a town of nearly 15,000 residents near the Tennessee border in February 2017. This facility provides medical evaluations, fluoroscopic joint and appendage injections, and physical medicine and refers patients to Paducah for regenerative PRP medical procedures. This clinic discontinued patient care in October 2023 upon the sale of assets and assumption of liabilities to two former providers.

### ***Missouri Market, St. Louis***

In January 2016, IMAC of St. Louis, LLC, executed a lease for a 13,300 square foot facility in Chesterfield, Missouri, a suburb 18 miles west of downtown St. Louis. The clinic opened in May 2016. The clinic performs medical evaluations with x-ray, fluoroscopic spine, joint and appendage injections, regenerative PRP medicine and physical medicine. This clinic discontinued patient care in October 2023 upon the sale of assets to JWB Chiropractic, PC. JWB Chiropractic, PC is owned by our co-founder, Jason Brame, DC. The Company agreed to maintain the security deposit for the facility through 2026 as part of the transition of lease liability, resulting in the sale of assets and liabilities valued over \$600,000.

IMAC of St. Louis opened a satellite facility in St. Peters, Missouri to assist with demand from suburbs west of the Missouri River. The St. Peters clinic opened for business in July 2017. The facility offered patient medical evaluations with x-ray, fluoroscopic joint and appendage injections, and physical medicine. This clinic discontinued patient care in December 2021. The lease expired in August 2022.

IMAC of St. Louis acquired the chiropractic clinic Lockwood Chiropractic in Webster Groves, Missouri, a suburb of St. Louis, in November 2020. The clinic relocated to a new medical facility in January 2022, to expand medical services to broaden our patient base while expanding into neighboring suburbs. This clinic discontinued patient care in September 2023. The lease expires in January 2029.

### ***Missouri Market, Springfield***

In August 2018, we acquired the physical and occupational therapy provider, Advantage Therapy, which operated four locations in the Springfield, Missouri metropolitan area. The South Springfield location originally occupied 5,000 square feet, until it was relocated in September 2019 to a 7,520 square foot location which has a lease that expires in June 2024. The North Springfield, Monett and Ozark locations function as satellite locations. The North Springfield location functions within 2,400 square feet with a lease that expired in May 2022. The Monett location occupied 2,200 square feet pursuant to a lease that expired in February 2021. The Ozark location operated in approximately 1,000 square feet, until it was relocated in 2019 to a 2,740 square foot location with a lease that expires in May 2024. The North Springfield and Ozark locations discontinued patient care in 2022 and the Springfield location discontinued patient care in May 2023. Lease obligations for Springfield and Ozark were settled in 2023, and assets in the facilities were sold to former non-executive employees.

### ***Tennessee Market***

The David Price Center opened in Brentwood, Tennessee in May 2017, however, this clinic discontinued patient care in April 2022. The 7,500 square foot location is leased through July 2024 and was being used as corporate office space through January 31, 2023. The lease obligation was retired and settled in 2023.

In November 2017, a 5,500 square foot facility was opened in Murfreesboro, Tennessee however, this clinic discontinued patient care in February 2021.

### ***Chicago Market***

In April 2019, we acquired the non-medical assets of, and management agreements for, a regenerative medicine and physical medicine practice operating in three locations in the Chicago, Illinois metropolitan area. The Arlington Heights location occupies 3,390 square feet and has a lease which expires in July 2023. The Elgin location occupies 3,880 square feet and has a lease which expires in October 2023. The Elgin location was sold in November 2022. The Arlington Heights location discontinued patient care April 2023 upon the sale of assets and operations to an external buyer.

In November 2019, we entered into a management agreement for an occupational and physical therapy practice in Rockford, Illinois. This location occupies 3,056 square feet and has a lease that expires in July 2023. This management agreement was terminated in 2021.

In June 2021, we completed an asset purchase in Naperville, Illinois. The clinic provides a wide variety of orthopedic treatments for various conditions through a combination of medical and physical rehabilitation services. This location occupies 2,153 square feet and has a lease that expires in July 2025. This clinic was sold in July 2022 and the lease terminated effective December 1, 2022.

### ***Florida Market***

In January 2020, we acquired the assets and assumed the building lease liability of Chiropractic Health of Southwest Florida, Inc. in Bonita Springs, Florida. The acquisition of this practice expanded our presence into a new market where we have extended our service offering to incorporate medical procedures to the existing physical therapy, chiropractic care and soft tissue therapies. This clinic discontinued patient care in March 2022. The lease liability was settled in 2022.

In February 2021, we acquired the business of Willmitch Chiropractic, P.A. in Tampa, Florida. This location provides chiropractic care and occupies 3,613 square feet with a lease that expires in April 2026. This clinic discontinued patient care in January 2023.

In March 2021, we completed an asset purchase in Orlando, Florida. The clinic operates in 2,500 square feet with a lease that expires in September 2023. This clinic discontinued patient care in March 2022.

In June 2021, we completed an asset purchase in Fort Piece, Florida. The clinic provides chiropractic care and will be incorporating medical procedures. This clinic occupies 3,368 square feet and discontinued patient care in January 2023. The lease liability was settled in 2023.

#### ***IMAC Medical of Louisiana***

In October 2021, we acquired the assets and management agreement of IMAC Medical of Louisiana in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. The location occupies 9,000 of square feet with a lease that expires in December 2026. This clinic was sold in January 2023.

#### ***BackSpace***

Starting in June 2021, the Company introduced BackSpace clinics located in Walmart. They provided chiropractic adjustments, nerve and muscle stimulation, and percussion tool therapies for soft tissue recovery, muscle relaxation, and spinal wellness. The BackSpace operations were sold in February 2023.

#### **Our Services (prior to dispositions)**

The licensed healthcare professionals at our clinics work with each patient to create a protocol customized for each patient by utilizing a combination of the following traditional and innovative treatments:

**Medical Treatments.** Our specialized team of doctors work together to provide the latest minimally invasive, prescription-free treatments for movement challenges or pain related to orthopedic conditions. The treatments are customized to treat the underlying condition instead of addressing the challenge with prescriptions or surgeries.

**Regenerative Medicine.** Regenerative therapy at IMAC Regeneration Centers utilizes undifferentiated cellular tissue to regenerate damaged tissue. The majority of our procedures utilize cells from the patient, harvested under minimal manipulation, and applied during the same visit to the clinic. These autologous cells help to heal degenerative soft tissue conditions, which cause pain or compromise the patient's quality of life. Platelet therapies comprise the greatest percentage of regenerative procedures. Independent studies in this area, including a recent safety and feasibility study published by Dr. Peter B. Fodor, "Adipose Derived Stromal Cell Injections for Pain Management of Osteoarthritis in the Human Knee Joint" (Aesthetic Surgery Journal, February 2016), have supported claims that autologous cell treatments using adipose and bone marrow lead to improved function and decreased pain within joints, muscles and connective tissue and can help alleviate osteoarthritis and degenerative disease. We believe that we have followed the increasingly accepted protocols described in this and other similar studies in connection with our regenerative therapies.

**Physical Medicine.** Our team of medical practitioners start by collaboratively building a personalized physical medicine treatment plan designed to help patients get back to living the life they deserve.

**Physical Therapy.** With a combination of biomechanical loading and tissue mobilization, our licensed physical rehabilitation therapists work with each patient to help the body restore skill within the joint or soft tissue.

**Spinal Decompression.** During this treatment, the spine is stretched and relaxed intermittently in a controlled manner, creating a negative pressure in the disc area that can pull herniated or bulging tissue back into the disc. Whether caused by trauma or degeneration, we realize the impact a spinal injury can have on the quality of one's life and are committed to providing the most innovative, minimally invasive medical technology and care to relieve back pain and restore function.

**Chiropractic Manipulation.** Common for spine conditions, manual manipulation is used to increase range of motion, reduce nerve irritability and improve function.

#### **FDA Clinical Trial**

In November 2017, we engaged a medical consulting group to advise us on current regenerative medicine therapy protocols and to organize a clinical trial towards an investigational new drug application (IND) with the FDA, while pursuing a voluntary Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy (RMAT) designation. This process is defined under Section 3033 of the 21st Century Cures Act. We intend to conduct an investigator-initiated trial utilizing regenerative advancements to alleviate symptoms of debilitating, neurological conditions and diseases. Stem cell therapy is emerging as a potentially revolutionary new way to treat disease and injury, with wide-ranging medical benefits. It aims to repair damaged and diseased body parts with Healthy new cells provided by stem cell transplants.

The medical consulting group has assisted us in conducting research, establishing patient engagement tools and developing clinical strategies to achieve the IND and RMAT. We executed a technology transfer agreement with a research university to license an FDA Phase I approved mesenchymal stem cell drug candidate. We submitted an IND application with the FDA using this therapeutic product in May 2020, and the FDA Office of Tissues and Advanced Therapies authorized the Phase I clinical trial in August 2020. IMAC physicians were trained to administer treatments within IMAC facilities and the FDA approved opening enrollment for the trial in November 2020. The first enrollee was treated in December 2020, utilizing umbilical cord-derived allogenic mesenchymal stem cells for the treatment of bradykinesia due to Parkinson's disease. The Phase 1 clinical trial consists of a 15-patient dose escalation safety and tolerability study. The trial is divided into three groups: (1) five patients with bradykinesia due to Parkinson's disease received a low intravenous dose, (2) five patients received a medium intravenous dose, (3) and five patients received a high intravenous dose. Each trial participant received an intravenous infusion of stem cells and will be tracked for 12 months for data collection. The final patient was dosed on September 6, 2022.

No assurance can be given that the FDA will approve advancement beyond a Phase I study or the RMAT designation. We believe the RMAT designation may be helpful in differentiating our services and gaining a broader collaborative connection with the FDA. Failure to earn the RMAT designation will result in unfulfilled research expenses, but should not have a materially adverse effect on our operations or financial condition.

### **Protection of Proprietary Information**

We own various U.S. federal trademark registrations and applications, and unregistered trademarks, including the registered mark “IMAC Regeneration Center.” We rely on trademark laws in the United States, as well as confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions, to protect our proprietary information and brand. We cannot assure you that existing trademark laws or contractual rights will be adequate for protecting our intellectual property and proprietary information. Protection of confidential information, trade secrets and other intellectual property rights in the markets in which we operate and compete is highly uncertain and may involve complex legal questions. We cannot completely prevent the unauthorized use or infringement of our confidential information or intellectual property rights as such prevention is inherently difficult. Costly and time-consuming litigation could be necessary to enforce and determine the scope of our confidential information and intellectual property protection.

We are not aware of any claims of infringement or other challenges to our rights in our trademarks. We do not expect to need any additional intellectual property rights to carry out our growth and expansion strategy.

For years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, we did not incur any material time or labor for the development of the technology we use in our operations.

### **Government Regulation**

Numerous federal, state and local regulations regulate healthcare services and those who provide them. None of the states in which we operated through 2023 require a certificate of need for the operation of our physical therapy business functions. Our healthcare professionals and/or medical clinics, however, were required to be licensed, as determined by the state in which they provide services. Failure to obtain or maintain any required certificates, approvals or licenses could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Regulations discussed below applied to our business through 2023.

**Regulations Controlling Fraud and Abuse.** Various federal and state laws regulate financial relationships involving providers of healthcare services. These laws include Section 1128B(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S. C. § 1320a-7b(b)) (the “Fraud and Abuse Law”), under which civil and criminal penalties can be imposed upon persons who, among other things, offer, solicit, pay or receive remuneration in return for (i) the referral of patients for the rendering of any item or service for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, by a Federal health care program (including Medicare and Medicaid); or (ii) purchasing, leasing, ordering, or arranging for or recommending purchasing, leasing, ordering any good, facility, service, or item for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, by a Federal health care program (including Medicare and Medicaid). We believe that our business procedures and business arrangements are in compliance with these provisions. However, the provisions are broadly written and the full extent of their specific application to specific facts and arrangements to which we are a party is uncertain and difficult to predict. In addition, several states have enacted state laws similar to the Fraud and Abuse Law, which may be more restrictive than the federal Fraud and Abuse Law.

**Stark Law.** Provisions of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (42 U.S.C. §1395nn) (the “Stark Law”) prohibit referrals by a physician of “designated health services” which are payable, in whole or in part, by Medicare or Medicaid, to an entity in which the physician or the physician’s immediate family member has an investment interest or other financial relationship, subject to several exceptions. Unlike the Fraud and Abuse Law, the Stark Law is a strict liability statute. Proof of intent to violate the Stark Law is not required. Physical therapy services are among the “designated health services.” Further, the Stark Law has application to our management contracts with individual physicians and physician groups, as well as, any other financial relationship between us and referring physicians, including medical advisor arrangements and any financial transaction resulting from a clinic acquisition. The Stark Law also prohibits billing for services rendered pursuant to a prohibited referral. Several states have enacted laws similar to the Stark Law. These state laws may cover all (not just Medicare and Medicaid) patients. As with the Fraud and Abuse Law, we consider the Stark Law in planning our outpatient clinics, establishing contractual and other arrangements with physicians, marketing and other activities, and believe that our operations are in substantial compliance with the Stark Law. If we violate the Stark Law or any similar state laws, our financial results and operations could be adversely affected. Penalties for violations include denial of payment for the services, significant civil monetary penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

**HIPAA.** In an effort to further combat healthcare fraud and protect patient confidentiality, Congress included several anti-fraud measures in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”). HIPAA created a source of funding for fraud control to coordinate federal, state and local healthcare law enforcement programs, conduct investigations, provide guidance to the healthcare industry concerning fraudulent healthcare practices, and establish a national data bank to receive and report final adverse actions. HIPAA also criminalized certain forms of health fraud against all public and private payers. Additionally, HIPAA mandates the adoption of standards regarding the exchange of healthcare information in an effort to ensure the privacy and electronic security of patient information and standards relating to the privacy of health information. Sanctions for failing to comply with HIPAA include criminal penalties and civil sanctions. In February of 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (“ARRA”) was signed into law. Title XIII of ARRA, the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (“HITECH”), provided for substantial Medicare and Medicaid incentives for providers to adopt electronic health records (“EHRs”) and grants for the development of health information exchange (“HIE”). Recognizing that HIE and EHR systems will not be implemented unless the public can be assured that the privacy and security of patient information in such systems is protected, HITECH also significantly expanded the scope of the privacy and security requirements under HIPAA. Most notable are the mandatory breach notification requirements and a heightened enforcement scheme that includes increased penalties, and which now apply to business associates as well as to covered entities. In addition to HIPAA, a number of states have adopted laws and/or regulations applicable in the use and disclosure of individually identifiable health information that can be more stringent than comparable provisions under HIPAA.

We believe that our operations complied with applicable standards for privacy and security of protected healthcare information. We cannot predict what negative effect, if any, HIPAA/HITECH or any applicable state law or regulation will have on our business.

**Cybersecurity.** We were a medical provider and complied with HIPAA and data sensitivity requirements as regulated by local and federal authorities. Our patient data is hosted, managed and secured with an approved Electronic Medical Record vendor. Cybersecurity is of paramount importance and our executive officers have implemented routine cyber breach insurance policies to protect our company from potential predatory initiatives to access patient and company data. See “Risk Factors – Our reputation and relationships with patients would be harmed if our patients’ data, particularly personally identifying data, were to be subject to a cyber-attack or otherwise by unauthorized persons.”

#### ***FDA Drug Approval Process***

In the United States, pharmaceutical products are subject to extensive regulation by the Food and Drug Administration (the “FDA”). The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (“FDC Act”) and other federal and state statutes and regulations, govern, among other things, the research, development, testing, manufacture, storage, recordkeeping, approval, labeling, promotion and marketing, distribution, post-approval monitoring and reporting, sampling and import and export of pharmaceutical products. Failure to comply with applicable U.S. requirements may subject a company to a variety of administrative or judicial sanctions, such as FDA refusal to approve pending new drug applications (“NDAs”), warning or untitled letters, product recalls, product seizures, total or partial suspension of production or distribution, injunctions, fines, civil penalties and criminal prosecution. As a result of these regulations, pharmaceutical product development and approval are very expensive and time consuming.

Pharmaceutical product development for a new product or certain changes to an approved product in the United States typically involves preclinical laboratory and animal tests, the submission to the FDA of an investigational new drug (“IND”), which must become effective before clinical testing may commence, and adequate and well-controlled clinical trials to establish the safety and effectiveness of the drug for each indication for which FDA approval is sought. Satisfaction of FDA pre-market approval requirements typically takes many years and the actual time required may vary substantially based upon the type, complexity and novelty of the product or disease.



Clinical trials to support NDAs for marketing approval are typically conducted in three sequential phases, but the phases may overlap. In Phase 1, the initial introduction of the drug into healthy human subjects or patients, the drug is tested to assess pharmacological actions, side effects associated with increasing doses and, if possible, early evidence on effectiveness. For dermatology products, Phase 2 usually involves trials in a limited patient population to determine metabolism, pharmacokinetics, the effectiveness of the drug for a particular indication, dosage tolerance and optimum dosage, and to identify common adverse effects and safety risks. If a compound demonstrates evidence of effectiveness and an acceptable safety profile in Phase 2 evaluations, Phase 3 clinical trials are undertaken to obtain the additional information about clinical efficacy and safety in a larger number of patients, typically at geographically dispersed clinical trial sites, to permit the FDA to evaluate the overall benefit-risk relationship of the drug and to provide adequate information for the labeling of the drug. In most cases the FDA requires two adequate and well-controlled Phase 3 clinical trials with statistically significant results to demonstrate the efficacy of the drug. A single Phase 3 clinical trial with other confirmatory evidence may be sufficient in rare instances where the study is a large multicenter trial demonstrating internal consistency and a statistically very persuasive finding of an effect on mortality, irreversible morbidity or prevention of a disease with a potentially serious outcome and confirmation of the result in a second trial would be practically or ethically impossible.

After completion of the required activities, including clinical testing, a NDA is prepared and submitted to the FDA. FDA approval of the NDA is required before marketing of the product may begin in the United States.

The FDA also may refer applications for novel drug products, or drug products that present difficult questions of safety or efficacy, to an advisory committee, typically a panel that includes clinicians and other experts, for review, evaluation and a recommendation as to whether the application should be approved. The FDA is not bound by the recommendation of an advisory committee, but it generally follows such recommendations. Before approving an NDA, the FDA will typically inspect one or more clinical sites to assure compliance with the FDA's good clinical practice requirements. Additionally, the FDA typically inspects the facility or the facilities at which the drug is manufactured and may inspect the sponsor company and investigator sites that participated in the clinical trials. The FDA will not approve the product unless compliance with current good manufacturing practice ("cGMP") is satisfactory and the NDA contains data that provide substantial evidence that the drug is safe and effective for the stated indication.

After the FDA evaluates the NDA and the manufacturing facilities, it issues either an approval letter or a complete response letter. A complete response letter generally outlines the deficiencies in the submission and may require substantial additional testing, or information, in order for the FDA to reconsider the application. If, or when, those deficiencies have been addressed to the FDA's satisfaction following FDA review of a resubmission of the NDA, the FDA will issue an approval letter.

An approval letter authorizes commercial marketing of the drug with specific prescribing information for specific indications. As a condition of NDA approval, the FDA may require a risk evaluation and mitigation strategy ("REMS"), to help ensure that the benefits of the drug outweigh the potential risks. REMS can include medication guides, communication plans for healthcare professionals and elements to assure safe use ("ETASU"). ETASU can include, but are not limited to, special training or certification for prescribing or dispensing, dispensing only under certain circumstances, special monitoring and the use of patient registries. The requirement for a REMS can materially affect the potential market and profitability of the drug. Moreover, product approval may require substantial post-approval testing and surveillance to monitor the drug's safety or efficacy. Once granted, product approvals may be withdrawn if compliance with regulatory standards is not maintained or problems are identified following initial marketing.

Changes to some of the conditions established in an approved application, including changes in indications, labeling, or manufacturing processes or facilities, require submission and FDA approval of a new NDA or NDA supplement before the change can be implemented. An NDA supplement for a new indication typically requires clinical data similar to that in the original application, and the FDA generally uses the same procedures and actions in reviewing NDA supplements as it does in reviewing NDAs.

#### *Section 505(b)(2) New Drug Applications*

Most drug products obtain FDA marketing approval pursuant to an NDA filed under section 505(b)(1) of the FDC Act. An alternative is a special type of NDA, commonly referred to as a Section 505(b)(2) NDA (“505(b)(2) NDA”), which enables the applicant to rely, in part, on the FDA’s previous approval of a similar product, or published literature, in support of its application.

505(b)(2) NDAs often provide an alternate path to FDA approval for new or improved formulations or new uses of previously approved products. Section 505(b)(2) permits the filing of an NDA where at least some of the information required for approval comes from studies not conducted by, or for, the applicant and for which the applicant has not obtained a right of reference. If the 505(b)(2) NDA applicant can establish that reliance on the FDA’s previous approval is scientifically appropriate, it may eliminate the need to conduct certain preclinical or clinical studies of the new product. The FDA may also require companies to perform additional studies or measurements to support the change from the approved product. The FDA may then approve the new product candidate for all, or some, of the label indications for which the referenced product has been approved, as well as for any new indication sought by the Section 505(b)(2) NDA applicant.

#### *Biologics*

Biological products used for the prevention, treatment or cure of a disease or condition of a human being are subject to regulation under the FDC Act, except the section of the FDC Act which governs the approval of NDAs. Biological products are approved for marketing under provisions of the Public Health Service Act (“PHSA”), via a Biologics License Application (“BLA”). However, the application process and requirements for approval of BLAs and BLA supplements, including review timelines, are very similar to those for NDAs and NDA supplements, and biologics are associated with similar approval risks and costs as other drugs.

#### *Post-Approval Requirements*

Once a NDA is approved, a product will be subject to certain post-approval requirements. For instance, the FDA closely regulates the post-approval marketing and promotion of drugs, including standards and regulations for direct-to-consumer advertising, off-label promotion, industry-sponsored scientific and educational activities and promotional activities involving the internet. Drugs may be marketed only for the approved indications and in accordance with the provisions of the approved labeling.

Adverse event reporting and submission of periodic safety reports is required following FDA approval of a NDA. The FDA also may require post-marketing testing, known as Phase 4 testing, REMS and surveillance to monitor the effects of an approved product, or the FDA may place conditions on an approval that could restrict the distribution or use of the product. In addition, quality-control, drug manufacture, packaging and labeling procedures must continue to conform to cGMPs after approval. Drug manufacturers and certain of their subcontractors are required to register their establishments with the FDA and certain state agencies. Registration with the FDA subjects entities to periodic unannounced inspections by the FDA, during which the agency inspects manufacturing facilities to assess compliance with cGMPs. Accordingly, manufacturers must continue to expend time, money and effort in the areas of production and quality-control to maintain compliance with cGMPs. Regulatory authorities may withdraw product approvals or request product recalls if a company fails to comply with regulatory standards, if it encounters problems following initial marketing, or if previously unrecognized problems are subsequently discovered.

#### *Pediatric Information*

Under the Pediatric Research Equity Act, NDAs or supplements to NDAs must contain data to assess the safety and effectiveness of the drug for the claimed indications in all relevant pediatric subpopulations and to support dosing and administration for each pediatric subpopulation for which the drug is safe and effective. The FDA may grant full or partial waivers, or deferrals, for submission of data.

The Best Pharmaceuticals for Children Act (“BPCA”) provides NDA holders a six-month extension of any exclusivity, patent or non-patent, for a drug if certain conditions are met. Conditions for exclusivity include the FDA’s determination that information relating to the use of a new drug in the pediatric population may produce health benefits in that population, the FDA making a written request for pediatric studies and the applicant agreeing to perform, and reporting on, the requested studies within the statutory timeframe. Applications under the BPCA are treated as priority applications, with all of the benefits that designation confers.

#### *Disclosure of Clinical Trial Information*

Sponsors of clinical trials of FDA-regulated products, including drugs, are required to register and disclose certain clinical trial information. Information related to the product, patient population, phase of investigation, study sites and investigators and other aspects of the clinical trial is then made public as part of the registration. Sponsors are also obligated to disclose the results of their clinical trials after completion. Competitors may use this publicly available information to gain knowledge regarding the progress of our programs.

The FDA has established a Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy (“RMAT”) designation as part of its implementation of the 21st Century Cures Act, or Cures Act. The RMAT designation program is intended to fulfill the Cures Act requirement that the FDA facilitate an efficient development program for, and expedite review of, any drug that meets the following criteria: (1) it qualifies as a RMAT, which is defined as a cell therapy, therapeutic tissue engineering product, human cell and tissue product, or any combination product using such therapies or products, with limited exceptions; (2) it is intended to treat, modify, reverse, or cure a serious or life-threatening disease or condition; and (3) preliminary clinical evidence indicates that the drug has the potential to address unmet medical needs for such a disease or condition. Like breakthrough therapy designation, RMAT designation provides potential benefits that include more frequent meetings with FDA to discuss the development plan for the product candidate, and eligibility for rolling review and priority review. Products granted RMAT designation may also be eligible for accelerated approval on the basis of a surrogate or intermediate endpoint reasonably likely to predict long-term clinical benefit, or reliance upon data obtained from a meaningful number of sites, including through expansion to additional sites. RMAT-designated products that receive accelerated approval may, as appropriate, fulfill their post-approval requirements through the submission of clinical evidence, clinical studies, patient registries, or other sources of real world evidence (such as electronic health records); through the collection of larger confirmatory data sets; or via post-approval monitoring of all patients treated with such therapy prior to approval of the therapy.

**Other Regulatory Factors.** Political, economic and regulatory influences are fundamentally changing the healthcare industry in the United States. Congress, state legislatures and the private sector continue to review and assess alternative healthcare delivery and payment systems. Potential alternative approaches could include mandated basic healthcare benefits, controls on healthcare spending through limitations on the growth of private health insurance premiums and Medicare and Medicaid spending, the creation of large insurance purchasing groups, and price controls. Legislative debate is expected to continue in the future and market forces are expected to demand only modest increases or reduced costs. For instance, managed care entities are demanding lower reimbursement rates from healthcare providers and, in some cases, are requiring or encouraging providers to accept capitated payments that may not allow providers to cover their full costs or realize traditional levels of profitability. We cannot reasonably predict what impact the adoption of federal or state healthcare reform measures or future private sector reform may have on our business.

In recent years, federal and state governments have launched several initiatives aimed at uncovering behavior that violates the federal civil and criminal laws regarding false claims and fraudulent billing and coding practices. Such laws require providers to adhere to complex reimbursement requirements regarding proper billing and coding in order to be compensated for their services by government payers. Our compliance program requires adherence to applicable law and promotes reimbursement education and training; however, a determination that our clinics’ billing and coding practices are false or fraudulent could have a material adverse effect on us.

As a result of our participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs, we are subject to various governmental inspections, reviews, audits and investigations to verify our compliance with these programs and applicable laws and regulations. Managed care payers may also reserve the right to conduct audits. An adverse inspection, review, audit or investigation could result in refunding amounts we have been paid; fines penalties and/or revocation of billing privileges for the affected clinics; exclusion from participation in the Medicare or Medicaid programs or one or more managed care payer network; or damage to our reputation.

We are subject to federal and state laws prohibiting entities and individuals from knowingly and willfully making claims to Medicare, Medicaid and other governmental programs and third-party payers that contain false or fraudulent information. The federal False Claims Act encourages private individuals to file suits on behalf of the government against healthcare providers such as us. As such suits are generally filed under seal with a court to allow the government adequate time to investigate and determine whether it will intervene in the action, the implicated healthcare providers often are unaware of the suit until the government has made its determination and the seal is lifted. Violations or alleged violations of such laws, and any related lawsuits, could result in (i) exclusion from participation in Medicare, Medicaid and other federal healthcare programs, or (ii) significant financial or criminal sanctions, resulting in the possibility of substantial financial penalties for small billing errors that are replicated in a large number of claims, as each individual claim could be deemed a separate violation. In addition, many states also have enacted similar statutes, which may include criminal penalties, substantial fines, and treble damages.

### **Employees and Human Capital Management**

As of April 15, 2024, we employed 4 individuals, of which 2 were full-time employees. As of that date, none of our employees were governed by collective bargaining agreements or were members of a union. We consider our relations with our employees to be good. We strive for greater diversity and inclusion through our employment and management practices. Today, our full-time employees range in age from 41-62 years, 50% of our executive team is female, and 75% of our staff is female. We remain further committed to increasing the diversity of our employee base.

### **Medical Advisory Board**

We had a Medical Advisory Board comprised of all IMAC medical physicians, through October 31, 2023. The Advisory Board met annually to discuss matters relating to our therapies, range of medical treatments and strategic direction, and periodically presented its suggestions to our Board and to executive management. Members of the Advisory Board were reimbursed by us for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in serving on the Advisory Board.

### **Business Transactions**

**Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab Institute.** On January 27, 2023, the Company executed an agreement to sell all assets of IMAC of Louisiana, PC and Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab, LLC for a total of \$1.05 million in cash. In addition, the deal included the assignment of the associated real estate lease to the purchaser.

**Ricardo Knight, PC.** On April 4, 2023 the Company executed an agreement to sell all the assets of Ricardo Knight, PC.

**Advantage Hand Therapy and Orthopedic Rehabilitation, LLC.** During May of 2023, the Company closed operations at Springfield, MO, due to significant staff departures and inflationary pressure on replacement personnel. Most assets were sold in June.

**IMAC Regeneration Center of St. Louis, LLC.** In October 2023, the assets of the St Louis location were sold and the lease was assumed by JWB Healthcare, LLC.

**Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic Regeneration Center PSC.** In October 2023, the assets of the Murray location were sold and the lease was assumed by two former employees. In November 2023, the assets were sold and the lease was assumed by The Regenerative Center.

**BackSpace.** In February 2023, the Company sold The BackSpace, LLC to Curis Express, LLC. This sale eliminated IMAC Holdings, Inc. retail chiropractic division. In addition, the deal included all associated real estate leases and the rights to certain future potential expansion locations.

### **Corporate Information and Incorporation**

The first IMAC Regeneration Center was organized in August 2000 as a Kentucky professional service corporation. That center was the forerunner to our business through 2023. Matthew C. Wallis, DC and Jason Brame, DC, together with Jeffrey S. Ervin, became the founding members of IMAC Holdings, LLC, a Kentucky limited liability company organized in March 2015, to expand our management team to support our clinical expansion while meeting the requirements of state healthcare practice guidelines and ownership laws.

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of IMAC Holdings, Inc. and the following entities which are consolidated due to direct ownership of a controlling voting interest or other rights granted to us as the sole general partner or managing member of the entity: IMAC Regeneration Center of St. Louis, LLC (“IMAC St. Louis”), IMAC Management Services, LLC (“IMAC Management”), IMAC Regeneration Management, LLC (“IMAC Texas”), IMAC Regeneration Management of Nashville, LLC (“IMAC Nashville”), IMAC Management of Illinois, LLC (“IMAC Illinois”), Advantage Hand Therapy and Orthopedic Rehabilitation, LLC (“Advantage Therapy”), IMAC Management of Florida, LLC (“IMAC Florida”), Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab (“IMAC Louisiana”) and The Back Space, LLC (“BackSpace”); the following entity which is consolidated with IMAC Regeneration Management of Nashville, LLC due to control by contract: IMAC Regeneration Center of Nashville, PC (“IMAC Nashville PC”); the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Management of Illinois, LLC due to control by contract: Progressive Health and Rehabilitation, Ltd., Illinois Spine and Disc Institute, Ltd. and Ricardo Knight, P.C.; the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Management Services, LLC due to control by contract: Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic Regeneration Center PSC (Kentucky PC) and IMAC Medical of Kentucky, PSC (Kentucky PSC); the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Florida due to control by contract: Willmitch Chiropractic, P.A. and IMAC Medical of Florida, P.A.; the following entity which is consolidated with Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab due to control by contract: IMAC Medical of Louisiana, a Medical Corporation; and the following entities which are consolidated with BackSpace due to control by contract: ChiroMart LLC, ChiroMart Florida LLC, and ChiroMart Missouri LLC.

Effective June 1, 2018, IMAC Holdings converted into a Delaware corporation and we changed our name to IMAC Holdings, Inc., which is referred to herein as the Corporate Conversion. In conjunction with the conversion, all of our outstanding membership interests were exchanged on a proportional basis into shares of common stock.

Our principal executive offices are located at 3401 Mallory Lane, Suite 100, Franklin, Tennessee, 37067 and our telephone number is (844) 266-IMAC (4622). We maintain a corporate website at [imacholdings.com](http://imacholdings.com).

## Available Information

We file electronically with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and current reports on Form 8-K pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”). The public may read and copy any materials filed by us with the SEC at the SEC’s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the SEC’s Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site ([www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov)), which contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports are available free of charge on our website at <https://imacregeneration.com> as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. Such reports will remain available on our website for at least 12 months and are also available free of charge by written request or by contacting us at 844-266-4622.

The contents of our website or any other website are not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

*In addition to the information set forth at the beginning of this Form 10-K entitled “Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements,” you should consider that there are numerous and varied risks, known and unknown, that may prevent us from achieving our goals. If any of these risks actually occur, our business, financial condition or results of operation may be materially and adversely affected. In such case, the trading price of our securities could decline and investors could lose all or part of their investment. These risk factors may not identify all risks that we face and our operations could also be affected by factors that are not presently known to us or that we currently consider to be immaterial to our operations.*

### **Risks Relating to Our Company, Business and Industry**

*We recorded a net loss for the year ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and there can be no assurance that our future operations will result in net income; we received a going concern qualification.*

For the year ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we had net revenue from discontinued operations of approximately \$5,197,000 and \$16,186,000, respectively, and we had net loss of approximately \$9,419,000 and \$18,313,000, respectively. There can be no assurance that our future operations will result in net income. Our failure to increase our revenues or improve our gross margins will harm our business. We may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. If our revenues grow more slowly than we anticipate, our gross margins fail to improve or our operating expenses exceed our expectations, our operating results will suffer. The fee we charge for our management services may decrease, which would reduce our revenues and harm our business. If we are unable to sell our services at acceptable prices relative to our costs, or if we fail to develop and introduce new services on a timely basis and services from which we can derive additional revenues, our financial results will suffer.

As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from, and net cash used in, operations and has a net capital deficiency, and has discontinued its operations, which raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. We expect to incur losses this year and may never achieve or maintain profitability. Our future success depends on our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, and changes in management may negatively affect our business. We have a need for additional funding. If we are unable to raise capital when needed, we could be forced to delay, reduce, or eliminate our development. We may form or seek strategic alliances in the future, and we may not realize the benefits of such alliances.

Further, because of our small size and limited operating history, our company is particularly susceptible to adverse effects from changes in the law, economic conditions, consumer tastes, competition and other contingencies or events beyond our control. It may be more difficult for us to prepare for and respond to these types of risks than it would be for a company with an established business and operating cash flow. Due to changing circumstances or an inability to implement any portion of our growth strategy, we may be forced to dramatically change our planned operations.

***Our independent registered public accounting firm has indicated that our financial condition raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern.***

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue to operate as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. However, our independent registered public accounting firm has included in its audit opinion for the year ended December 31, 2023 a statement that there is substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern as a result of continued losses and financial condition at December 31, 2023, unless we are able to obtain additional financing or enter into strategic alliances. The reaction of investors to the inclusion of a going concern statement by our auditors, our current lack of cash resources and our potential inability to continue as a going concern may adversely affect our share price and our ability to raise new capital or enter into strategic alliances. If we become unable to obtain additional capital and to continue as a going concern, we may have to liquidate our assets and the values we receive for our assets in liquidation or dissolution could be significantly lower than the values reflected in our financial statements.

***Our management has identified material weaknesses in our internal controls over our financial reporting.***

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective because of certain material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. The material weaknesses relates to the absence of in-house accounting personnel with the ability to properly account for complex transactions and the lack of separation of duties between accounting and other functions.



We anticipate expanding our accounting functions with dedicated staff and improving our internal accounting procedures and separation of duties when we can absorb the costs of such expansion and improvement with additional capital resources. In the meantime, management will continue to observe and assess our internal accounting function and make necessary improvements whenever they may be required. If our remedial measures are insufficient to address the material weakness, or if additional material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting are discovered or occur in the future, our consolidated financial statements may contain material misstatements, and we could be required to restate our financial results. In addition, if we are unable to successfully remediate this material weakness and if we are unable to produce accurate and timely financial statements, our stock price may be adversely affected and we may be unable to maintain compliance with applicable stock exchange listing requirements.

***Global health threats have adversely affected, and may continue to adversely affect, our business.***

Our business could be adversely affected by the effects of a widespread outbreak of contagious disease, such as the outbreak of COVID-19. The public health crisis caused by the COVID-19 pandemic and the measures that were taken or that may be taken in the future by governments, businesses, including us, and the public at large to mitigate the spread of a virus or other infectious agent have had, and we expect will continue to have, a materially negative effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. In addition, economic uncertainty associated with the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in volatility in the global capital and credit markets which may impair our ability to access these markets on terms commercially acceptable to us, or at all.

***We may fail completely to implement key elements of our growth and expansion strategy, which could adversely affect our operations and financial performance.***

If we cannot implement one or more key elements of our growth and expansion strategy, including raising sufficient capital, hiring and retaining qualified staff, leasing and developing acceptable premises for our medical clinics, securing necessary service contracts on favorable or adequate terms, generating sufficient revenue and achieving numerous other objectives, our projected financial performance may be materially adversely affected. Even if all of the key elements of our growth and expansion strategy are successfully implemented, we may not achieve the favorable results, operations and financial performance that we anticipate.

***We may be unable to obtain financing on acceptable terms, or at all, which could materially adversely affect our operations and ability to successfully implement our growth and expansion strategy.***

Our growth strategy relies on obtaining sufficient financing, including one or more equipment lines to purchase medical and office equipment and one or more lines of credit for operating and related expenses. We may not be able to obtain financing on acceptable terms or in the amount anticipated by our growth and expansion strategy. If unable to secure the amount of financing anticipated by our growth and expansion strategy, we may be unable to implement one or more portions of our growth and expansion strategy. If we accept less favorable terms for our financing than anticipated, we may incur additional expenses and restrictions on operations and may be less liquid and less profitable than expected. Should either of these events occur, we could suffer material adverse effects to our ability to implement our growth and expansion strategy and operate successfully.

We may seek additional funding through a combination of equity offerings, debt financing, government or third-party funding, commercialization, marketing and distribution arrangements and other collaborations, strategic alliances and licensing arrangements. Additional funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. In addition, the terms of any financing may adversely affect the holdings or rights of the stockholders. Any new equity securities we issue could have rights, preferences, and privileges superior to those of holders of our existing capital stock. In addition, the issuance of additional shares by us, or the possibility of such issuance, may cause the market price of our shares to decline. Any debt financing secured by us in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to our capital-raising activities and other financial and operational matter, which may make it more difficult for us to obtain additional capital and the pursue business opportunities.

If we are unable to obtain funding on a timely basis, we may be required to significantly curtail one or more of our efforts, our ability to support our business growth and to respond to business challenges could be significantly limited, and we could be forced to halt operations. Accordingly, our business may fail, in which case you would lose the entire amount of your investment in our securities.

***Our business may be limited if we do not maintain or gain required regulatory approvals, especially if our business combination with Theralink is consummated.***

The business of Theralink, which we anticipate acquiring upon the consummation of a business combination with Theralink, may be subject to extensive regulation by numerous state and federal governmental authorities in the United States and potentially by foreign regulatory authorities, with regulations differing from country to country.

Obtaining regulatory approval for marketing of a technology candidate in one country does not assure we will be able to obtain regulatory approval in other countries. However, a failure or delay in obtaining regulatory approval in one country may have a negative effect on the regulatory process in other countries.

In general, the FDA and equivalent other country authorities require labeling, advertising and promotional materials to be truthful and not misleading and marketed only for the approved indications and in accordance with the provisions of the approved label. If the FDA or other regulatory authorities were to challenge our promotional materials or activities, they may bring enforcement action.

Regulatory authorities could also add new regulations or reform existing regulations at any time, which could affect our ability to obtain or maintain approval of our technology. Theralink's business is based on a novel technology. As a result, regulatory agencies lack experience with it, which may lengthen the regulatory review process, increase our development costs and delay or prevent commercialization of Theralink's business outside of the United States. We are unable to predict when and whether any changes to regulatory policy affecting this business could occur, and such changes could have a material adverse impact on the business. If regulatory authorities determine that Theralink or we have not complied with regulations in the research and development of the predictive biomarkers that constitute, in large part, Theralink's business, they may not approve the technology candidate and we would not be able to market and sell it. If we were unable to market and sell the technology candidate, our business and results of operations would be materially and adversely affected.

***Consummation of our business combination with Theralink will depend on the assignment to us of certain licenses.***

In order to combine our business with that of Theralink, or otherwise acquire or acquire rights to Theralink's business, we will need Theralink's licenses from George Mason University, the National Institutes of Health and Vanderbilt University to be assigned to us. If we are unable to obtain such assignments, the anticipated future business will be harmed and our future operating results and financial condition would be harmed.

***The loss of the services of our executive officers for any reason would materially and adversely affect our business operations and prospects.***

Our financial success is dependent to a significant degree upon the efforts of Jeffrey S. Ervin, our Chief Executive Officer, and Sheri F. Gardzina, our Chief Financial Officer. A voluntary or involuntary departure by Mr. Ervin and/or Mrs. Gardzina could have a materially adverse effect on our business operations if we were not able to attract a qualified replacement for him in a timely manner. We do not have a key-man life insurance policy for our benefit on the life of either Mr. Ervin or Mrs. Gardzina.

***We will depend heavily on the efforts of our key personnel.***

Our success depends, to a significant extent, upon the efforts and abilities of our officers and key employees. Loss or abatement of the services of any of these persons, could have a material adverse effect on us and our business, operations and financial performance.

Our success also will depend on our ability to identify, attract, hire, train and motivate highly skilled managerial personnel. Failure to attract and retain key personnel could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operation. Further, the quality, philosophy and performance of key personnel could adversely affect our operations and performance.

***Our prospective revenues will be diminished if payors do not adequately cover or reimburse our services.***

There has been and will continue to be significant efforts by both federal and state agencies to reduce costs in government healthcare programs and otherwise implement government control of healthcare costs. In addition, private payors continually seek ways to reduce and control overall healthcare costs. An increasing emphasis on managed care in the United States will continue to put pressure on the pricing of healthcare services. Uncertainty exists as to the coverage and reimbursement status of new applications and services. Third-party payors, including governmental payors such as Medicare and private payors, are scrutinizing new medical products and services and may not cover or may limit coverage and the level of reimbursement for our services. Third-party insurance coverage may not be available to patients for any of our existing service candidates or for tests we discover and develop, and a substantial portion of the testing for which we bill our hospital and laboratory clients may ultimately be paid by third-party payers. Likewise, any pricing pressure exerted by these third-party payers on our clients may, in turn, be exerted by our clients on us. If the government and other third-party payers do not provide adequate coverage and reimbursement for our tests, it could adversely affect our operating results, cash flow and our financial condition.

***We are competing in a dynamic market with risk of technological change.***

Our business is characterized by frequent technological developments and innovations, new product and service introductions, and evolving industry standards. The dynamic character of these products and services will require us to effectively use leading and new technologies, develop our expertise and reputation, enhance our current service offerings and continue to improve the effectiveness, feasibility and consistency of our services. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in responding quickly, cost-effectively and sufficiently to these and other such developments.

***We are susceptible to risks relating to investigation or audit by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (“CMS”), health insurance providers and the IRS.***

We may be audited by CMS or any health insurance provider that pays us for services provided to patients. Any such audit may result in reclaimed payments, which would decrease our revenue and adversely affect our financial performance. Our federal tax returns may be audited by the IRS and our state tax returns may be audited by applicable state government authorities. Any such audit may result in the challenge and disallowance of some of our deductions or an increase in our taxable income. We are currently involved in certain such ongoing audits based on our previous regenerative medicine business. No assurance can be made with regard to the deductibility of certain tax items or the position taken by us on our tax returns. Further, an audit or any litigation resulting from an audit could unexpectedly increase our expenses and adversely affect financial performance and operations.

***We are subject to the possible repayment of claimed CMS overpayments, but we cannot predict the outcome.***

The Company has received several notifications from Covent Bridge Group (“Covent”), a CMS contractor, throughout 2021 and 2022 that Covent has recommended to CMS that the Company was overpaid for services provided to Covent. The amounts initially claimed are statistical extrapolations, and the Company has in each instance internally audited such payments received and initiated the appropriate appeals processes. The appeals process may result in lower overpayment amounts, or no overpayment amounts being due, but in each instance such appeals process is ongoing.

On December 9, 2022, the Company received a suspension of payment notification from Covent for IMAC Regeneration Center of Kentucky. On December 22, 2022, the Company responded to the payment suspension with a Rebuttal of Notice. The suspension of payment will remain in effect until the Rebuttal of Notice is answered. Neither CMS nor Covent has responded to the Company regarding the records. As of December 31, 2023, the payment suspension resulted in a recoupment balance of approximately \$90,000 of Medicare accounts receivable which had been fully reserved.

***We rely on Contract Research Organizations (“CROs”) to conduct our preclinical studies and clinical trials. If these third parties do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or meet expected deadlines, we may be delayed in completing this phase of any clinical trial.***

In connection with the clinical trials we have engaged in, and any future clinical trials we may engage in, we have relied, and will continue to rely, on CROs for the execution of our preclinical and clinical studies and to monitor and manage data for our clinical programs. We control only certain aspects of our CROs’ activities, but our reliance on CROs does not relieve us from our responsibility for ensuring that each of our studies is conducted in accordance with the applicable protocol and legal, regulatory and scientific standards. We and our CROs are required to comply with the FDA’s regulations, which are generally enforced through periodic inspections of trial sponsors, principal investigators and clinical trial sites. If we or our CROs fail to comply with applicable good clinical practices (“GCPs”), the clinical data generated in our clinical trials may be deemed unreliable, and the FDA (or comparable regulatory authorities) may require us to perform additional clinical trials before approving our product candidates. We cannot assure you that, upon inspection, the FDA (or comparable regulatory authorities) will determine that any of our clinical trials comply with GCPs. Our financial results and the commercial prospects for the clinical trial would be harmed, our costs could increase and our ability to generate revenues could be delayed or ended. Switching or adding additional CROs or other clinical study management organizations involves additional cost and requires management time and focus. As a result, delays could occur, which could compromise our ability to meet our desired development timelines.

***We have no experience as a company in bringing a drug to regulatory approval.***

As a company, we have never obtained regulatory approval for, or commercialized, a drug or biologic. It is possible that the FDA may refuse to accept any or all of our planned Biologics License Applications (“BLAs”) for substantive review or may conclude after review of our data that any such application is insufficient to obtain regulatory approval of any product candidate. If the FDA does not accept or approve any or all of our planned BLAs, it may require that we conduct additional preclinical, clinical or manufacturing validation studies, which may be costly, and submit that data before it will reconsider our applications. Depending on the extent of these or any other FDA required studies, approval of any BLA or application that we submit may be significantly delayed, possibly for several years, or may require us to expend more resources than we have available.

We may be subject, directly or indirectly, to foreign, federal and state healthcare laws, including applicable anti-kickback, fraud and abuse and other healthcare laws and regulations, which could expose us to criminal sanctions, civil penalties, contractual damages, reputational harm and diminished profits and future earnings.

Healthcare providers, physicians and third-party payors play a primary role in the recommendation and prescription of any product candidates for which we obtain marketing approval. Our business operations and current and future arrangements with third-party payors, healthcare providers and customers may expose us to broadly applicable fraud and abuse and other healthcare laws and regulations that may constrain the business or financial arrangements and relationships through which we research, develop, market, sell and distribute our products for which we obtain marketing approval. Restrictions under applicable federal and state healthcare laws and regulations include the federal healthcare Anti-Kickback Statute, the federal False Claims Act, HIPAA, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, the federal false statements statute, the federal transparency requirements under the ACA, and analogous state laws and regulations.

Efforts to ensure that our business arrangements with third parties will comply with applicable healthcare laws and regulations will involve substantial costs. It is possible that governmental authorities will conclude that our business practices may not comply with current or future statutes, regulations or case law involving applicable fraud and abuse or other healthcare laws and regulations. If our operations are found to be in violation of any of these laws or any other governmental regulations that may apply to us, we may be subject to significant civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, fines, exclusion from government funded healthcare programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid, additional reporting obligations and oversight if we become subject to a corporate integrity agreement or other agreement to resolve allegations of non-compliance with these laws, imprisonment and the curtailment or restructuring of our operations. Further, defending against any such actions, even if successful, can be costly, time-consuming and may require significant personnel resources. If any of the physicians or other providers or entities with whom we expect to do business are found to be not in compliance with applicable laws, they may be subject to criminal, civil or administrative sanctions, including exclusions from government funded healthcare programs.

***Any significant disruption in our computer systems or those of third parties that we utilize in our operations could result in a loss or degradation of service and could adversely impact our business.***

Our reputation and ability to attract, retain and serve customers is dependent upon the reliable performance of our computer systems and those of third parties that we utilize in our operations. We utilize our own communications and computer hardware systems located either in our facilities or in that of a third-party data center. In addition, we utilize third-party internet-based or “cloud” computing services in connection with our business operations. We also utilize third-party content delivery networks to help us stream content to our customers and other parties over the internet. Problems faced by us or our service providers, including technological or business-related disruptions, due to earthquakes, adverse weather conditions, other natural disasters, terrorist attacks, power loss, telecommunications failures, computer viruses, computer denial of service attacks, computer viruses, physical or electronic break-ins and similar disruptions and periodically experience directed attacks intended to lead to interruptions and delays in our service and operations as well as loss, misuse or theft of data, could adversely impact the experience of our customers. Any attempt by hackers to disrupt our service or otherwise access our systems, if successful, could harm our business, be expensive to remedy and damage our reputation. Efforts to prevent hackers from disrupting our service or otherwise accessing our systems are expensive to implement and may limit the functionality of or otherwise negatively impact our service offering and systems. Any significant disruption to our service or access to our systems could result in a loss of customers and adversely affect our business and results of operation.

During the normal course of business, we may choose to pursue services with a different third-party vendor or pursue a change in systems which could result in interruptions and delays in our service and operations as well as loss, misuse, or theft of data. We have implemented systems and processes to mitigate these risks and, to date, have not experienced a material impact on our services or systems due to change in systems or third-party. However, this is no assurance that a change in systems or services used by us or a change in third-party vendors may not have a material impact in the future. Any significant disruption to our service or access to our systems could result in a loss of customers and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

***Our reputation and relationships with customers would be harmed if our customers' data, particularly personally identifying data, were to be subject to a cyber-attack or otherwise accessed by unauthorized persons.***

We maintain personal data regarding our customers, including their names and other information. With respect to personally identifying data, we rely on licensed encryption and authentication technology to secure such information. We also take measures to protect against unauthorized intrusion into our customers' data. Despite these measures, we could experience, though we have not to date experienced, a cyber-attack or other unauthorized intrusion into our customers' data. Our security measures could also be breached due to employee error, malfeasance, system errors or vulnerabilities, or otherwise. In the event our security measures are breached, or if our services are subject to attacks that impair or deny the ability of customers to access our services, current and potential customers may become unwilling to provide us the information necessary for them to become users of our services or may curtail or stop using our services. In addition, we could face legal claims for such a breach. The costs relating to any data breach could be material and exceed the limits of the insurance we maintain against the risks of a data breach. For these reasons, should an unauthorized intrusion into our customers' data occur, our business could be adversely affected. Changes to operating rules could increase our operating expenses and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

***We are an "emerging growth company" and cannot be certain if the reduced disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies will make our common stock less attractive to investors.***

The JOBS Act permits "emerging growth companies" like us to rely on some of the reduced disclosure requirements that are already available to smaller reporting companies, which are companies that have a non-affiliate public float of less than \$75 million. As long as we qualify as an emerging growth company or a smaller reporting company, we would be permitted to omit the auditor's attestation on internal control over financial reporting that would otherwise be required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, as described above and are also exempt from the requirement to submit "say-on-pay", "say-on-pay frequency" and "say-on-parachute" votes to our stockholders and may avail ourselves of reduced executive compensation disclosure that is already available to smaller reporting companies.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the exemption from complying with new or revised accounting standards provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act as long as we are an emerging growth company. An emerging growth company can therefore delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to take advantage of the benefits of this until we are no longer an emerging growth company or until we affirmatively and irrevocably opt out of this exemption. Our financial statements may therefore not be comparable to those of companies that comply with such new or revised accounting standards. In addition, the JOBS Act permits an emerging growth company to “test the waters” by communicating orally or in writing with qualified institutional buyers or other accredited investors to gauge interest in a contemplated securities offering, even if a registration statement has not yet been filed, and permits analysts to publish research reports about an emerging growth company that is going public even if the analyst’s firm is one of the underwriters in the issuer’s IPO. We have not provided any of such information to any qualified institutional buyers or other accredited investors, and we are not aware of any research reports about us being published by analysts.

We may take advantage of these reporting exemptions until we are no longer an emerging growth company. We will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (1) the last day of the fiscal year (a) following the fifth anniversary of the date of the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement, (b) in which we have total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.0 billion, or (c) in which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which means the market value of our common stock that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the prior June 30th, and (2) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt during the prior three-year period. Until such time, however, we cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive because we may rely on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and our stock price may be more volatile and could cause our stock price to decline.

***Our ability to utilize our net operating loss carryforwards and certain other tax attributes may be limited.***

We may experience ownership changes in the future as a result of subsequent shifts in our stock ownership. Thus, our ability to utilize carryforwards of our net operating losses and other tax attributes to reduce future tax liabilities may be substantially restricted. Further, U.S. tax laws limit the time during which these carryforwards may be applied against future taxes. Therefore, we may not be able to take full advantage of these carryforwards for federal or state tax purposes. As of December 31, 2023, we had federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$45.3 million and \$46.6 million, respectively.



## Risks Relating to Ownership of Our Common Stock

### *Our stock price is volatile and an investment could decline in value.*

The market price of our common stock fluctuates substantially as a result of many factors, some of which are beyond our control. During the 52-week period prior to the filing of this Annual Report, the market price of our common stock ranged from a low of \$1.22 per share to a high of \$10.62 per share, and as of April 11, 2024, was \$3.27 per share. These fluctuations could cause you to lose all or part of the value of your investment in our common stock and/or warrants. Factors that could cause fluctuations in the market price of our common stock include the following:

- quarterly variations in our results of operations;
- results of operations that vary from the expectations of securities analysts and investors;
- results of operations that vary from those of our competitors;
- changes in expectations as to our future financial performance, including financial estimates by securities analysts;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions or capital commitments;
- announcements by third parties of significant claims or proceedings against us;
- significant future sales of our common stock;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- the realization of any of the other risk factors presented in this prospectus; and
- general economic, market and currency factors and conditions unrelated to our performance.

In addition, the stock market in general has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to operating performance of individual companies. These broad market factors may seriously harm the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been instituted. A class action suit against us could result in significant liabilities and, regardless of the outcome, could result in substantial costs and the diversion of our management's attention and resources.

### *We may not be able to maintain the listing of our Common Stock on Nasdaq, which may adversely affect the flexibility of holders of Common Stock to resell their securities in the secondary market.*

On May 31, 2023, the Company received notice from Nasdaq that the Company has failed to maintain a required minimum of \$2,500,000 in stockholders' equity for continued listing, as required under Listing Rule 5550(b)(1) (the "Minimum Equity Rule"). On August 3, 2023, the Company submitted a plan to Nasdaq to grant the Company an extension of time until November 27, 2023 to provide evidence of compliance with the Minimum Equity Rule, and by filing this Current Report on Form 8-K, which includes (1) disclosure of Nasdaq's deficiency letter and the specific deficiency or deficiencies cited; (2) a description of the completed transaction or event that enabled the Company to satisfy the stockholders' equity requirement for continued listing; (3) an affirmative statement that, as of the date of the report, the Company believes it has regained compliance with the stockholders' equity requirement based upon the specific transaction or event referenced in item (2) above; and (4) a disclosure stating that Nasdaq will continue to monitor the Company's ongoing compliance with the stockholders' equity requirement and, if at the time of its next periodic report the Company does not evidence compliance, that it may be subject to delisting. The Company attended a Nasdaq Listing Hearing on February 20, 2024. Nasdaq agreed to extend the Company's listing based on specific conditions for continued listing. If the Company is unable to meet the continued listing criteria of Nasdaq and the Common Stock became delisted, trading of the Common Stock could thereafter be conducted in the over-the-counter markets in the OTC Pink, also known as "pink sheets" or, if available, on another OTC trading platform. Any such delisting could harm our ability to raise capital through alternative financing sources on terms acceptable to us, or at all, and may result in the loss of confidence in our financial stability by suppliers, customers and employees. Investors would likely find it more difficult to dispose of, or to obtain accurate market quotations for, the Common Stock, as the liquidity that Nasdaq provides would no longer be available to investors. In addition, the failure of our Common Stock to continue to be listed on the Nasdaq could adversely impact the market price for the Common Stock and our other securities, and we could face a lengthy process to re-list the Common Stock, if we are able to re-list the Common Stock.

***If securities or industry analysts do not publish or cease publishing research or reports about us, our business or our market, or if they change their recommendations regarding our stock adversely, or if our actual results differ significantly from our guidance, our stock price and trading volume could decline.***

The trading market for our common stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts may publish about us, our business, our market or our competitors. If any of the analysts who may cover us change their recommendation regarding our stock adversely, or provide more favorable relative recommendations about our competitors, our stock price would likely decline. If any analyst who may cover us were to cease coverage of our company or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our stock price or trading volume to decline.

In addition, from time to time, we may release earnings guidance or other forward-looking statements in our earnings releases, earnings conference calls or otherwise regarding our future performance that represent our management's estimates as of the date of release. Some or all of the assumptions of any future guidance that we furnish may not materialize or may vary significantly from actual future results. Any failure to meet guidance or analysts' expectations could have a material adverse effect on the trading price or volume of our stock.

***Anti-takeover provisions in our charter documents could discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company and may affect the trading price of our common stock.***

Our corporate documents and the Delaware General Corporation Law contain provisions that may enable our board of directors to resist a change in control of our company even if a change in control were to be considered favorable by you and other stockholders. These provisions:

- authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that could be issued by our board of directors to help defend against a takeover attempt;
- establish advance notice requirements for nominating directors and proposing matters to be voted on by stockholders at stockholder meetings;
- provide that stockholders are only entitled to call a special meeting upon written request by 33<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the outstanding common stock; and
- require supermajority stockholder voting to effect certain amendments to our certificate of incorporation and bylaws.

In addition, Delaware law prohibits large stockholders, in particular those owning 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock, from merging or consolidating with us except under certain circumstances. These provisions and other provisions under Delaware law could discourage, delay or prevent a transaction involving a change in control of our company. These provisions could also discourage proxy contests and make it more difficult for you and other stockholders to elect directors of your choosing and cause us to take other corporate actions you desire.

***Our issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect holders of Common Stock.***

Our Board of Directors is authorized to issue series of preferred stock without any action on the part of our holders of Common Stock, known as “blank check” preferred stock. Our Board of Directors also has the power, without stockholder approval, to set the terms of any such series of preferred stock that may be issued, including voting rights, dividend rights, preferences over our Common Stock with respect to dividends or if we liquidate, dissolve or wind up our business and other terms. If we issue preferred stock in the future that has preference over our Common Stock with respect to the payment of dividends or upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or if we issue preferred stock with voting rights that dilute the voting power of our Common Stock, the rights of holders of our Common Stock or the price of our Common Stock could be adversely affected. In particular, we have outstanding 4,750 shares of Series C-1 Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series C-1 Preferred Stock”) and 1,276 shares of Series C-2 Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series C-1 Preferred Stock” and, together with the Series C-1 Preferred Stock, the “Series C Preferred Stock”). Holders of Series C Preferred Stock have rights that are senior to holders of our Common Stock, including liquidation, dividend and other rights. The shares of Series C Preferred Stock are convertible into an aggregate of approximately 2,352,988 shares of our Common Stock at a conversion price of \$2.561 per share, subject to adjustment. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

***There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could impact the completion of the IMAC Merger with Theralink.***

The Merger is structured as a stock for stock reverse merger whereby all of Theralink’s outstanding equity interests are to be exchanged for shares of IMAC common stock. Theralink stakeholders are expected to own approximately 85% of the combined company, and pre-merger IMAC equity holders are expected to own approximately 15% of the combined company, on a fully diluted basis calculated using the treasury stock method, subject to certain adjustments provided for in the Merger Agreement. The boards of directors of both companies have unanimously approved the Merger Agreement. However, there can be no guarantee of the dilutive impact to shareholders prior to or as part of the Merger process. Additionally, there is a risk that cost savings, synergies and growth from the proposed Merger may not be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected; the possibility that shareholders of IMAC may not approve the issuance of new shares of IMAC common stock in the proposed Merger or that shareholders of IMAC may not approve the proposed Merger; the risk that a condition to closing of the proposed Merger may not be satisfied, that either party may terminate the Merger Agreement or that the closing of the proposed Merger might be delayed or not occur at all; potential adverse reactions or changes to business or employee relationships, including those resulting from the announcement or completion of the proposed Merger; the occurrence of any other event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to the termination of the Merger Agreement relating to the proposed Merger; the risk that changes in IMAC’s capital structure and governance could have adverse effects on the market value of its securities and its ability to access the capital markets; the ability of IMAC to retain its Nasdaq listing; the ability of Theralink to retain customers and retain and hire key personnel and maintain relationships with their suppliers and customers and on Theralink’s operating results and business generally; the risk the proposed Merger could distract management from ongoing business operations or cause IMAC and/or Theralink to incur substantial costs; the risk that Theralink may be unable to reduce expenses; the impact of any related economic downturn; the risk of changes in regulations effecting the healthcare industry; and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. All such factors are difficult to predict and may be beyond IMAC’s or Theralink’s control.

In furtherance of the proposed business combination with Theralink, on April 12, 2024 we entered into a credit agreement, secured by the assets of Theralink and its subsidiaries, pursuant to which Theralink may borrow from the Company up to an aggregate of \$1,000,000 with an initial borrowing of \$350,000. While we remain committed to acquiring the business of Theralink, we continue to evaluate all options with respect to the structuring of the business combination, including the Merger and other alternatives to acquire the assets of Theralink. We cannot give any assurance that the business combination or acquisition of assets will be consummated in accordance with the previously disclosed terms, as opposed to other alternative structures. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

***We do not expect to pay any dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future.***

We currently expect to retain all future earnings, if any, for future operation, expansion and debt repayment and have no current plans to pay any cash dividends to holders of our common stock for the foreseeable future. Any decision to declare and pay dividends in the future will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, among other things, our operating results, financial condition, cash requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant. In addition, we must comply with the covenants in our credit agreements in order to be able to pay cash dividends, and our ability to pay dividends generally may be further limited by covenants of any future outstanding indebtedness we or our subsidiaries incur. As a result, you may not receive any return on an investment in our common stock unless you sell our common stock for a price greater than that which you paid for it.

***We may issue additional shares of common stock, warrants or other securities to finance our growth.***

We may finance the business development or generate additional working capital through additional equity financing. Therefore, subject to the rules of the Nasdaq, we may issue additional shares of our common stock, warrants and other equity securities of equal or senior rank, with or without stockholder approval, in a number of circumstances from time to time. The issuance by us of shares of our common stock, warrants or other equity securities of equal or senior rank will have the following effects:

- the proportionate ownership interest in us held by our existing stockholders will decrease;
- the relative voting strength of each previously outstanding share of common stock may be diminished; and
- the market price of our common stock may decline.

In addition, if we issue shares of our common stock and/or warrants in a future offering (or, in the case of our common stock, the exercise of outstanding warrants to purchase our common stock), it could be dilutive to our security holders.

***There can be no assurance that we will ever provide liquidity to our investors through a sale of our company.***

While acquisitions of healthcare companies like ours are not uncommon, potential investors are cautioned that no assurances can be given that any form of merger, combination, or sale of our company will take place, or that any merger, combination, or sale, even if consummated, would provide liquidity or a profit for our investors. You should not invest in our company with the expectation that we will be able to sell the business in order to provide liquidity or a profit for our investors.

***We have broad discretion in the use of the net proceeds from our public and private offerings and may not use them effectively.***

Our management has broad discretion in the application of the net proceeds from our public and private offerings and could spend the proceeds in ways that do not enhance the value of our common stock. Because of the number and variability of factors that will determine our use of the net proceeds from our completed offerings, their ultimate use may vary substantially from their currently intended use. The failure by our management to apply these funds effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business. Pending their use, we may invest the net proceeds from the offerings in a manner that does not produce income or that loses value. If we do not apply or invest the net proceeds from the offerings in ways that enhance stockholder value, we may fail to achieve expected financial results, which could cause the price of our securities to decline.

#### **ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

None.

#### **ITEM 1C. CYBERSECURITY**

##### **Risk Management and Strategy Disclosure.**

We have established processes for assessing, identifying, and managing material risk from cybersecurity threats, and have integrated these processes into our overall risk management systems and processes. We routinely assess material risks from cybersecurity threats, including any potential unauthorized occurrence on or conducted through our information systems that may result in adverse effects on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of our information systems or any information residing therein.

We conduct periodic risk assessments to identify cybersecurity threats, as well as assessments in the event of a material change in our business practices that may affect information systems that are vulnerable to such cybersecurity threats. These risk assessments include identification of reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks, the likelihood and potential damage that could result from such risks, and the sufficiency of existing procedures, systems, and safeguards in place to manage such risks.

Following these risk assessments, we re-design, implement, and maintain reasonable safeguards to minimize identified risks; reasonably address any identified gaps in existing safeguards; and regularly monitor the effectiveness of our safeguards. Primary responsibility for assessing, monitoring and managing our cybersecurity risks rests with an IT consultant who reports to our Chief Executive Officer, to manage the risk assessment and mitigation process.

As part of our overall risk management system, we monitor and test our safeguards and train our employees on these safeguards, in collaboration with IT and management. Personnel at all levels and departments are made aware of our cybersecurity processes through trainings.

We engage consultants, or other third parties in connection with our risk assessment processes. These service providers assist us to design and implement our cybersecurity procedures, as well as to monitor and test our safeguards. We require each third-party service provider to certify that it has the ability to implement and maintain appropriate security measures, consistent with all applicable laws, to implement and maintain reasonable security measures in connection with their work with us, and to promptly report any suspected breach of its security measures that may affect our company.

We have not encountered cybersecurity challenges that have materially impaired our operations or financial standing. For additional information regarding risks from cybersecurity threats, please refer to Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Governance Disclosure.**

Our Board is periodically informed of our risk management process, including risks from cybersecurity threats. Our Board is responsible for monitoring and assessing strategic risk exposure, and our executive officers are responsible for the day-to-day management of the material risks we face.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are primarily responsible to assess and manage our material risks from cybersecurity threats with assistance from third-party service providers.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer oversee our cybersecurity processes, including those described in "Risk Management and Strategy" above. The cybersecurity risk management program includes tools and activities to prevent, detect, and analyze current and emerging cybersecurity threats, and plans and strategies to address threats and incidents.

#### **ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

We manage our business operations from our principal executive office in Franklin, Tennessee. Our executive office lease is on a month-to-month basis. Our total rent expense was \$0.7 million under our office and medical clinic leases for 2023. For more information about our outpatient locations and the terms of their leases, see Item 1, "Business - Our Operations" above.

We believe our present office space are adequate for our current operations.

#### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business, as described below. Litigation is, however, subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any legal proceedings or claims that we believe would or could have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on us. Regardless of final outcomes, however, any such proceedings or claims may nonetheless impose a significant burden on management and employees and may come with costly defense costs or unfavorable preliminary interim rulings.

#### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not applicable.

## PART II

### ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

#### Market Information

In connection with the completion of our initial public offering, our common stock and warrants began trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market on February 13, 2019, under the symbols "IMAC" and "IMACW", respectively. On August 8, 2022, the Company changed its "IMAC" ticker symbol to "BACK". Our warrants expired in February 2024 and are no longer listed for trading.

As of April 16, 2024, there were approximately 36 holders of record of our common stock. We believe that the number of beneficial owners is substantially greater than the number of record holders because a large portion of our common stock is held of record through brokerage firms in "street name."

#### Dividend Policy

Our board of directors will determine our future dividend policy based on our result of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and other circumstances. We have not previously declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. We anticipate that we will retain earnings to support operations and finance the growth of our business. Accordingly, it is not anticipated that any cash dividends will be paid on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

#### Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

See "2018 Incentive Compensation Plan" under Item 11 in Part III of this Annual Report.

### ITEM 6. RESERVED

### ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth previously under the caption "Risk Factors." This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report.*

The results of operations for the periods reflected herein are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for future periods.

References in this MD&A to “we,” “us,” “our,” “our company,” “our business” and “IMAC Holdings” are to IMAC Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation and prior to the Corporate Conversion (defined below), IMAC Holdings, LLC, a Kentucky limited liability company, and the following entities which are consolidated due to direct ownership of a controlling voting interest or other rights granted to us as the sole general partner or managing member of the entity: IMAC Regeneration Center of St. Louis, LLC (“IMAC St. Louis”), IMAC Management Services, LLC (“IMAC Management”), IMAC Regeneration Management, LLC (“IMAC Texas”) IMAC Regeneration Management of Nashville, LLC (“IMAC Nashville”) IMAC Management of Illinois, LLC (“IMAC Illinois”), Advantage Hand Therapy and Orthopedic Rehabilitation, LLC (“Advantage Therapy”), IMAC Management of Florida, LLC (“IMAC Florida”), Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab (“IMAC Louisiana”) and The Back Space, LLC (“BackSpace”); the following entity which is consolidated with IMAC Regeneration Management of Nashville, LLC due to control by contract: IMAC Regeneration Center of Nashville, PC (“IMAC Nashville PC”); the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Management of Illinois, LLC due to control by contract: Progressive Health and Rehabilitation, Ltd., Illinois Spine and Disc Institute, Ltd. and Ricardo Knight, P.C.; the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Management Services, LLC due to control by contract: Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic Regeneration Center PSC (Kentucky PC) and IMAC Medical of Kentucky, PSC (Kentucky PSC) ; the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Florida due to control by contract: Willmitch Chiropractic, P.A. and IMAC Medical of Florida, P.A.; the following entity which is consolidated with Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab due to control by contract: IMAC Medical of Louisiana, a Medical Corporation; and the following entities which are consolidated with BackSpace due to control by contract: ChiroMart LLC, ChiroMart Florida LLC, and ChiroMart Missouri LLC.

## Overview

We were a provider of movement and orthopedic therapies and minimally invasive procedures performed through our regenerative and rehabilitative medical treatments to improve the physical health of our patients at our chain of IMAC Regeneration Centers and BackSpace clinics which we owned or managed. Our outpatient medical clinics provided conservative, minimally invasive medical treatments to help patients with back pain, knee pain, joint pain, ligament and tendon damage, and other related soft tissue conditions. Our licensed healthcare professionals evaluated each patient and provided a custom treatment plan that integrated traditional medical procedures and innovative regenerative medicine procedures in combination with physical medicine. We did not use or offer opioid-based prescriptions as part of our treatment options in order to help our patients avoid the dangers of opioid abuse and addiction. The original IMAC Regeneration Center opened in Kentucky in August 2000 and remained the flagship location of our business, which was formally organized in March 2015 until its asset sale in November 2023. As of December 31, 2023, we have sold or discontinued patient care at all our locations including The BackSpace LLC. The BackSpace operated healthcare centers specializing in chiropractic and spinal care services inside Walmart retail locations.

Given the Company’s current financial position, during 2023 the Company decided to close its underperforming locations and in addition sold its Louisiana Orthopedic practice, The BackSpace, LLC operations and sold physical assets of certain locations in an effort to raise sufficient capital to support on-going operations. Management has been actively exploring various strategic alternatives in an effort to support operations in 2024 and beyond.



We owned our medical clinics directly or had entered into long-term management services agreements to operate and control certain of our medical clinics by contract. Our preference was to own the clinics; however, some state laws restrict the corporate practice of medicine and require a licensed medical practitioner to own the clinic. Accordingly, our managed clinics are owned exclusively by a medical professional within a professional service corporation (formed as a limited liability company or corporation) and are under common control with us in order to comply with state laws regulating the ownership of medical practices. We are compensated under management services agreements through service fees based on the cost of the services provided, plus a specified markup percentage, and a discretionary annual bonus determined in the sole discretion of each professional service corporation.

### **Significant financial metrics**

Our significant financial metrics of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023 are set forth in the bullets below.

- Net loss of \$9.4 million in the year ended 2023 compared to a net loss of \$18.3 million in the year ended 2022.
- The Company incurred \$2,000 in FDA related expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to \$523,000 for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- The Company had one-time expenses of \$1.2 million in impairment loss related to the Company's intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 and a \$2.3 million write-down of a note receivable.

### **Matters that May or Are Currently Affecting Our Business**

We believe that the growth of our business and our future success depend on various opportunities, challenges, trends and other factors, including the following:

- Our ability to obtain additional financing for the projected costs associated with the acquisition and the personnel involved, if and when needed;
- Our ability to attract competent, skilled medical and sales personnel for our operations at acceptable prices to manage our overhead; and
- Our ability to control our operating expenses; our ability to consummate the proposed Theralink Technologies merger and, if consummated, whether it will prove to be beneficial to our Company and stockholders.

On May 23, 2023, IMAC Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (Nasdaq: BACK) (the "Company") entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Theralink Technologies, Inc. (OTC: THER), a Nevada corporation ("Theralink"), and IMAC Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Merger Sub"). Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into Theralink (the "Merger"), with Theralink continuing as the surviving entity (the "Surviving Entity") and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. On May 22, 2023, the board of directors of the Company, and the board of directors of Theralink unanimously approved the Merger Agreement.

At the effective time of the Merger (the “Effective Time”), each share of Theralink’s common stock (“Theralink Common Stock”) and each share of Theralink’s preferred stock (together with the Theralink Common Stock, “Theralink Shares”) issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time will be converted into and will thereafter represent the right to receive a portion of a share of the Company’s common stock (the “Company Shares”) such that the total number of Company Shares issued to the holders of Theralink Shares shall equal 85% of the total number of Company Shares outstanding as of the Effective Time (the “Merger Consideration”).

At the Effective Time, each award of Theralink stock options (each, a “Theralink Stock Option”), whether or not then vested or exercisable, that is outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, will be assumed by the Company and converted into a stock option relating to a number of Company Shares equal to the product of: (i) the number of shares of Theralink Common Stock subject to such Theralink Stock Option; and (ii) the ratio which results from dividing one share of Theralink Common Stock by the portion of a Company Share issuable for such share as finally determined at the Effective Time (the “Exchange Ratio”), at an exercise price per Company Share (rounded up to the nearest whole cent) equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the exercise price per share of Theralink Common Stock of such Theralink Stock Option by (B) the Exchange Ratio.

The Company and Theralink have each agreed, subject to certain exceptions with respect to unsolicited proposals, not to directly or indirectly solicit competing acquisition proposals or to enter into discussions concerning, or provide confidential information in connection with, any unsolicited alternative acquisition proposals. However, if such party receives an unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal that did not result from a material breach of the non-solicitation provisions of the Merger Agreement and the Company’s or Theralink’s board of directors, or any committee thereof, as applicable, concludes, after consultation with its financial advisors and outside legal counsel, that such unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal constitutes, or could reasonably be expected to result in, a superior offer, such party may furnish non-public information regarding it or any of its subsidiaries and engage in discussions and negotiations with such third party in response to such unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal; *provided* that each party provides notice and furnishes any non-public information provided to the maker of the acquisition proposal to each party substantially concurrently with providing such non-public information to the maker of the acquisition proposal.

The completion of the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of customary closing conditions, including: (i) adoption of the Merger Agreement by holders of a majority of the outstanding Theralink Shares; (ii) approval of the issuance of Company Shares in connection with the Merger by a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company’s common stock; (iii) absence of any court order or regulatory injunction prohibiting completion of the Merger; (iv) expiration or termination of (a) all waiting periods under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the “HSR Act”) and (b) any agreement with any governmental entity not to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; (v) effectiveness of the Company’s registration statement on Form S-4 to register the Company Shares to be issued in the Merger; (vi) subject to specified materiality standards, the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the other party; (vii) the authorization for listing of Company Shares to be issued in the Merger on Nasdaq; (viii) compliance by the other party in all material respects with its covenants; and (ix) the completion of satisfactory due diligence by both parties.

The Company and Theralink have each made customary representations and warranties in the Merger Agreement. The Merger Agreement also contains customary covenants and agreements, including covenants and agreements relating to (i) the conduct of each of the Company's and Theralink's business between the date of the signing of the Merger Agreement and the closing date of the Merger and (ii) the efforts of the parties to cause the Merger to be completed, including actions which may be necessary to cause the expiration or termination of any waiting periods under the HSR Act.

In furtherance of the proposed business combination with Theralink, on April 12, 2024 we entered into a credit agreement, secured by the assets of Theralink and its subsidiaries, pursuant to which Theralink may borrow from the Company up to an aggregate of \$1,000,000 with an initial borrowing of \$350,000. While we remain committed to acquiring the business of Theralink, we continue to evaluate all options with respect to the structuring of the business combination, including the Merger and other alternatives to acquire the assets of Theralink. We cannot give any assurance that the business combination or acquisition of assets will be consummated in accordance with the previously disclosed terms, as opposed to other alternative structures. See Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses at the date and for the periods that the consolidated financial statements are prepared. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to insurance adjustments and provisions for doubtful accounts, useful lives of intangibles, property and equipment, and valuation of goodwill. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

We believe that, of the significant accounting policies discussed in our Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the following accounting policies require our most difficult, subjective or complex judgments in the preparation of our financial statements.

#### ***Discontinued Operations***

In accordance with ASC 205-20 "Discontinued Operations" establishes that the disposal or abandonment of a component of an entity or a group of components of an entity should be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. As a result, the Company's component's results of operations have been classified as discontinued operations on a retrospective basis for all periods presented. Accordingly, the results of operations of this component, for all periods, are separately reported as "discontinued operations" on the consolidated statements of operations.

In 2023, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. As of December 31, 2023, all locations had been closed and all assets had been sold. The major classes of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheet are as follows:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Assets</b>		
Accounts receivable, net	\$ -	\$ 2,881,239
Other current assets	1,028	176,265
Property and equipment, net	762	1,579,327
Intangible assets, net	-	1,121,707
Other assets	95,040	3,920,839
Net assets from discontinued operations	<u>\$ 96,830</u>	<u>\$ 9,679,377</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 860,221	\$ 1,134,099
Patient deposits	-	241,666
Other current liabilities	108,088	1,439,571
Other liabilities	344,402	2,716,519
Net liabilities from discontinued operations	<u>\$ 1,312,711</u>	<u>\$ 5,531,855</u>

The following table shows the results of income from discontinued operations:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Patient revenues, net	\$ 5,197,352	\$ 16,186,256
Salaries and benefits	3,271,816	10,387,802
General and administrative	2,344,549	4,815,847
Other expenses	2,524,214	7,464,426
Total costs and expenses	<u>8,140,579</u>	<u>22,668,075</u>
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	<u>\$ (2,943,227)</u>	<u>\$ (6,481,819)</u>

## ***Intangible Assets***

The Company capitalizes the fair value of intangible assets acquired in business combinations. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated economic useful lives, generally the contract term. The Company performs valuations of assets acquired and liabilities assumed on each acquisition accounted for as a business combination and allocates the purchase price of each acquired business to its respective net tangible and intangible assets. Acquired intangible assets include trade names, non-compete agreements, customer relationships and contractual agreements. Intangible assets are subject to annual impairment tests. An impairment loss of \$0.06 million was recorded in January 2023 related to the sale of Louisiana. An impairment loss of \$0.06 million was recorded in February 2023 related to the sale of BackSpace. An impairment loss of \$0.27 million was recorded in April 2023 related to the Illinois asset sale. An impairment loss of \$0.63 million was recorded in October 2023 related to our Kentucky asset sale. An impairment loss of \$0.24 million was recorded in December 2023 related to the Company's investigational new drug. An impairment loss of \$3.8 million was recorded in September 2022 related to our Illinois and Kentucky acquisitions.

## ***Goodwill***

Our goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in business combinations. The goodwill generated from the business combinations is primarily related to the value placed on the employee workforce and expected synergies. Judgment is involved in determining if an indicator or change in circumstances relating to impairment has occurred. Such changes may include, among others, a significant decline in expected future cash flows, a significant adverse change in the business climate, and unforeseen competition.

The goodwill test is performed at least annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The annual impairment test includes an option to perform a qualitative assessment of whether it is more likely than not that a reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying value; the qualitative test may be performed prior to, or as an alternative to, performing a quantitative goodwill impairment test. If, after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, the Company determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, then the Company is required to perform the quantitative goodwill impairment test. Otherwise, no further analysis is required. A goodwill impairment loss of \$0 and \$4.5 million was recorded in December 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## ***Revenue Recognition***

The Company's patient service revenue was derived from non-surgical procedures performed at our outpatient medical clinics. The fees for such services were billed either to the patient or a third-party payer, including Medicare.

The Company recognized service revenues based upon the estimated amounts the Company expects to be entitled to receive from patients and third-party payers. Estimates of contractual adjustments are based upon the payment terms specified in the related contractual agreements. The Company also records estimated implicit price concessions (based primarily on historical collection experience) related to uninsured accounts to record these revenues at the estimated amounts expected to be collected.

Starting in January 2020, the Company implemented wellness maintenance programs on a subscription basis. There were four membership plans offered with different levels of service for each plan. The Company recognized membership revenue on a monthly basis. Enrollment in the wellness maintenance program can occur at any time during the month and can be dis-enrolled at any time.

Starting in June 2021, the Company introduced BackSpace and began offering outpatient chiropractic and spinal care services as well as memberships services in Walmart retail locations. The fees for such services were paid and recognized as incurred.

Starting in September 2022, the Company introduced hormone replacement therapy “HRT” and medical weight loss programs. The Company recognized HRT and medical weight loss revenue as the services are provided.

Other management service fees are derived from management services where the Company provides billings and collections support to the clinics and where management services were provided based on state specific regulations known as the corporate practice of medicine (“CPM”). Under the CPM, a business corporation is precluded from practicing medicine or employing a physician to provide professional medical services. In these circumstances, the Company provides all administrative support to the physician-owned PC through a LLC. The PC is consolidated due to control by contract (an “MSA” – Management Services Agreement). The fees we derive from these management arrangements are either based on a predetermined percentage of the revenue of each clinic or a percentage mark up on the costs of the LLC. The company recognized other management service revenue in the period in which services were rendered. These revenues are earned by IMAC Nashville, IMAC Management, IMAC Illinois, IMAC Florida, IMAC Louisiana and the Back Space and are eliminated in consolidation to the extent owned.

### ***Accounts Receivable***

Accounts receivable primarily consists of amounts due from third-party payers (non-governmental), governmental payers and private pay patients and is recorded net of allowances for doubtful accounts and contractual discounts. Our ability to collect outstanding receivables is critical to our results of operations and cash flows. Accordingly, accounts receivable reported in our consolidated financial statements are recorded at the net amount expected to be received. Our primary collection risks are (i) the risk of overestimation of net revenues at the time of billing that may result in our receiving less than the recorded receivable, (ii) the risk of non-payment as a result of commercial insurance companies’ denial of claims, (iii) the risk that patients will fail to remit insurance payments to us when the commercial insurance company pays out-of-network claims directly to the patient, (iv) resource and capacity constraints that may prevent us from handling the volume of billing and collection issues in a timely manner, (v) the risk that patients do not pay us for their self-pay balances (including co-pays, deductibles and any portion of the claim not covered by insurance), and (vi) the risk of non-payment from uninsured patients.

Our accounts receivable from third-party payers are recorded net of estimated contractual adjustments and allowances from third-party payers, which are estimated based on the historical trend of our facilities’ cash collections and contractual write-offs, accounts receivable aging, established fee schedules, relationships with payers and procedure statistics. While changes in estimated reimbursement from third-party payers remain a possibility, we expect that any such changes would be minimal and, therefore, would not have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations. Our collection policies and procedures are based on the type of payor, size of claim and estimated collection percentage for each patient account. The operating systems used to manage our patient accounts provide for an aging schedule in 30-day increments, by payer, physician and patient. We analyze accounts receivable at each of the facilities to ensure the proper collection and aged category. The operating systems generate reports that assist in the collection efforts by prioritizing patient accounts. Collection efforts include direct contact with insurance carriers or patients and written correspondence.

## Results of Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Compared to the Year Ended December 31, 2022

We owned our medical clinics directly or have entered into long-term management services agreements to operate and control these medical clinics by contract. Our preference is to own the clinics; however, some state laws restrict the corporate practice of medicine and require a licensed medical practitioner to own the clinic. Accordingly, our managed clinics are owned exclusively by a medical professional within a professional service corporation (formed as a limited liability company or corporation) under common control with us or eligible members of our company in order to comply with state laws regulating the ownership of medical practices. We were compensated under management services agreements through service fees based on the cost of the services provided, plus a specified markup percentage, and a discretionary annual bonus determined in the sole discretion of each professional service corporation.

### Revenues – Discontinued Operations

Our revenue mix is diversified between medical treatments and physiological treatments. Our medical treatments are further segmented into traditional medical and regenerative medicine practices. We are an in-network provider for traditional physical medical treatments, such as physical therapy, chiropractic services and medical evaluations, with most private health insurance carriers. Regenerative medical treatments are typically not covered by insurance, but paid by the patient. For more information on our revenue recognition policies, see “Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates - Revenue Recognition.”

Revenues from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Outpatient facility services	\$ 4,644	\$ 14,824
Memberships	443	684
Retail clinics	110	678
Total revenues	\$ 5,197	\$ 16,186

See the table below for more information regarding our revenue breakdown by service type for discontinued operations.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Medical treatments	65%	72%
Physical therapy	22%	22%
Chiropractic care	4%	5%
Memberships	9%	1%
	100%	100%

### *Consolidated Results*

Total revenues decreased \$11 million due to the closure or sale of all locations.

### *IMAC Clinics*

The revenue decrease attributed to IMAC Clinics was \$10.2 million due to the closure or sale of all locations.

### *Retail Clinics*

The Company began opening retail clinics in Walmart in June 2021. The retail clinics provided outpatient chiropractic and spinal care services. The revenue decrease attributed to the retail clinics was \$0.6 million due to the closure or sale of all locations.

### *Memberships*

A wellness membership program was implemented at IMAC Clinics in January 2020 and this wellness program had different plan levels that included services for chiropractic care and medical treatments on a monthly subscription basis. Therefore, memberships could have multiple visits in one month, however only one payment was received for these visits. BackSpace also had a membership plan for chiropractic care on a monthly subscription basis. As of December 31, 2023, 83% of the BackSpace revenue was related to memberships.

### *Operating Expenses – Continuing Operations*

Operating expenses consist of salaries and benefits, share based compensation, advertising and marketing, general and administrative expenses and depreciation expenses.

Salaries and benefits consist of payroll, benefits and related party contracts.

Salaries and Benefits	2023	2022	Change from Prior Year	Percent Change from Prior Year
Year Ended December 31	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 4,129,000	\$ (2,781,000)	(67.3)%



Salaries and benefits expenses for the year ended December 31, 2023, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022, decreased by 67.32%. A decrease would have been expected considering the Company sold or closed all locations.

*Advertising and marketing consist of marketing, business promotion and brand recognition.*

<b>Advertising and Marketing</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Change from Prior Year</b>	<b>Percent Change from Prior Year</b>
Year Ended December 31	\$ 8,000	\$ 74,000	\$ (66,000)	(89.6)%

Advertising and marketing expenses decreased \$66,000 for the year ended December 31, 2023, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022. Advertising and marketing efforts were terminated when the decision was made to sale or close all locations.

*General and administrative expense (“G&A”) consist of all other costs than advertising and marketing, salaries and benefits, patient expenses and depreciation.*

<b>General and Administrative</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Change from Prior Year</b>	<b>Percent Change from Prior Year</b>
Year Ended December 31	\$ 1,459,000	\$ 2,466,000	\$ (1,007,000)	(40.8)%

G&A decreased increased in the year ended December 31, 2023 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 due to the sale or closure of all locations.

#### ***FDA Clinical Trial***

In August 2020, the United States Food and Drug Administration (the “FDA”) approved the Company’s investigational new drug application. The Company has completed Phase 1 of the clinical trial, which was conducted over a 12-month period. The Company incurred \$(3,000) in expenses related to a credit from consultants, supplies, software and travel for the clinical trial during 2023, which is included in the G&A totals above. This is compared to \$360,000 that was incurred for the trial in 2022.

*Depreciation is related to our property and equipment purchases to use in the course of our business activities. Amortization is related to our business acquisitions.*

<b>Depreciation and Amortization</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Change from Prior Year</b>	<b>Percent Change from Prior Year</b>
Year Ended December 31	\$ 126,000	\$ 655,000	\$ (529,000)	(80.7)%

Depreciation and amortization decreased due to the sale of assets and impairment of intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Company recognized a loss on disposition or impairment of \$3.4 million in 2023 and \$4.5 million in 2022 as a result of intangible write-offs and location closures in 2023 and largely goodwill impairment in 2022.

### **Analysis of Cash Flows**

The primary source of our operating cash flow is the collection of accounts receivable from patients, private insurance companies, government programs, self-insured employers and other payers.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, net cash used in operations decreased to \$2.8 million compared to \$10.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily attributable to our lower net loss in 2023 and discontinuance of our operations.

Net cash used in investing activities during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1.8 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. The increase was primarily due to \$3 million in loans made to Theralink offset by \$1.2 million proceeds from the sale of assets and practices.

Net cash provided by financing activities during the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$4.0 million, which was primarily proceeds from the sale of preferred stock, net of related fees, which totaled \$4.0 million. Net cash provided by financing activities during the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$4.2 million, including proceeds from the sale of common stock, net of related fees, which totaled \$4.4 million, reduced by principal repayments of \$0.3 million.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of December 31, 2023, we had \$0.2 million in cash and a working capital deficit of \$(0.8) million. As of December 31, 2022, we had cash of \$0.8 million and working capital of \$3.2 million. The decrease in working capital was primarily due to a \$8.6 million decrease in current assets and a \$4.5 million decrease in current liabilities.

As of December 31, 2023, we had approximately \$1.9 million in current liabilities. Approximately \$0.8 million of our current liabilities outstanding were to our vendors, which we have historically paid down in the normal course of our business and accrued payroll. The current portion of our operating lease liability accounted for approximately \$0.1 million of our current liabilities.

As of December 31, 2023, we had an accumulated deficit of \$55.9 million. We anticipate that we will need to raise additional capital to fund future operations. However, we may be unable to raise additional funds or enter into such arrangements when needed or favorable terms, or at all, which would have a negative impact on our financial condition and could force us to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our development or acquisition activity. Failure to receive additional funding could also cause us to cease operations, in part or in full. Furthermore, even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current of future operating plans, we may seek additional capital due to favorable market conditions or strategic considerations. Our management team has determined that our financial condition raises substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern.

#### **Iliad Note**

On October 29, 2020, the Company entered into the Note Purchase Agreement with Iliad pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Iliad a secured promissory note in an initial principal amount of \$2,690,000, which is payable on or before April 29, 2022. The October Principal Amount includes an original discount of \$175,000 and \$15,000 that the Company agreed to pay to Iliad to cover legal fees, accounting costs, due diligence and other transaction costs. In exchange for the October Note, Iliad paid a purchase price of \$2,500,000. The October Purchase Agreement also provides for indemnification of Iliad and its affiliates in the event that they incur loss or damage related to, amount other things, breach by the Company of any of its representations, warranties or covenants under the October Purchase Agreement. In connection with the October Purchase Agreement and the October Note, the Company entered into a Security Agreement with Iliad, pursuant to which the obligations of the Company is secured by all of the assets of the Company, excluding the Company's accounts receivable and intellectual property. Upon an event of default under the October Note, the October Security Agreement entitles the Holder to take possession of such collateral; provided that Iliad's security interest and remedies with respect to the collateral are junior in priority to the security interest previously granted by the Company to Iliad in connection with a separate financing entered into by them on March 25, 2020, for which Iliad holds a senior, first-priority security interest in the same collateral. The Company repaid the note in January 2022.

#### **Public Offering**

On August 16, 2022, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with institutional accredited investors (the "Purchasers") pursuant to which the Company offered for sale to the Purchasers an aggregate of 5,164,474 shares (the "Shares") of its common stock at a purchase price of \$0.76, in a registered direct offering (the "Registered Direct Offering"). In a concurrent private placement, the Company also agreed to issue to the investors Series 1 warrants to purchase 5,164,474 shares of common stock that will become exercisable on the date that is six months following the date of issuance of the shares of common stock in the Registered Direct Offering (the "Exercise Date") and expire on the five year anniversary of the Exercise Date, at an exercise price of \$0.95 per share, and Series 2 warrants to purchase 5,164,474 shares of common stock that will become exercisable on the Exercise Date and expire on the one year anniversary of the Exercise Date, at an exercise price of \$0.95 per share. The Shares were offered by the Company pursuant to its shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-237455) originally filed with the SEC on March 27, 2020 (as amended, the "Registration Statement"), which was declared effective on April 3, 2020. The Company received gross proceeds of both transactions of \$3.9 million. The Company intends to use the net proceeds from this offering for working capital and other general corporate purposes, including financing the costs of implementing the Company's strategic alternative activities.

## Private Offering

On July 25, 2023, the Company entered into a definitive Securities Purchase Agreement with several institutional and accredited investors (collectively, the “Investors”), for the sale of its convertible preferred stock and warrants. (the “June 2023 Private Placement”). The Company sold shares of its Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, stated value \$1,000 per share (“Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock”), shares of its Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock, stated value \$1,000 per share (“Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock”), and warrants (“Warrants”) to purchase up to shares of the Company’s common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$4,300,000, before deducting placement agent fees and other offering expenses.

On December 20, 2023, the Company entered into a letter agreement with the Investors providing for the sale of an additional aggregate \$250,000 of convertible preferred stock (the “December 2023 Private Placement”). Pursuant to the letter agreement, the Company exchanged its Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock and Series A-2 Convertible Preferred stock for a corresponding number of shares of the Company’s newly-created Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Stock and the Company’s newly-created Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Stock, respectively.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations by period as of December 31, 2023:

	Payments Due by Period			
	Total	Less Than 1 Year	1-3 Years	4-5 Years
Finance lease obligations, including interest	\$ 1,916	\$ 1,916	\$ -	\$ -
Operating lease obligations, including interest	523,356	134,567	307,098	81,691
	<u>\$ 525,272</u>	<u>\$ 136,483</u>	<u>\$ 307,098</u>	<u>\$ 81,691</u>

## Impact of Inflation

We believe that inflation had a material impact on our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2023. Inflation was evident in staffing and supply costs related to the delivery of patient care. We cannot assure you that future inflation will not have an adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

## ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable for smaller reporting companies.

**ITEM 8. INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of:  
IMAC Holdings, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders’ equity (deficit), and cash flows, for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has had historical net losses and net cash used in operating activities, has discontinued operations and will require additional financing to continue operations in 2024. These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. Management’s Plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 3. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ Salberg & Company, P.A.

SALBERG & COMPANY, P.A.

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2024  
Boca Raton, Florida  
April 16, 2024

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## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
of IMAC Holdings, Inc.  
Brentwood, Tennessee

### Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”), as of December 31, 2022, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders’ equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2022, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### The Company’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a net capital deficiency that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management’s plans, in regard to these matters, are also described in Note 3. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

### Basis for Opinion

The consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (“PCAOB”) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Cherry Bekaert LLP

We served as the Company’s auditor for 2021 and 2022.

Nashville, Tennessee  
March 31, 2023, with exception of Notes 10 and 15 for which the date is September 29, 2023, and  
Note 2 for which the date is April 16, 2024

**IMAC Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
**December 31, 2023 and 2022**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 221,511	\$ 763,211
Deferred compensation, current portion	-	196,119
Other assets	94,711	191,093
Note receivable	731,067	-
Assets of discontinued operations	96,830	9,679,377
Total current assets	<u>1,144,119</u>	<u>10,829,800</u>
Property and equipment, net	-	5,386
Other assets:		
Intangible assets, net	-	243,750
Security deposits	-	2,670
Total other assets	<u>-</u>	<u>246,420</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,144,119</u>	<u>\$ 11,081,606</u>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</u></b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 584,055	\$ 568,640
Liability to issue common stock, current portion	-	329,855
Liabilities of discontinued operations	1,312,711	5,531,855
Total current liabilities	<u>1,896,766</u>	<u>6,430,350</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,896,766</u>	<u>6,430,350</u>
Commitment and Contingencies – Note 13		
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 authorized, 2,645 Series B-1 and 1,905 Series B-2 and nil issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022	5	-
Common stock; \$0.001 par value, 60,000,000 authorized; 1,148,321 and 1,100,592 shares issued at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively; 1,148,321 and 1,097,843 shares outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.	1,149	1,098
Additional paid-in capital	55,184,524	51,169,898
Accumulated deficit	(55,938,325)	(46,519,740)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	<u>(752,647)</u>	<u>4,651,256</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	<u>\$ 1,144,119</u>	<u>\$ 11,081,606</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements



**IMAC Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
**For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Patient revenue, net	\$ -	\$ -
Other income	-	-
Management fees	-	-
Total revenue	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	1,348,382	4,129,451
Advertising and marketing	7,732	74,011
General and administrative	1,459,372	2,465,628
Depreciation and amortization	126,138	654,819
Loss on disposition or impairment	3,433,884	4,513,189
Total operating expenses	<u>6,375,508</u>	<u>11,837,098</u>
Operating loss	(6,375,508)	(11,837,098)
Other income (expense):		
Interest income	27,156	9,839
Other income (expense)	(2,040)	(574)
Interest expense	(124,966)	(3,152)
Total other income (expenses)	<u>(99,850)</u>	<u>6,113</u>
Net loss before income taxes	(6,475,358)	(11,830,985)
Income taxes	-	-
Net loss from continuing operations	(6,475,358)	(11,830,985)
Discontinued Operations:		
Loss from operations of discontinued component	(1,707,342)	(2,563,204)
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations	(1,235,885)	(3,918,615)
Loss on discontinued operations	<u>(2,943,227)</u>	<u>(6,481,819)</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (9,418,585)</u>	<u>\$ (18,312,806)</u>
Net loss per share from continuing operations – Basic and diluted	<u>\$ (5.82)</u>	<u>\$ (12.55)</u>
Loss per share from discontinued operations – Basic and diluted	<u>\$ (2.65)</u>	<u>\$ (6.88)</u>
Net loss per share – Basic and diluted	<u>\$ (8.47)</u>	<u>\$ (19.43)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding		
Basic and diluted	<u>1,111,844</u>	<u>942,463</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

**IMAC Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statement Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)**  
**For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

	<u>Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-In- Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Par</u>	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Par</u>			
Balance, December 31, 2021	-	\$ -	873,939	\$ 874	\$46,159,121	\$ (28,206,934)	\$ 17,953,061
Issuance of common stock	-	-	223,904	224	4,915,707	-	4,915,931
Issuance of employee stock options	-	-	-	-	95,070	-	95,070
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(18,312,806)	(18,312,806)
Balance, December 31, 2022	-	-	1,097,843	1,098	51,169,898	(46,519,740)	4,651,256
Issuance of common stock for cash	-	-	2,725	3	16,647	-	16,650
Issuance of fractional shares with reverse stock split	-	-	37,753	38	(38)	-	-
Issuance of employee stock options	-	-	-	-	40,131	-	40,131
Issuance of RSU's for service	-	-	10,000	10	42,890	-	42,900
Issuance of preferred stock net of issuance costs	4,550	5	-	-	4,044,996	-	4,045,001
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(130,000)	-	(130,000)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(9,418,585)	(9,418,585)
Balance, December 31, 2023	<u>4,550</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>1,148,321</u>	<u>\$ 1,149</u>	<u>\$55,184,524</u>	<u>\$ (55,938,325)</u>	<u>\$ (752,647)</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

**IMAC Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (9,418,585)	\$ (18,312,806)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	403,593	1,626,614
Share based compensation	83,031	444,503
Loss on disposition of assets	1,475,289	98,116
Loss on impairment	3,519,322	8,333,687
Bad debt expense	431,671	82,500
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(94,346)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	1,449,569	(1,754,406)
Other assets	265,553	180,178
Deferred compensation	196,121	-
Security deposits	205,389	56,620
Liability to issue common stock	(329,855)	-
Right of use/lease liability	(346,770)	(149,631)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(388,467)	(820,592)
Patient deposits	(241,666)	(79,251)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(2,790,151)</u>	<u>(10,294,468)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(331,382)
Note receivable	(3,000,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of practices	224,700	-
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	1,000,000	71,400
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,775,300)</u>	<u>(259,982)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	16,650	4,472,219
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock, net of offering costs	4,045,000	-
Payments on notes payable	(10,350)	(254,488)
Payments on finance lease obligation	(27,549)	(19,050)
Net cash from financing activities	<u>4,023,751</u>	<u>4,198,681</u>
Net (decrease) in cash	(541,700)	(6,355,769)
Cash, beginning of year	<u>763,211</u>	<u>7,118,980</u>
Cash, end of year	<u>\$ 221,511</u>	<u>\$ 763,211</u>
<b>Supplemental cash flow information:</b>		
Interest paid	<u>\$ 129,981</u>	<u>\$ 14,191</u>
Income Tax	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Accrued dividends	<u>\$ 130,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

## **Note 1 – Description of Business**

IMAC Holdings, Inc. is a holding company for IMAC Regeneration Centers, The Back Space retail stores and our Investigational New Drug division. IMAC Holdings, Inc. and its affiliates (collectively, the “Company”) provided movement, orthopedic and neurological therapies through its chain of IMAC Regeneration Centers. Through its consolidated and equity owned entities, its outpatient medical clinics provided conservative, non-invasive medical treatments to help patients with back pain, knee pain, joint pain, ligament and tendon damage, and other related soft tissue conditions. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has sold or discontinued patient care at all our locations and has accordingly presented this component as discontinued operations. (See Note 2.) The Company delivered sports medicine treatments without opioids. The BackSpace operated healthcare centers specializing in chiropractic and spinal care services inside Walmart retail locations. The Company’s Investigational New Drug division conducted a clinical trial for its investigational compound utilizing umbilical cord-derived allogenic mesenchymal stem cells for the treatment of bradykinesia due to Parkinson’s disease.

### **Planned Merger**

On May 23, 2023, IMAC Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (Nasdaq: BACK) (the “Company”) entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Merger Agreement”) with Theralink Technologies, Inc. (OTC: THER), a Nevada corporation (“Theralink”), and IMAC Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Merger Sub”). Upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into Theralink (the “Merger”), with Theralink continuing as the surviving entity (the “Surviving Entity”) and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. On May 22, 2023, the board of directors of the Company, and the board of directors of Theralink unanimously approved the Merger Agreement.

At the effective time of the Merger (the “Effective Time”), each share of Theralink’s common stock (“Theralink Common Stock”) and each share of Theralink’s preferred stock (together with the Theralink Common Stock, “Theralink Shares”) issued and outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time will be converted into and will thereafter represent the right to receive a portion of a share of the Company’s common stock (the “Company Shares”) such that the total number of Company Shares issued to the holders of Theralink Shares shall equal 85% of the total number of Company Shares outstanding as of the Effective Time (the “Merger Consideration”).

At the Effective Time, each award of Theralink stock options (each, a “Theralink Stock Option”), whether or not then vested or exercisable, that is outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, will be assumed by the Company and converted into a stock option relating to a number of Company Shares equal to the product of: (i) the number of shares of Theralink Common Stock subject to such Theralink Stock Option; and (ii) the ratio which results from dividing one share of Theralink Common Stock by the portion of a Company Share issuable for such share as finally determined at the Effective Time (the “Exchange Ratio”), at an exercise price per Company Share (rounded up to the nearest whole cent) equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the exercise price per share of Theralink Common Stock of such Theralink Stock Option by (B) the Exchange Ratio.

The Company and Theralink have each agreed, subject to certain exceptions with respect to unsolicited proposals, not to directly or indirectly solicit competing acquisition proposals or to enter into discussions concerning, or provide confidential information in connection with, any unsolicited alternative acquisition proposals. However, if such party receives an unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal that did not result from a material breach of the non-solicitation provisions of the Merger Agreement and the Company’s or Theralink’s board of directors, or any committee thereof, as applicable, concludes, after consultation with its financial advisors and outside legal counsel, that such unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal constitutes, or could reasonably be expected to result in, a superior offer, such party may furnish non-public information regarding it or any of its subsidiaries and engage in discussions and negotiations with such third party in response to such unsolicited, bona fide acquisition proposal; *provided* that each party provides notice and furnishes any non-public information provided to the maker of the acquisition proposal to each party substantially concurrently with providing such non-public information to the maker of the acquisition proposal.

The completion of the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of customary closing conditions, including: (i) adoption of the Merger Agreement by holders of a majority of the outstanding Theralink Shares; (ii) approval of the issuance of Company Shares in connection with the Merger by a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company’s common stock; (iii) absence of any court order or regulatory injunction prohibiting completion of the Merger; (iv) expiration or termination of (a) all waiting periods under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the “HSR Act”) and (b) any agreement with any governmental entity not to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; (v) effectiveness of the Company’s registration statement on Form S-4 to register the Company Shares to be issued in the Merger; (vi) subject to specified materiality standards, the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the other party; (vii) the authorization for listing of Company Shares to be issued in the Merger on Nasdaq; (viii) compliance by the other party in all material respects with its covenants; and (ix) the completion of satisfactory due diligence by both parties.

The Company and Theralink have each made customary representations and warranties in the Merger Agreement. The Merger Agreement also contains customary covenants and agreements, including covenants and agreements relating to (i) the conduct of each of the Company’s and Theralink’s business between the date of the signing of the Merger Agreement and the closing date of the Merger and (ii) the efforts of the parties to cause the Merger to be completed, including actions which may be necessary to cause the expiration or termination of any waiting periods under the HSR Act.

## **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Basis of Presentation – Discontinued Operations**

In accordance with ASC 205-20 “Discontinued Operations” establishes that the disposal or abandonment of a component of an entity or a group of components of an entity should be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity’s operations and financial results. As a result, the Company’s component’s results of operations have been classified as discontinued operations on a retrospective basis for all periods presented. Accordingly, the results of operations of this component, for all periods, are separately reported as “discontinued operations” on the consolidated statements of operations.

In 2023, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. As of December 31, 2023, all locations had been closed and all assets had been sold. The major classes of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheet are as follows:

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Accounts receivable, net	\$ -	\$ 2,881,239
Other current assets	1,028	176,265
Property and equipment, net	762	1,579,327
Intangible assets, net	-	1,121,707
Other assets	95,040	3,920,839
Net assets from discontinued operations	<u>\$ 96,830</u>	<u>\$ 9,679,377</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 860,221	\$ 1,134,099
Patient deposits	-	241,666
Other current liabilities	108,088	1,439,571
Other liabilities	344,402	2,716,519
Net liabilities from discontinued operations	<u>\$ 1,312,711</u>	<u>\$ 5,531,855</u>

The following table shows the results of loss from discontinued operations:

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Patient revenues, net	\$ 5,197,352	\$ 16,186,256
Operating expenses	6,498,928	18,710,263
Other expenses	1,641,651	3,957,812
Total costs and expenses	<u>8,140,579</u>	<u>22,668,075</u>
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	<u>\$ (2,943,227)</u>	<u>\$ (6,481,819)</u>

### **Principles of Consolidation**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”) in the United States of America (“U.S.”) as promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) and with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of IMAC Holdings, Inc. and the following entities which are consolidated due to direct ownership of a controlling voting interest or other rights granted to us as the sole general partner or managing member of the entity: IMAC Regeneration Center of St. Louis, LLC (“IMAC St. Louis”), IMAC Management Services, LLC (“IMAC Management”), IMAC Regeneration Management, LLC (“IMAC Texas”) IMAC Regeneration Management of Nashville, LLC (“IMAC Nashville”) IMAC Management of Illinois, LLC (“IMAC Illinois”), Advantage Hand Therapy and Orthopedic Rehabilitation, LLC (“Advantage Therapy”), IMAC Management of Florida, LLC (“IMAC Florida”), Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab (“IMAC Louisiana”) and The Back Space, LLC (“BackSpace”); the following entity which is consolidated with IMAC Regeneration Management of Nashville, LLC due to control by contract: IMAC Regeneration Center of Nashville, PC (“IMAC Nashville PC”); the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Management of Illinois, LLC due to control by contract: Progressive Health and Rehabilitation, Ltd., Illinois Spine and Disc Institute, Ltd. and Ricardo Knight, P.C.; the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Management Services, LLC due to control by contract: Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic Regeneration Center PSC (“Kentucky PC”) and IMAC Medical of Kentucky, PSC (“Kentucky PSC”) ; the following entities which are consolidated with IMAC Florida due to control by contract: Willmitch Chiropractic, P.A. and IMAC Medical of Florida, P.A.; the following entity which is consolidated with Louisiana Orthopaedic & Sports Rehab due to control by contract: IMAC Medical of Louisiana, a Medical Corporation; and the following entities which are consolidated with BackSpace due to control by contract: ChiroMart LLC, ChiroMart Florida LLC, and ChiroMart Missouri LLC.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses at the date and for the periods that the consolidated financial statements are prepared. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to contractual insurance adjustments on revenues and provisions for doubtful accounts, impairment of long-lived assets including intangible assets, valuation of loans receivable and valuation of stock-based compensation. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.



### **Reclassifications**

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations. Specifically we retrospectively reclassified certain amounts in 2022 to present as discontinued operations.

### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company's patient service revenue was derived from non-surgical procedures performed at our outpatient medical clinics. The fees for such services were billed either to the patient or a third-party payer, including Medicare.

The Company recognized service revenues based upon the estimated amounts the Company expects to be entitled to receive from patients and third-party payers. Estimates of contractual adjustments are based upon the payment terms specified in the related contractual agreements. The Company also records estimated implicit price concessions (based primarily on historical collection experience) related to uninsured accounts to record these revenues at the estimated amounts expected to be collected.

Starting in January 2020, the Company implemented wellness maintenance programs on a subscription basis. There were four membership plans offered with different levels of service for each plan. The Company recognized membership revenue on a monthly basis. Enrollment in the wellness maintenance program can occur at any time during the month and can be dis-enrolled at any time.

Starting in June 2021, the Company introduced BackSpace and began offering outpatient chiropractic and spinal care services as well as memberships services in Walmart retail locations. The fees for such services were paid and recognized as incurred.

Starting in September 2022, the Company introduced hormone replacement therapy "HRT" and medical weight loss programs. The Company recognized HRT and medical weight loss revenue as the services are provided.

Other management service fees are derived from management services where the Company provided billings and collections support to the clinics and where management services were provided based on state specific regulations known as the corporate practice of medicine ("CPM"). Under the CPM, a business corporation is precluded from practicing medicine or employing a physician to provide professional medical services. In these circumstances, the Company provides all administrative support to the physician-owned PC through a LLC. The PC is consolidated due to control by contract (an "MSA" – Management Services Agreement). The fees we derive from these management arrangements are either based on a predetermined percentage of the revenue of each clinic or a percentage mark up on the costs of the LLC. The company recognized other management service revenue in the period in which services were rendered. These revenues are earned by IMAC Nashville, IMAC Management, IMAC Illinois, IMAC Florida, IMAC Louisiana and the Back Space and are eliminated in consolidation to the extent owned.

### **Patient Deposits**

Patient deposits were derived from patient payments in advance of services delivered. Our service lines included traditional and regenerative medicine. Regenerative medicine procedures are rarely paid by insurance carriers; therefore, the Company typically requires up-front payment from the patient for regenerative services and any co-pays and deductibles as required by the patient specific insurance carrier. For some patients, credit is provided through an outside vendor. In this case, the Company is paid from the credit card company and the risk is transferred to the credit card company for collection from the patient. These funds were accounted for as patient deposits until the procedures were performed at which point the patient deposit was recognized as patient service revenue.

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amount of accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their respective fair values due to the short-term nature. The carrying amount of the line of credit and note payable approximates fair values due to their market interest rates. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

### **Variable Interest Entities**

Certain states prohibit the “corporate practice of medicine,” which restricts business corporations from practicing medical care by exercising control over clinical decisions by doctors. In states which prohibit the corporate practice of medicine, the Company entered into long-term management agreements with professional corporations (“PCs”) that are owned by licensed doctors, which, in turn employ or contract with doctors who provide professional care in its clinics. Under these management agreements with PCs, the Company provided, on an exclusive basis, all non-clinical services of the practice.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of variable interest entities (“VIE”) in which the Company is the primary beneficiary under the provisions of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification 810, “Consolidation”. The Company has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact a VIE’s economic performance. Additionally, the Company would absorb the substantially all of the expected losses from any of these entities should such expected losses occur. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company’s consolidated VIE’s include 12 PCs and 13 PCs respectively.

The total assets (excluding goodwill and intangible assets, net) of the consolidated VIEs included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, were approximately (\$3.9) million and \$1.8 million respectively, and the total liabilities of the consolidated VIEs were approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company had no cash equivalents at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable primarily consists of amounts due from third-party payers (non-governmental), governmental payers and private pay patients and is recorded net of allowances for doubtful accounts and contractual discounts. The Company’s ability to collect outstanding receivables is critical to its results of operations and cash flows. Accordingly, accounts receivable reported in the Company’s consolidated financial statements is recorded at the net amount expected to be received.

The Company’s accounts receivable from third-party payers are recorded net of estimated contractual adjustments and allowances from third-party payers, which are estimated based on the historical trend of the Company’s facilities’ cash collections and contractual write-offs, accounts receivable aging, established fee schedules, relationships with payers and procedure statistics. While changes in estimated reimbursement from third-party payers remain a possibility, the Company expects that any such changes would be minimal and, therefore, would not have a material effect on the Company’s consolidated financial condition or results of operations. The Company’s collection policies and procedures are based on the type of payor, size of claim and estimated collection percentage for each patient account. The Company analyzes accounts receivable at each of the facilities to ensure the proper collection and aged category. The operating systems generate reports that assist in the collection efforts by prioritizing patient accounts. Collection efforts include direct contact with insurance carriers or patients and written correspondence.

### **Allowance for Contractual, Other Discounts and Doubtful Accounts**

Management estimates the allowance for contractual and other discounts based on its historical collection experience and contracted relationship with the payers. The services authorized and provided and related reimbursement are often subject to interpretation and negotiation that could result in payments that differ from the Company’s estimates.

In June 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13, “Financial Instruments – Credit Losses.” This ASU added a new impairment model (known as the current expected credit loss (“CECL”) model) that is based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under the new guidance, an entity recognizes as an allowance its estimate of expected credit losses. As a result, the Company changed its accounting policy for allowance for doubtful accounts using an expected losses model rather than using incurred losses. The new model is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset based on the Company’s expectations as of the balance sheet date through analyzing historical customer data as well as taking into consideration current economic trends.

As a smaller reporting Company pursuant to Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, these changes became effective for the Company on January 1, 2023. The adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a material financial impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

The roll forward of the allowance for doubtful accounts for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Beginning balance	\$ 163,479	\$ 80,979
Bad debt expense	431,671	82,500



Write-offs	(155,852)	-
Ending balance	<u>\$ 439,298*</u>	<u>\$ 163,479*</u>

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previous disclosed amount.

### **Note Receivable**

Note Receivable is a subordinated promissory note and a convertible promissory note that the Company's merger partner, Theralink Technologies, Inc. ("THER") entered into during July of 2023 and August of 2023, respectively. Each note is due to be repaid within one year and contains interest compounding at 6.0%. The convertible promissory note also contains a convertible feature at the option of the Company into THER common stock at a fixed price of \$0.00313 per share. The total amount loaned between the two notes was \$3.0 million. The Company determined the fair value of the notes and related accrued interest owed as of December 31, 2023 was approximately \$0.7 million (their principal balance less a credit loss allowance under ASU 2016-13 of approximately \$2.3 million which was recorded as an impairment of assets in 2023) given the current financial position of THER and their perceived lack of ability to re-pay these notes as of December 31, 2023.

### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Additions and improvements to property and equipment are capitalized at cost. Depreciation of owned assets are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives and amortization of leasehold improvements are computed using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the related assets or the lease term. The cost of assets sold or retired, and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gains or losses are reflected in other income (expense) for the year. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

### **Intangible Assets**

The Company capitalizes the fair value of intangible assets acquired in business combinations. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated economic useful lives, generally the contract term. The Company performs valuations of assets acquired and liabilities assumed on each acquisition accounted for as a business combination and allocates the purchase price of each acquired business to its respective net tangible and intangible assets. The Company records an impairment loss when the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. An impairment loss of \$0.06 million was recorded in January 2023 related to the sale of Louisiana. An impairment loss of \$0.06 million was recorded in February 2023 related to the sale of BackSpace. An impairment loss of \$0.27 million was recorded in April 2023 related to the Illinois asset sale. An impairment loss of \$0.613 million was recorded in October 2023 related to our Kentucky asset sale. An impairment loss of \$0.24 million was recorded in December 2023 related to the Company's investigational new drug. In March 2022 the Company decided to close a clinic in Florida with a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$34,000, which was written off as impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a noncash impairment loss for this amount during the three months ended March 31, 2022. Due to a significant drop in share price in the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company determined that a triggering event occurred. It was determined that there was an impairment loss of \$2,128,000 on the IMAC Illinois MSA and \$1,672,000 on the IMAC Kentucky MSA. In the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Company recorded an impairment loss of \$1,000 on the IMAC Florida MSA. An impairment loss of \$0.12 million and \$0.03 million was charged to discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. The remaining impairment loss was charged to continuing operations.

### **Goodwill**

Our goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations. The goodwill generated from the business combinations is primarily related to the value placed on the employee workforce and expected synergies. Judgment is involved in determining if an indicator or change in circumstances relating to impairment has occurred. Such changes may include, among others, a significant decline in expected future cash flows, a significant adverse change in the business climate, and unforeseen competition.

The goodwill test is performed at least annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The annual impairment test includes an option to perform a qualitative assessment of whether it is more likely than not that a reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying value; the qualitative test may be performed prior to, or as an alternative to, performing a quantitative goodwill impairment test. If, after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, the Company determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, then the Company is required to perform the quantitative goodwill impairment test. Otherwise, no further analysis is required.

The Company operates under one reporting unit. The quantitative impairment test involves the comparison of the fair value of the reporting unit to the Company's carrying value. The Company calculates the fair value of each reporting unit using either (i) a discounted cash flows analysis that converts future cash flow amounts into a single discounted present value amount or (ii) a market approach. The Company assesses the valuation methodology based upon the relevance and availability of the data at the time that the valuation is performed. The Company compares the estimate of fair value for the reporting unit to the carrying value of the reporting unit. If the carrying value is greater than the estimate of fair value, an impairment loss will be recognized in the amount of the excess.

The Company performs its annual impairment test during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year. For the year ended December 31, 2022 the Company elected not to perform a qualitative impairment test and instead went straight to a quantitative assessment. As a result, the Company concluded that it was more-likely-than-not that the carrying value would be greater than the estimated fair value as of December 31, 2022. In addition, given the lack of viable long-term solvency it was determined that it was appropriate to fully impair goodwill. A goodwill impairment loss of \$4.5 million was recorded as of December 31, 2022.

### **Long-Lived Assets**

Long-lived assets such as property and equipment, operating lease assets and intangible assets are evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Some of the events or changes in circumstances that would trigger an impairment test include, but are not limited to:

- the Company’s expectation to dispose of long-lived assets before the end of their estimated useful lives, even though the assets do not meet the criteria to be classified as “Held for Sale”;
- significant changes in the Company’s stock price per share;
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

### **Advertising and Marketing**

The Company uses advertising and marketing to promote its services. Advertising and marketing costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and marketing expense was approximately \$7,732 and \$74,011\* for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previous disclosed amount.

### **Net Loss Per Share**

Basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss applicable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted net loss per common share is determined using the weighted-average of common shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents, consisting of the conversion option embedded in convertible debt. The weighted-average number of common shares outstanding excludes common stock equivalents because their inclusion would have an anti-dilutive effect. Dilutive shares not included in the computation of dilutive loss per share because the effect would be anti-dilutive due to the Company’s net loss were as follows:

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Stock options	1,312	11,216
RSUs	-	24,029
Warrants	2,474,284	398,582
Preferred shares B-1	1,437,500	-
Preferred shares B-2	1,035,326	-
	<b>4,948,422</b>	<b>433,827</b>

### **Income Taxes**

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Deferred tax assets are required to be reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent that, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

### **Note 3 – Capital Requirements, Liquidity and Going Concern Considerations**

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and includes the assumption of a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. However, as shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has sustained substantial losses from operations since inception and has discontinued its operations as of December 31, 2023 which raises substantial doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months from the issuance date of this report. The Company had a working capital deficit of approximately (\$0.8) million at December 31, 2023. The Company had a net loss of approximately \$9.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, and used cash in operations of approximately \$2.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Company expects to continue to incur expenditures for working capital.

Management's plans are to merge with an operating company or acquire a new business (See Note 1). Management recognizes that the Company may need to obtain additional resources to successfully implement its business plans. No assurances can be given that we will be successful. If management is not able to timely and successfully raise additional capital if needed, the implementation of the Company's business plan, financial condition and results of operations will be materially affected. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### **Note 4 – Concentration of Credit Risks**

#### **Cash**

The Company maintains its cash in accounts at financial institutions, which may, at times, exceed federally-insured limits of \$250,000. No amounts were in excess of FDIC limits at December 31, 2023.

#### **Revenue and Accounts Receivable Concentration**

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had discontinued operations revenue and accounts receivable concentration related to payments from Medicare as outlined in the table below:

	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>	
	<u>% of Revenue</u>	<u>% of Accounts Receivable</u>	<u>% of Revenue</u>	<u>% of Accounts Receivable</u>
Medicare payments	24%	0%	32%	18%

### **Note 5 – Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at December 31:

	<u>2023*</u>	<u>2022*</u>
Accounts receivable, net of contractual adjustments	\$ 439,298	\$ 3,044,718
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(439,298)	(163,479)
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,881,239</u>

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previous disclosed amount.

## Note 6 – Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31:

	Estimated Useful Life in Years	2023*	2022*
	Shorter of asset or lease term		
Leasehold improvements		\$ -	\$ 2,233,603
Equipment	1.5 – 10	762	2,820,166
Total property and equipment		762	5,053,769
Less: accumulated depreciation		-	(3,476,977)
		762	1,576,792
Construction in progress		-	7,922
Total property and equipment, net		\$ 762	\$ 1,584,714

Depreciation was \$282,458 and \$867,364\* for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.\*

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previous disclosed amount.

## Note 7 – Intangibles Assets and Goodwill

The Company's intangible assets and goodwill consisted of the following at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Estimated Useful Life	December 31, 2023		
		Cost	Accumulated Amortization and Impairment	Net
<b>Intangible assets:</b>				
Management service agreements	10 years	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Non-compete agreements	3 years	-	-	-
Intellectual property agreements	2 years	-	-	-
Brand development	15 years	-	-	-
Definite lived assets		-	-	-
Research and development		-	-	-
Goodwill		-	-	-
Total intangible assets and goodwill		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	Estimated Useful Life	December 31, 2022*		
		Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net
<b>Intangible assets:</b>				
Management service agreements	10 years	\$ 7,940,398	\$ (6,939,916)	\$ 1,000,482
Non-compete agreements	3 years	391,000	(359,125)	31,875
Customer lists	3 years	77,000	(48,125)	28,875
Brand development	15 years	69,071	(8,596)	60,475
Definite lived assets		8,477,469	(7,355,762)	1,121,707
Research and development		243,750	-	243,750
Goodwill		4,499,796	(4,499,796)	-
Total intangible assets and goodwill		\$ 13,221,015	\$ (11,855,558)	\$ 1,365,457

In January 2023, the Company sold the Louisiana Market which had a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$61,000 which was written off as impaired.

In February 2023, the Company sold the BackSpace retail clinics which had a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$60,000 which was written off as impaired.

On April 1, 2023, the Company executed an agreement to sell all the assets of Ricardo Knight, PC which had a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$265,000 which was written off as impaired.

In October 2023, the Company executed an agreement to sell all the assets of the Kentucky Market which has a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$614,000 which was written off as impaired.

In December, 2023, the Company determined that the intangible asset for the investigational new drug which had a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$244,000 was impaired and was written off.

In March 2022 the Company decided to close a clinic in Florida with a total intangible carrying amount of approximately \$34,000, which was written off as impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a noncash impairment loss for this amount during the three months ended March 31, 2022. Due to a significant drop in share price in the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company determined that a triggering event occurred. It was determined that there was an impairment loss of \$2,128,000 on the IMAC Illinois MSA and \$1,672,000 on the IMAC Kentucky MSA.

The Company performs its annual impairment test during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company closed or sold all locations. The Company performed a qualitative impairment test and based on the totality of information available for the reporting units, the Company concluded that it was more-likely-than-not that the carrying value is greater than the estimated fair values of the reporting units at December 31, 2023. An intangible impairment loss of approximately \$1.2 million was recorded in 2023.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company performed a qualitative impairment test and, based on the totality of information available for the reporting units, the Company concluded that it was more-likely-than-not that the carrying value is greater than the estimated fair values of the reporting units as of December 31, 2022. A goodwill impairment loss of \$4.5 million was recorded in December 2022 related to our Florida, Tennessee, Missouri and Louisiana acquisitions.

Amortization expense was \$121,135 and \$759,250\* for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previous disclosed amount.

## **Note 8 – Operating Leases**

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted Topic ASC 842 using the modified retrospective method applied to leases that were in place at January 1, 2019. The Company's leases consist of operating leases that relate to real estate rental agreements. Most of the value of the Company's lease portfolio upon adoption relates to real estate lease agreements that were entered into starting March 2017.

### **Discount Rate Applied to Property Operating Lease**

To determine the present value of minimum future lease payments for operating leases at January 1, 2019, the Company was required to estimate a rate of interest that we would have to pay to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term an amount equal to the lease payments in a similar economic environment (the "incremental borrowing rate" or "IBR").

The Company determined the appropriate IBR by identifying a reference rate and making adjustments that take into consideration financing options and certain lease-specific circumstances. For the reference rate of leases added during the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company used a weighted average interest rate.

### **Total operating lease cost**

Individual components of the total lease cost incurred by the Company is as follows:

	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2023</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2022*</b>
Operating lease expense	\$ 933,085	\$ 1,622,466

Minimum rental payments under operating leases are recognized on a straight light basis over the term of the lease.

### **Maturity of operating leases**

The amount of future minimum lease payments under operating are as follows:

	<b>Operating Leases</b>
Undiscounted future minimum lease payments:	
2024	\$ 134,567
2025	138,104
2026	95,171
2027	73,823
2028	73,823
Thereafter	7,868
Total	523,356
Amount representing imputed interest	(72,591)
Total operating lease liability	450,765
Current portion of operating lease liability	(106,363)
Operating lease liability, non-current	\$ 344,402*

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previously disclosed amount.

## Note 9 – Notes Payable

Set forth below is a summary of the Company's outstanding debt as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2023</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2022*</u>
Note payable to a financial institution in the amount of \$200,000 dated November 15, 2017. The note requires 66 consecutive monthly installments of \$2,652 including principal and interest at 5%, with a balloon payment of \$60,000 which was paid on June 15, 2018. The note matures on May 15, 2023, and is secured by the personal guarantees of certain Company executives.	\$ -	\$ 13,093
Note payable to a financial institution in the amount of \$131,400 dated August 1, 2016. The note requires 120 monthly installments of \$1,394 including principal and interest at 5%. The note matures on July 1, 2026, and is secured by a letter of credit.	-	54,763
\$112,800 payable to a landlord of Advantage Therapy, LLC pursuant to a lease dated March 1, 2019. The debt is payable in 60 monthly installments of \$2,129, including principal and interest at 5%. The debt matures on June 1, 2024.	-	36,840
Note payable to a financial institution in the amount of \$140,000, dated September 25, 2019. The note requires 36 consecutive monthly installments of \$4,225 including principal and interest at 5.39%. The note matures on September 19, 2022 and is secured by a personal guarantee of the Vice President of Business Development of the Company.	-	-
Note payable in the amount of \$2,690,000, dated October 29, 2020. The note is payable on or before April 29, 2022. The interest on the note accrues at a rate of 7% per annum and is payable on the maturity date or otherwise in accordance with the note.	-	-
	-	104,696
Less: current portion:	-	(51,657)
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 53,039</u>

\*As discussed in Note 1, the Company decided to discontinue business activities related to its underperforming clinic locations and BackSpace retail stores. See Note 2 for the resulting impact on this previous disclosed amount.



## **Note 10 – Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)**

### **Reverse Stock Split**

Effective on September 7, 2023, the Company implemented a 30-for-1 reverse stock split of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock. Under the reverse split, every thirty shares of outstanding shares issued and outstanding were automatically converted into one share of ordinary share, with a par value of \$0.001 each. Except as otherwise indicated, all information in the consolidated financial statements concerning share and per share data reflects the retroactive effect to the 30-for-1 reverse stock split.

### **2018 Incentive Compensation Plan**

The Company's board of directors and holders of a majority of outstanding shares approved and adopted the Company's 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan ("2018 Plan") in May 2018, reserving the issuance of up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock (subject to certain adjustments) upon exercise of stock options and grants of other equity awards. The 2018 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options ("ISOs"), nonstatutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, performance-based stock awards, other forms of equity compensation and performance cash awards. ISOs may be granted only to employees. All other awards may be granted to employees, including officers, and to the Company's non-employee directors and consultants, and affiliates.

### **Stock Options**

During 2023 and 2022, the Company did not issue any new stock options. Most options vested over a period of four years, with 25% vesting after one year and the remaining 75% vesting in equal monthly installments over the following 36 months and are exercisable for a period of ten years. Stock based compensation for stock options is estimated at the grant date based on the fair value calculated using the Black-Scholes method. The per-share fair values of these options is calculated based on the Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model.

The information below summarizes the stock options:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	12,235	\$ 96.90	3.58
Granted	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-
Cancelled	(1,020)	97.80	1.65
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	11,216	\$ 96.90	3.75
Granted	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-
Cancelled	(9,904)	92.40	2.77
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	1,312	\$ 118.33	1.35

**Restricted Stock Units**

On February 21, 2022, the Company granted 3,333 RSUs to an executive that vested immediately.

On October 15, 2022, the Company granted an aggregate of 10,000 RSUs to Board members with these RSUs vesting immediately.

On May 19, 2023, the Company granted an aggregate of 10,000 RSUs to Board members with these RSU's vesting immediately with a fair value of \$42,900 based on the grant date stock price.

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	8,692	\$ 60.06
Granted	30,400	15.3
Vested	(14,896)	28.8
Cancelled	(167)	13.2
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	24,029	\$ 23.4
Granted	10,000	4.29
Vested	(10,000)	4.29
Cancelled	(24,029)	23.4
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	-	\$ -

### **Preferred Stock**

On July 25, 2023, the Company entered into a definitive securities purchase agreement with several institutional and accredited investors, including existing significant investors of Theralink Technologies, Inc., its previously announced merger partner (OTC:THER) (“Theralink”), and Theralink’s Chairman, for the sale of its preferred stock and warrants. IMAC sold an aggregate of 2,500 shares of its Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, stated value \$1,000 per share, 1,800 shares of its Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock, stated value \$1,000 per share, and Warrants to purchase up to 2,075,702 shares of its common stock for aggregate gross proceeds of \$4.3 million before deducting placement agent fees and other offering expenses of \$480,000. The shares of A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, shall bear a 12% dividend based on stated, value have no voting rights, and are initially convertible into an aggregate of 763,126 shares of common stock of the Company, and the shares of Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock are initially convertible into an aggregate of 549,451 shares of common stock of the Company, in each case, at a conversion price of \$3.276 per share. The Warrants have an exercise price of \$3.276 per share, are exercisable immediately, and will expire five years from the date of shareholder approval of this private placement. The shares contain price protection provisions and beneficial ownership limitation provisions upon conversion as defined in the certificates of designation. Approximately \$3.0 million of the proceeds of the offering was used to make two loans to Theralink for investment into sales and marketing efforts and general working capital purposes as the companies continue to take formal steps together in advancing their merger previously announced on May 23, 2023. As of December 31, 2023 dividends of approximately \$130,000 have been declared and accrued on the Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock.

The Company also entered into a Registration Rights Agreement, pursuant to which it agreed to file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) covering the resale of the shares of the Company’s common stock underlying the Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock and Warrants no later than 45 days following the closing of the planned merger.

On December 20, 2023, the Company entered into a letter agreement with several institutional and accredited investors providing for the sale of an additional aggregate \$250,000 of convertible preferred stock (the “Private Placement”) with offering expenses of approximately \$25,000. Pursuant to the letter agreement, the Company exchanged its Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock and Series A-2 Convertible Preferred stock for a corresponding number of shares of the Company’s newly-created Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Stock and the Company’s newly-created Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Stock, respectively. Shares of the Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Stock and Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a conversion price of \$1.84 per share, which is above the most recent closing price of the Company’s common stock and represents a reduction in the conversion price from the Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock and Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock. Therefore, the Series B-1 and B-2 preferred stock is convertible into 1,437,500 and 1,035,326 common shares, respectively. In addition, the exercise price of the Warrants was reduced to \$1.84 pursuant to the letter agreement. The reduction in the conversion price and the exercise price was made in consideration of the additional purchase amount, therefore there was no accounting effect of this exchange. It is expected that the proceeds of the Private Placement will be used for general working capital and general corporate purposes.

All terms other than the conversion price are the same as the Series A-1 and A-2.

In 2024, the Series B-1 and B-2 preferred shares were exchanged for Series C shares (See Note 14).

### **Common Stock**

On July 6, 2022, the Company’s shareholders approved the Board of Directors’ proposal to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company’s common stock to 60,000,000 shares from 30,000,000 shares.

On August 16, 2022, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the “Securities Purchase Agreement”) with institutional accredited investors (the “Purchasers”) pursuant to which the Company offered for sale to the Purchasers an aggregate of 172,149 shares (the “Shares”) of its common stock at a purchase price of \$22.80, in a registered direct offering (the “Registered Direct Offering”). In a concurrent private placement, the Company also agreed to issue to the investors Series 1 warrants to purchase 172,149 shares of common stock that will become exercisable on the date that is six months following the date of issuance of the shares of common stock in the Registered Direct Offering (the “Exercise Date”) and expire on the five year anniversary of the Exercise Date, at an exercise price of \$28.5 per share, and Series 2 warrants to purchase 172,149 shares of common stock that will become exercisable on the Exercise Date and expire on the one year anniversary of the Exercise Date, at an exercise price of \$28.50 per share. The Shares were offered by the Company pursuant to its shelf registration statement on Form S-3 originally filed with the SEC on March 27, 2020 (as amended, the “Registration Statement”), which was declared effective on April 3, 2020. The Company received gross proceeds of both transactions of \$3.9 million. The Company used the net proceeds from this offering for working capital and other general corporate purposes, including financing the costs of implementing the Company’s strategic alternative activities.

In January 2023, the Company issued 2,725 common shares for cash of \$16,650 under its At The Market (ATM) offering.

On December 27, 2023, issued an aggregate of 10,000 common shares for the Board members valued at \$4.29 per share or \$42,900 based on the quoted trading price on the grant date which was May 2023.

### **Warrants**

In August 2022, the Company issued 344,298 warrants in conjunction with the common stock offering discussed above.

In July 2023, the Company issued 2,075,702 warrants in conjunction with the preferred stock offering discussed above.

	<b>Number of Warrants</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share</b>
December 31, 2021	54,284	\$ 150.00
Granted	344,298	28.50
December 31, 2022	398,582	45.05
Granted	2,075,702	1.84
December 31, 2023	2,474,284	\$ 8.80



### **Note 11 – Retirement Plan**

The Company offers a 401(k) plan that covers eligible employees. The plan provides for voluntary salary deferrals for eligible employees. Additionally, the Company is required to make matching contributions of 100% up to 3% and 50% of the next 2% of total compensation for those employees making salary deferrals. The Company made contributions of \$39,192 and \$134,534 during 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company terminated the matching contributions during 2023.

### **Note 12 – Income Taxes**

For the year ended December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, no income tax expense or benefit was recorded related to income taxes due to the Company's overall operating results and the change in the valuation allowance. The components of income tax expense (benefit) for the year ended December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>	<b>December 31, 2022</b>
Current income tax expense (refund) – federal	\$ -	\$ -
Current income tax expense (refund) – state	-	-
Total current income tax expense (refund)	-	-
Deferred income tax expense (benefit) – federal	-	-
Deferred income tax expense (benefit) – state	-	-
Total deferred income tax expense (benefit)	-	-
Total provision for income taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to the significant portions of deferred tax assets or liabilities at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>	<b>December 31, 2022</b>
Deferred tax assets:		
Reserves & allowances	\$ 108,584	\$ 20,738
Charitable contribution carry-forward	2,895	3,000
Net operating loss carry-forward – federal	9,524,275	7,778,105
Net operating loss carry-forward – state	2,194,071	2,294,317
Amortization	2,014,677	2,029,833
Non-qualified stock options	430,577	459,093
Total deferred tax assets	\$ 14,275,079	\$ 12,585,086
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation	\$ (2,813)	\$ (2,914)
Amortization	-	-
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$ (2,813)	\$ (2,914)
Less valuation allowance	(14,272,266)	(12,582,172)
Total net deferred tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has federal net operating loss carry-forward of approximately \$45.3 million and state net operating losses of approximately \$46.6 million as of December 31, 2023. There is no expiration of the federal loss carry-forwards as all federal net operating loss carry-forwards were generated after December 31, 2017. The state operating loss carry-forwards are subject to expiration beginning on December 31, 2031. Net deferred tax assets are mainly comprised of temporary differences between financial statement carrying amount and tax basis of assets and liabilities.

ASC 740 requires a valuation allowance to reduce the deferred tax assets reported if, based on the weight of the evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, a full valuation allowance was required.

In addition, the Company performed a comprehensive review of its uncertain tax positions and determined that no adjustments were necessary relating to unrecognized tax benefits as December 31, 2023. The Company's federal and state income tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities for three years after the returns are filed, and the Company's federal and state income tax returns for 2020 through 2023 remain open to examination.

The reconciliation of the income tax (benefit) to the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>	<b>December 31, 2022</b>
Federal statutory income tax	21.00%	21.00%
Permanent differences	0.00%	(0.01)%
Change in Tax Credits	0.00%	0.00%
Change in Tax Rate	0.00%	0.00%
Change in valuation allowance	(23.23)%	(25.20)%
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	3.72%	4.61%
Prior year adjustments	(1.49)%	(0.40)%
Total	0.00%	0.00%

### **Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company accrues a liability and charges operations for the estimated costs of contingent liabilities, including adjudication or settlement of various asserted and unasserted claims existing as of the consolidated balance sheet date, when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the loss (or range of probable loss) is estimable.

From time to time the Company may become subject to threatened and/or asserted claims arising in the ordinary course of our business. Other than the matter described below, management is not aware of any matters, either individually or in the aggregate, that are reasonably likely to have a material impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

#### ***Third Party Audit***

From time to time, in the ordinary course of business, we are subject to audits under various governmental programs in which third party firms engaged by the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") conduct extensive reviews of claims data to identify potential improper payments. We cannot predict the ultimate outcome of any regulatory reviews or other governmental audits and investigations.

On April 15, 2021, the Company received notification from Covent Bridge Group, a Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") contractor, that they are recommending to CMS that the Company was overpaid in the amount of \$2,921,868. This amount represents a statistical extrapolation of \$11,530 of charges from a sample of 40 claims for the periods February 2017 to November 2020. On June 3, 2021, the Company received a request for payment from CMS in the amount of \$2,918,472. The Company began its own internal audit process and initiated the appropriate appeals. The Company received a notification dated September 30, 2021, from CMS that they "found the request to be favorable by reversing the extrapolation to actual". The Company received a separate notification stating "the extrapolated overpayment was reduced to the actual overpayment amount for the sampled denied claims \$5,327.73," which had been paid as of December 31, 2021.

On October 21, 2021, the Company received notification from Covent Bridge Group, a Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") contractor, that they are recommending to CMS that the Company was overpaid in the amount of \$2,716,056.33. This amount represents a statistical extrapolation of \$6,791.33 of charges from a sample of 38 claims for the periods July 2017 to November 2020 for Progressive Health & Rehabilitation, Ltd ("Progressive Health"). The Company entered into a management agreement with Progressive Health in April 2019 and therefore liable for only a portion of the sampled claims. There were a total of 38 claims reviewed, 25 of these claims were from the period prior to the management agreement with the Company and the remaining 13 claims were related to the period that Progressive Health was managed by the Company. In December 2021, the Company received a request for payment from CMS in the amount of \$2,709,265. The Company has begun its own internal audit process and has initiated the appropriate appeals. The Company submitted a redetermination request in March 2022, which was denied. The Company submitted a reconsideration request February 27, 2023. On July 5, 2023, the Company received a reconsideration decision from the second appeal. The Qualified Independent Contractor provided a "partially favorable" decision that medical necessity supported 15 of 38 appealed claims. The Company filed a timely appeal and a hearing with an Administrative Law Judge was conducted November 29, 2023. The ALJ decision received on February 7, 2024, failed to address appeal and partially favorable decision impact on the extrapolated charges. The Company timely filed an appeal to Medicare Appeals Council on April 5, 2024.

On May 17, 2022, the Company received notification from Covent Bridge Group, a Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") contractor, that they are recommending to CMS that the Company was overpaid in the amount of \$492,086.22 related to Advantage Therapy. This amount represents a statistical extrapolation of charges from a sample, the actual amount found to be overpaid was \$10,420.22. On May 27, 2022 the Company received a request for payment from CMS in the amount of \$481,666.00. The Company has begun its own internal audit process and has initiated the appropriate appeals. Prior to this May 2022 notification, CMS had implemented a pre-payment audit for Advantage Therapy. As of June 30, 2023, this audit had resulted in a recoupment balance of approximately \$0.1 million of Medicare accounts receivable. The Company submitted a reconsideration request in May 2023. On August 4, 2023, the Company received a reconsideration decision from the second appeal. The Qualified Independent Contractor provided a "partially favorable" decision supporting 31 of 65 appealed claims. The Company filed a timely appeal and conducted a hearing with an Administrative Law Judge February 20, 2024, and awaits the response from the hearing. As of December 31, 2023, this audit had resulted in a balance of approximately \$138,000 of Medicare accounts receivable which has been fully reserved.

On December 9, 2022, the Company received a suspension of payment notification from Covent Bridge Group, a Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services contractor, for IMAC Regeneration Center of Kentucky. On December 22, 2022, the Company responded to the payment suspension with a Rebuttal of Notice. The suspension of payment will remain in effect until the Rebuttal of Notice is answered. The Company provided medical records for 10 beneficiaries. Neither CMS nor Covent Bridge have responded to the Company regarding the records, although they initiated the Kepro audit noted in the following paragraph. As of December 31, 2023, the payment suspension resulted in a recoupment balance of approximately \$90,000 of Medicare accounts receivable which has been fully reserved.

On October 2, 2023, the Company received notice from Kepro, “Initial Sanction Notice of Failure in a Substantial Number of Cases”. Kepro has recommended a Corrective Action Plan (CAP). (i) Perform a root cause analysis (RCA) and describe the underlying cause of the failure. Submit a copy of the RCA performed. (ii) Identify goals (desired outcomes) of the CAP. These goals must be measurable-containing a numerator and denominator-attainable, and meaningful. (iii) Explain how the process(es) will be created or modified to correct the underlying root cause. (iv) Explain how the process(es) will be implemented, including time frames for implementation. (v) Explain how the implemented process(es) and outcomes will be monitored and reported. (vi) Identify the person who will be responsible for monitoring the CAP’s specified time frame. The Company intends on complying with the recommendations of the CAP. In addition, after further review, the Company will appeal the recommendation and outcomes of the audit by Kepro. A meeting with Kepro was conducted on November 20, 2023 to review findings, CAP, and appeal of findings. The meeting resulted in a CAP and communication to medical providers regarding the audit. There was no financial recoupment request.

Other smaller denials the Company is appealing aggregate approximately \$25,000 as of December 31, 2023.

At this stage of the appeals process, based on the information currently available to the Company, the Company is unable to predict the timing and ultimate outcomes of these matters and therefore is unable to estimate the range of possible loss. Any potential loss may be classified as errors and omissions for which insurance coverage was in place during a majority of the years being evaluated.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company has not recorded a provision for any of these claims, as management does not believe that an estimate of a possible loss or range of loss can reasonably be made at this time.

#### **Note 14 – Subsequent Events**

On April 10, 2024, we entered into a series of transactions including the exchange of the Company’s outstanding Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Series B-1 Preferred Stock”) and Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Series B-2 Preferred Stock”) and, collectively with the Series B-1 Preferred Stock, the “Series B Preferred Stock”), for new preferred stock, the exchange of the Company’s outstanding warrants (the “Existing Warrants”) for new warrants, and the sale of new preferred stock and warrants. All such transactions were consummated on April 11, 2024.

#### **Exchange**

On April 11, 2024, the Company entered into an exchange agreement (each, an “Exchange Agreement”) with holders of Series B Preferred Stock, pursuant to which the holders would exchange (i) 4,550 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, with a conversion price of \$1.84, for 4,750 shares of Series C-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company (the “Series C-1 Preferred Stock”), with a conversion price of \$2.561 and (ii) their Existing Warrants, with an exercise price of \$1.84, for new warrants, with an exercise price of \$2.561, (the “Exchange Warrants” and, together with the Series C-1 Convertible Preferred Stock, the “Exchange Securities”), on a one-for-one basis. Such exchanges were made without any additional consideration having been paid by the Holders. All of the outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock and all outstanding Existing Warrants were terminated upon the exchange. If at the time of exercise of the Exchange Warrants, there is no effective registration statement registering the shares of the Common Stock underlying the Exchange Warrants, such Exchange Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis pursuant to their terms.

#### **PIPE Financing**

On April 10, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the “Securities Purchase Agreement”) with accredited investors (the “Investors”), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell, and the Investors agreed to purchase, 1,276 shares of Series C-2 convertible preferred stock (the “Series C-2 Preferred Stock” and, together with the Series C-1 Preferred Stock, the “Series C Preferred Stock”), at a price of \$1,000 per share or an aggregate \$1,276,000, and 498,243 warrants, with an exercise price of \$2.561 (the “PIPE Warrants” and, together with the Exchange Warrants, the “Warrants”), to purchase our common stock for aggregate cash proceeds (after giving effect to the Settlement and Release payment of \$376,000 (as discussed below) of \$900,000. If at the time of exercise of the PIPE Warrants, there is no effective registration statement registering the shares of the Common Stock underlying the PIPE Warrants, such PIPE Warrants may be exercised on a cashless basis pursuant to their terms.

#### **Rights and Preferences of Series C Preferred Stock**

The rights and preferences of the Series C-1 Preferred Stock and the Series C-2 Convertible Stock are identical in all material respects; however, the Series C-1 Convertible Preferred Stock was issued in exchange for Series B Preferred Stock without the payment of any additional consideration and, for the purpose of Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, ownership of the Series C-1 Preferred Stock shall tack back to December 20, 2024.



*Authorized; Stated Value.* The Company authorized 4,750 shares of Series C-1 Preferred Stock and 5,376 shares of Series C-2 Preferred Stock. Each share of Series C Preferred Stock has a stated value of \$1,000 (subject to increase upon any capitalization of dividends – See “*Dividends*” below).

*Ranking.* The Series C Preferred Stock, with respect to the payment of dividends, distributions and payments upon the liquidation, dissolution and winding up of the Company, ranks senior to all capital stock of the Company unless the Required Holders (as defined in the Securities Purchase Agreement) consent to the creation of other capital stock of the Company that is senior or equal in rank to the Series C Preferred Stock.

*Liquidation Preference.* In the event of a Liquidation Event, as defined in the certificates of designations for the Series C-1 Preferred Stock and the Series C-2 Preferred Stock, the holders thereof shall be entitled to receive payment in an amount per share equal to the greater of (A) 110% of the sum of the stated value of the share plus any amount owed to the holder by the Company in connection with the share, including all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, on the date of such payment and (B) the amount per share such holders would receive if such shares had been converted into Common Stock immediately prior to the date of such payment; provided, however that if the funds available for such payment to the holders of Series C-1 Preferred Stock, the Series C-2 Preferred Stock, and any other capital stock of the Company ranking on par with them for liquidation purposes are insufficient, all such holders shall be paid proportionally to their holdings out of available funds.

*Dividends.* Dividends on the Series C Preferred Stock equal to 10% per annum (subject to adjustment) will begin to accrue upon issuance and, subject to the satisfaction of certain customary equity conditions, will be payable in shares of Common Stock, provided, however, that the Company may elect to capitalize dividends in lieu of issuing shares of Common Stock by increasing the stated value of each applicable share of Series C Preferred Stock. If the Company fails to properly satisfy such equity conditions, such dividends will be capitalized for each holder of Series C Preferred Stock (unless such holder waives such failure in order to receive shares of Common Stock as payment for such dividend). Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless the Company obtains the Stockholder Approval (see “*Stockholder Approval*” below), all dividends shall be capitalized dividends.

#### *Conversion Rights*

*Conversion at Option of Holder.* Each holder of Series C Preferred Stock may convert all, or any part, of their outstanding Series C Preferred Stock, at any time at such holder’s option, into shares of Common Stock (which converted shares of Common Stock are referred to as “*Conversion Shares*” herein) based on the fixed “*Conversion Price*” of \$2.561.

*Adjustments to Conversion Price.* The Conversion Price is subject to proportional adjustment upon the occurrence of any stock split, stock dividend, stock combination and/or similar transactions. Although the Series C Preferred Stock does not initially have antidilution protection for issuances below the conversion price then in effect in subsequent placements, if the Company obtains the Stockholder Approval (see “*Stockholder Approval*” below), thereafter the Series C Preferred Stock shall have full ratchet antidilution protection. Subject to the rules and regulations of the Principal Market, the Company may, at any time, with the written consent of the Required Holders, lower the fixed conversion price to any amount and for any period of time deemed appropriate by the Company’s board of directors.

*Mandatory Conversion.* If the closing price of the Common Stock on the principal trading market, if any, in which the shares of Common Stock then trade (the “*Principal Market*”), equals at least 300% of the Conversion Price for twenty (20) consecutive trading days and no Equity Conditions Failure exists, the Company may require each holder of Series C Preferred Stock, on a pro rata basis among all such holders, to convert all, or any number, of the shares of Series C Preferred Stock based on the then-current Conversion Price.

*Alternate Conversion Upon a Triggering Event.* Solely if the Company has obtained the Stockholder Approval (see “Stockholder Approval” below), following the occurrence and during the continuance of a Triggering Event (as defined in the Series C Certificates of Designations), each holder may alternatively elect to convert the Series C Preferred Stock at the “Alternate Conversion Price” equal to the lesser of (A) the Conversion Price, and (B) the greater of (x) the floor price of \$0.5122, and (y) 80% of the volume weighted average price of the Common Stock during the 5 consecutive trading days immediately prior to such conversion.

*Company Redemption.* At any time the Company shall have the right to redeem in cash all, but not less than all, the shares of Series C Preferred Stock then outstanding at the greater of (x) 110% of the amount of shares being redeemed, and (y) the equity value of the Common Stock underlying the Series C Preferred Stock. The equity value of the Common Stock underlying the Series C Preferred Stock is calculated using the greatest closing sale price of the Common Stock on any trading day immediately preceding the date the Company notifies the holders of its election to redeem and the date the Company makes the entire payment required.

*Voting Rights.* The holders of the Series C Preferred Stock have no voting power and no right to vote on any matter at any time, either as a separate series or class or together with any other series or class of share of capital stock, and shall not be entitled to call a meeting of such holders for any purpose nor shall they be entitled to participate in any meeting of the holders of Common Stock, except as provided in the Series C Certificates of Designations (or as otherwise required by applicable law).

#### *Stockholder Approval*

The Company has agreed to seek the approval of the Company’s stockholders to the issuance of all of the securities issuable pursuant to the Series C Preferred Stock and the Warrants in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Nasdaq Capital Market (the “Stockholder Approval”), which, if obtained, would permit the issuance of more than 20% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company at a price less than \$2.561, by no later than July 31, 2024. If the Company fails to obtain the Stockholder Approval, the Company has agreed to cause an additional meeting to be held to seek Stockholder Approval on or prior to October 31, 2024 and, if not obtained, semi-annually thereafter.

#### Settlement and Release Agreements

In connection with the exchange and PIPE financing transactions, each holder of Series B-1 Preferred Stock entered into a Settlement and Release Agreement with the Company, pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay to each such holder a cash amount equal to the damages claimed to have been suffered by such holder upon the attempted conversion and then unwinding of such conversion of shares of such holders Series B-1 Preferred Stock, in exchanged for a release by the holder in favor of the Company of all claims related to such unwinding. All amounts paid pursuant to the Settlement and Release Agreements were reinvested, in full, into the Company pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

#### Registration Rights

In connection with the exchange and PIPE financing transactions, the Investors received registration rights customary for such transactions.

#### Loan to Theralink

On April 11, 2024, the Company entered into a credit agreement (the “Theralink Credit Agreement”) with Theralink Technologies, Inc. (“Theralink”), pursuant to which Theralink may borrow from the Company up to \$1,000,000 (the “Term Loans”), with an initial borrowing of \$350,000 made on April 12, 2024. The Term Loans have a maturity date of October 12, 2024 and bear interest at 9% per annum for interest to be paid in cash and 11% per annum for any portion of the accrued interest that is paid in kind, which “PIK Interest” will be added to the then-outstanding principal amount of the Term Loans. The Term Loans are secured by a first priority interest, subject to permitted liens in accordance with the Theralink Credit Agreement, in the assets of Theralink and its subsidiaries pursuant to a Security and Pledge Agreement dated April 12, 2024 made by Theralink and each of its subsidiaries party thereto as Grantors, in favor of the Company (the “Security and Pledge Agreement”).

## **ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES**

None.

### **ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **(1) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”) reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, we recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As further discussed below, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, because of certain material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act were not effective as of December 31, 2023, due to material weaknesses discussed below.

#### **(2) Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (“COSO”). Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Based on our evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* (2013), our management concluded that, because our internal controls over financial report were not effective as of December 31, 2023, our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 12a-15E and 15d-15E under the Exchange Act were not effective as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The material weaknesses relate to the absence of in-house accounting personnel with the ability to properly account for complex transactions and a lack of separation of duties between accounting and other functions.

We hired a consulting firm to advise on technical issues related to U.S. GAAP as related to the maintenance of our accounting books and records and the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. Although we are aware of the risks associated with not having dedicated accounting personnel, we are also at an early stage in the development of our business. We anticipate expanding our accounting functions with dedicated staff and improving our internal accounting procedures and separation of duties when we can absorb the costs of such expansion and improvement with additional capital resources. In the meantime, management will continue to observe and assess our internal accounting function and make necessary improvements whenever they may be required. If our remedial measures are insufficient to address the material weakness, or if additional material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting are discovered or occur in the future, our consolidated financial statements may contain material misstatements, and we could be required to restate our financial results. In addition, if we are unable to successfully remediate this material weakness and if we are unable to produce accurate and timely financial statements, our stock price may be adversely affected and we may be unable to maintain compliance with applicable stock exchange listing requirements.

#### **(3) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 under the Exchange Act that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

### **ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS**

None.

### PART III

#### ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The names and ages of our executive officers and directors, and their positions with us, are as follows:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position</b>
Jeffrey S. Ervin	46	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Matthew C. Wallis, DC	50	Director
Sheri F. Gardzina, CPA	55	Chief Financial Officer
Maurice E. Evans	44	Director
Michael D. Pruitt	63	Director
Cary W. Sucoff	71	Director

**Jeffrey S. Ervin** co-founded our company in March 2015 and serves as our Chief Executive Officer and served as a member of our Board of Directors. Mr. Ervin earned his M.B.A. from Vanderbilt University and has a history of working within strategic finance roles in the healthcare and high tech industries. Following his M.B.A., Mr. Ervin was the Senior Financial Analyst and Vice President of Finance for the Baptist Hospital System of Nashville from 2006 to September 2011, responsible for sourcing and managing direct investments to satisfy pension obligations. After these five years, Mr. Ervin joined Medicare.com parent Medx Publishing in October 2011 as the senior financial officer tasked with building administrative functions to satisfy rapid growth in the CMS education sector. During this time through March 2015, Medicare.com earned INC. 500 recognition and he was instrumental in the acquisition of Medicaid.com which was sold to United Healthcare Group. Mr. Ervin was also responsible for the disposition and ultimate sale of Medicare.com to eHealth Insurance. Since February 2024, Mr. Ervin serves as an independent director for Cingulate, Inc. (CING), a biopharmaceutical company.

As our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman, Mr. Ervin led the Board and currently manages our company. Mr. Ervin brings extensive healthcare services industry knowledge and a deep background in growing early-stage companies, mergers and acquisitions and capital market activities. His service as the Chief Executive Officer and a director created a critical link between management and our Board of Directors.

**Matthew C. Wallis, DC** co-founded our company in March 2015 and served as our President/Chief Operating Officer and is currently a member of our Board of Directors. Dr. Wallis resigned as President and Chief Operating Officer in November 2023. Dr. Wallis established the first Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic (IMAC) Regeneration Center in August 2000 and has led the Paducah, Kentucky center since then. Prior to establishing the first IMAC medical clinic, Dr. Wallis practiced as a licensed chiropractor in Kentucky. As our Chief Operating Officer, Dr. Wallis, has implemented consistent operating efficiencies for our sales, marketing and serviced delivery operations. Dr. Wallis received a Doctor of Chiropractic (DC) degree from Life University.

Dr. Wallis' 23 years of experience in the healthcare services industry, day-to-day operational leadership of our initial Paducah, Kentucky medical clinic and in-depth knowledge of our company's rehabilitative services make him well qualified as a member of the Board.

**Sheri F. Gardzina, CPA** joined our company in November 2017 and serves as our Chief Financial Officer. Prior to joining IMAC, Ms. Gardzina served as the controller or member of the accounting executive team of Smile Direct Club, LLC, a marketer of invisible aligners, from June 2016 to September 2017, Adoration Health, a home health and hospice company, from October 2015 to June 2016, Lattimore, Black, Morgan & Cain, an accounting and consulting firm where she provided temporary chief financial officer services to Peak Health Solutions, from August to September 2015, EB Employee Solutions, LLC, a healthcare self-insurance product developer, from May to December 2014, and Inspiris Inc., a start-up care management company sold to Optum, from November 2003 to May 2014. Ms. Gardzina started her career as an auditor with Ernst & Young, where she worked from October 1994 to August 1997. Ms. Gardzina earned a B.S. degree in business administration and finance from Purdue University and an M.S. in accountancy and M.B.A. from Northeastern University.

**Ben S. Lerner, DC** joined our company in February 2022 and served as our Chief Operating Officer. Prior to joining IMAC, Dr. Lerner was founder of UIG in February, 2017, and Maximized Living, a national chiropractic consulting, franchising, and lifestyle brand organization until its sale in January, 2017. As CEO, he managed five interconnected companies, consulted for thousands of doctors and chiropractic students, opened more than 100 franchises, created 500 licensees, and built and sustained a large supplement and spinal rehab equipment manufacturing business. Dr. Lerner, holds a Doctor of Chiropractic from Life University. Dr. Lerner left the company in February 2023 to pursue other opportunities.

**Maurice E. (Mo) Evans** joined our Board of Directors in October 2020. Mr. Evans is a business leader, advisor, consultant, investor and speaker to businesses in the sports business vertical. He is the co-founder of ELOS Sports and Entertainment, LLC (“ELOS”), a provider of brand management services to athletes and businesses in the sports and entertainment industry. Mr. Evans has served as the principal of ELOS since 2014. Prior to that, from 2001 to 2012, he was a professional basketball player, playing for the Washington Wizards, Atlanta Hawks, Orlando Magic, Los Angeles Lakers, Detroit Pistons and Sacramento Kings. He also served as Executive Vice President of the NBA Players Association from 2010 to 2013. Mr. Evans received a B.A. degree from the University of Texas at Austin. Mr. Evans provides more than a decade of experience in leading and managing customer-centric personal service organizations such as the NBA Players Association and ELOS Sports and Entertainment, which is highly relevant to our business, making him well qualified as a member of our Board. He also brings to our company a unique perspective of how an athlete addresses a sports injury.

**Michael D. Pruitt** joined our Board of Directors in October 2020. He founded Avenel Financial Group, a boutique financial services firm concentrating on emerging technology company investments in 1999. In 2001, he formed Avenel Ventures, a technology investment and private venture capital firm. In February 2005, Mr. Pruitt formed Chanticleer Holdings, Inc., then a public holding company (now known as Sonnet BioTherapeutics Holdings, Inc.), and he served as Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer until April 1, 2020, at which time the restaurant operations of Chanticleer Holdings were spun out into a new public entity, Amergent Hospitality Group, Inc., where Mr. Pruitt has served as its Chairman and Chief Executive Officer to date. Mr. Pruitt also served as a director on the board of Hooters of America, LLC from 2011 to 2019. Mr. Pruitt received a B.A. degree from Coastal Carolina University. He currently sits on the Board of Visitors of the E. Craig Wall Sr. College of Business Administration, the Coastal Education Foundation Board, and the Athletic Committee of the Board of Trustees. Mr. Pruitt’s over 15 years of day-to-day operational leadership and service as a board member at public companies Chanticleer Holdings and Amergent Hospitality Group make him well qualified as a member of the Board. He also brings transactional expertise in mergers and acquisitions and capital markets.

**Cary W. Sucoff** joined our Board of Directors in October 2020. Mr. Sucoff has more than 35 years of securities industry experience encompassing supervisory, banking and sales responsibilities. He has participated in the financing of hundreds of public and private companies. Since 2011, Mr. Sucoff has owned and operated Equity Source Partners LLC, an advisory and consulting firm. Mr. Sucoff currently serves on the board of directors Galimedix Therapeutics, Inc, Curative Biotechnology, Inc., and Neuraptive Therapeutics, Inc. Mr. Sucoff is the past President of New England Law|Boston, has been a member of its Board of Trustees for over 30 years and is the current Chairman of its Endowment Committee. Mr. Sucoff received a B.A. degree from the State University of New York at Binghamton and a J.D. from New England School of Law, where he was managing editor of the Law Review and graduated magna cum laude. He has been a member of the Bar of the State of New York since 1978. Mr. Sucoff demonstrates knowledge of the Company's business due to his many years of experience as an investor, consultant and Board member with a range of companies in the healthcare industry, making his input invaluable to the Board's discussion of our growth and expansion strategy. He also brings experience in corporate controls and governance as a lawyer.

### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Business Ethics and Conduct ("Ethics Code") that applies to all our officers, directors, employees, and contractors. The Ethics Code contains general guidelines for conducting our business consistent with the highest standards of business ethics and compliance with applicable law, and is intended to qualify as a "code of ethics" within the meaning of Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Item 406 of Regulation S-K. Day-to-day compliance with the Ethics Code is overseen by the Company compliance officer appointed by our Board of Directors. If we make any substantive amendments to the Ethics Code or grant any waiver from a provision of the Ethics Code to any director or executive officer, we will promptly disclose the nature of the amendment or waiver on our website at <https://ir.imacregeneration.com>.

### **Board Composition**

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our board of directors. The number of directors is determined by our board of directors, subject to the terms of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws. Our board of directors currently consists of five members.

## Director Independence

Our common stock and warrants are listed for trading on The NASDAQ Capital Market. Under Nasdaq rules, independent directors must comprise a majority of a listed company's board of directors. In addition, Nasdaq rules require that, subject to specified exceptions, each member of a listed company's audit, compensation and nominating and governance committees must be independent. Under Nasdaq rules, a director will only qualify as an "independent director" if, in the opinion of that company's board of directors, that person does not have a relationship that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director.

Audit committee members must also satisfy the independence criteria set forth in Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act. In order to be considered independent for purposes of Rule 10A-3, a member of an audit committee of a listed company may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee: (i) accept, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the listed company or any of its subsidiaries; or (ii) be an affiliated person of the listed company or any of its subsidiaries.

Our board of directors undertook a review of its composition, the composition of its committees and the independence of each director. Based upon information requested from and provided by each director concerning his or her background, employment and affiliations, including family relationships, our board of directors has determined that Messrs. Evans, Pruitt and Sucoff, representing a majority of our directors, do not have any relationships that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director and that each of these directors is "independent" as that term is defined under Nasdaq rules. In making these determinations, our board of directors considered the relationships that each non-employee director has with our company and all other facts and circumstances our board of directors deemed relevant in determining their independence, including the beneficial ownership of our capital stock by each non-employee director.

## Board Committees

Our board of directors has three standing committees: an audit committee, a compensation committee and a nominating and corporate governance committee. Under Nasdaq rules, the membership of the audit committee is required to consist entirely of independent directors, subject to applicable phase-in periods. The following is a brief description of our committees.

**Audit committee.** In accordance with our audit committee charter, our audit committee oversees our corporate accounting and financial reporting processes and our internal controls over financial reporting; evaluates the independent public accounting firm's qualifications, independence and performance; engages and provides for the compensation of the independent public accounting firm; approves the retention of the independent public accounting firm to perform any proposed permissible non-audit services; reviews our consolidated financial statements; reviews our critical accounting policies and estimates and internal controls over financial reporting; and discusses with management and the independent registered public accounting firm the results of the annual audit and the reviews of our quarterly consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit committee members meet the requirements for financial literacy under the current requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, Nasdaq and SEC rules and regulations. In addition, the board of directors has determined that Michael D. Pruitt is qualified as an audit committee financial expert within the meaning of SEC regulations. We have made this determination based on information received by our board of directors, including questionnaires provided by the members of our audit committee. The audit committee is composed of Messrs. Pruitt (Chairman), Evans and Sucoff. The audit committee charter is provided on the Company's corporate website at <https://imacregeneration.gcs-web.com/corporate-governance/documents-charters>.

**Compensation committee.** In accordance with our compensation committee charter, our compensation committee reviews and recommends policies relating to compensation and benefits of our officers and employees, including reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and other senior officers, evaluating the performance of these officers in light of those goals and objectives and setting compensation of these officers based on such evaluations. The compensation committee also administers the issuance of stock options and other awards under our equity-based incentive plans. We believe that the composition of our compensation committee meets the requirements for independence under, and the functioning of our compensation committee complies with, any applicable requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, Nasdaq and SEC rules and regulations. We intend to comply with future requirements to the extent they become applicable to us. The compensation committee is composed of Messrs. Evans (Chairman) and Pruitt. The compensation committee charter is provided on the Company's corporate website at <https://imacregeneration.gcs-web.com/corporate-governance/documents-charters>.

**Nominating and governance committee.** In accordance with our nominating and governance committee charter, our nominating and governance committee recommends to the board of directors nominees for election as directors, and meets as necessary to review director candidates and nominees for election as directors; recommends members for each committee of the board; oversee corporate governance standards and compliance with applicable listing and regulatory requirements; develops and recommends to the board governance principles applicable to the company; and oversee the evaluation of the board and its committees. We believe that the composition of our nominating and governance committee meets the requirements for independence under, and the functioning of our compensation committee complies with, any applicable requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, Nasdaq and SEC rules and regulations. We intend to comply with future requirements to the extent they become applicable to us. The nominating and governance committee is composed of Messrs. Sucoff (Chairman) and Evans. The nominating and governance committee charter is provided on the Company's corporate website at <https://imacregeneration.gcs-web.com/corporate-governance/documents-charters>.

## **Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

None of the members of our compensation committee is an executive officer or employee of our company. None of our executive officers serves as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our board of directors or compensation committee.

## **Limitations on Director and Officer Liability and Indemnification**

Our certificate of incorporation limits the liability of our directors to the maximum extent permitted by Delaware law. Delaware law provides that directors of a corporation will not be personally liable for monetary damages for breach of their fiduciary duties as directors, except liability for:

- any breach of their duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders;
- acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions; or
- any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws provide that we are required to indemnify our directors and officers, in each case to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law. Any repeal of or modification to our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws may not adversely affect any right or protection of a director or officer for or with respect to any acts or omissions of such director or officer occurring prior to such amendment or repeal. Our bylaws will also provide that we shall advance expenses incurred by a director or officer in advance of the final disposition of any action or proceeding, and permit us to secure insurance on behalf of any officer, director, employee or other agent for any liability arising out of his or her actions in connection with their services to us, regardless of whether our bylaws permit such indemnification.

We intend to enter into separate indemnification agreements with our directors and executive officers, in addition to the indemnification provided for in our bylaws. These agreements, among other things, provide that we will indemnify our directors and executive officers for certain expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines, penalties and settlement amounts incurred by a director or executive officer in any action or proceeding arising out of such person's services as one of our directors or executive officers, or any other company or enterprise to which the person provides services at our request. We believe that these provisions and agreements are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and executive officers.



The limitation of liability and indemnification provisions that are contained in our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against our directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. They may also reduce the likelihood of derivative litigation against our directors and officers, even though an action, if successful, might benefit us and other stockholders. Further, a stockholder's investment may be adversely affected to the extent that we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers as required by these indemnification provisions. There is no pending litigation or proceeding involving one of our directors or executive officers as to which indemnification is required or permitted, and we are not aware of any threatened litigation or proceeding that may result in a claim for indemnification.

### **The Board of Directors' Role in Risk Oversight**

Our Board of Directors, as a whole and also at the committee level, has an active role in managing enterprise risk. The members of our Board of Directors participate in our risk oversight assessment by receiving regular reports from members of senior management and the Company compliance officer appointed by our Board of Directors on areas of material risk to us, including operational, financial, legal and regulatory, and strategic and reputational risks. The Compensation Committee is responsible for overseeing the management of risks relating to our executive compensation plans and arrangements. The Audit Committee oversees management of financial risks, as well as our policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management. The Nominating and Governance Committee manages risks associated with the independence of our Board of Directors and potential conflicts of interest. Members of the management team report directly to our Board of Directors or the appropriate committee. The directors then use this information to understand, identify, manage, and mitigate risk. Once a committee has considered the reports from management, the chairperson will report on the matter to our full Board of Directors at the next meeting of the Board of Directors, or sooner if deemed necessary. This enables our Board of Directors and its committees to effectively carry out its risk oversight role.

### **Communications with our Board of Directors**

Any stockholder may send correspondence to our Board of Directors, c/o IMAC Holdings, Inc., 3401 Mallory Lane, Suite 100, Franklin, Tennessee 37067 and our telephone number is (844) 266-IMAC (4622). Our management will review all correspondence addressed to our Board of Directors, or any individual director, and forward all such communications to our Board of Directors or the appropriate director prior to the next regularly scheduled meeting of our Board of Directors following the receipt of the communication, unless the corporate secretary decides the communication is more suitably directed to Company management and forwards the communication to Company management. Our management will summarize all stockholder correspondence directed to our Board of Directors that is not forwarded to our Board of Directors and will make such correspondence available to our Board of Directors for its review at the request of any member of our Board of Directors.

## Indebtedness of Directors and Executive Officers

None of our directors or executive officers or their respective associates or affiliates is currently indebted to us.

## Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers, directors and holders of more than 10% of our equity securities to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership of our securities (Forms 3, 4 and 5) with the SEC. To the best of our knowledge, based solely on a review of the Section 16(a) reports and written statements from executive officers and directors, for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, all required reports of executive officers, directors and holders of more than 10% of our equity securities were filed on time, except for one late Form 4 reporting one transaction for each of Maurice E. Evans, Michael D. Pruitt and Cary W. Sucoff.

## Family Relationships

There are no family relationships among our directors and executive officers.

## ITEM 11 EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

### Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth summary compensation information for the following persons: (i) all persons serving as our principal executive officer during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and (ii) our two other most highly compensated executive officers who received compensation during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 of at least \$100,000 and who were executive officers on December 31, 2023 and 2022. We refer to these persons as our “named executive officers” in this prospectus. The following table includes all compensation earned by the named executive officers for the respective period, regardless of whether such amounts were actually paid during the period:

Name and Position	Years	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-equity Incentive Plan Comp	Non-qualified Deferred Comp	All Other Comp	Total
Jeffrey S. Ervin, Chief Executive Officer	2023	\$ 200,000	\$ 12,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 212,500
	2022	371,492	-	-	-	-	-	-	371,492
Matthew C. Wallis, DC, Former President	2023	167,115	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,115
	2022	300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	300,000
Sheri Gardzina, Chief Financial Officer	2023	203,846	6,250	-	-	-	-	-	210,096
	2022	251,300	-	-	-	-	-	-	251,300

## Employment Agreements

We entered into employment agreements effective March 1, 2019 with each of Jeffrey Ervin and Matthew Wallis. The employment agreements with Messrs. Ervin and Wallis were extended for a term expiring on February 28, 2023. Mr. Ervin is currently employed on an at-will basis. Mr. Wallis resigned from the Company in November 2023.

Pursuant to their employment agreements, Messrs. Ervin and Wallis have agreed to devote substantially all of their business time, attention and ability, to our business as our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer, respectively. In addition, each executive may be entitled to receive, at the sole discretion of our board of directors, cash bonuses based on the executive meeting and exceeding performance goals of the company. Each executive is entitled to participate in our 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan. We have also agreed to pay or reimburse each executive up to \$100 per month for the business use of their personal cell phone.

The employment agreements also provide for termination by us upon death or disability of the executive (defined as three aggregate months of incapacity during any 365-consecutive day period) or upon conviction of a felony crime of moral turpitude or a material breach of their obligations to us. In the event any of the employment agreements are terminated by us without cause, such executive will be entitled to compensation for the balance of the term.

In the event of a change of control of our company, Messrs. Ervin and Wallis may terminate their employment within six months after such event and will be entitled to continue to be paid pursuant to the terms of their respective employment agreements.

The employment agreements also contain covenants (a) restricting the executive from engaging in any activities competitive with our business during the terms of such employment agreements and one year thereafter, (b) prohibiting the executive from disclosure of confidential information regarding us at any time and (c) confirming that all intellectual property developed by the executive and relating to our business constitutes our sole and exclusive property.

#### **Grants of Plan-Based Awards**

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had outstanding stock options to purchase 9,139 shares of its common stock which were granted as non-qualified stock options to various employees of the Company. These options vest over a period of four years, with 25% vesting after one year and the remaining 75% vesting in equal monthly installments over the following 36 months, are exercisable for a period of ten years, and enable the holders to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at the exercise price of award. The per-share fair values of these options are range from \$35.70 to \$121.20 based on Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model.

On October 20, 2020, the Company granted an aggregate of 10,000 RSUs to Board members with these RSUs vesting in eight equal quarterly installments commencing on February 1, 2021, provided the Board members remain directors of the Company. Effective October 2021, the vesting schedule was amended to a one-year vesting period. As of March 31, 2022, all these granted RSUs were vested and issued to the Board members.

On January 30, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 567 RSUs to non-executive staff and contractors with these RSUs vesting after one year. As of March 31, 2022, all these granted RSUs were vested and issued.

On October 27, 2021 the Company granted 333 RSUs to a consultant that vested immediately.

On February 21, 2022, the Company granted 3,333 RSUs to an executive that vested immediately.

On September 22, 2022, the Company granted an aggregate of 10,000 RSUs to Board members with immediate vesting.

On October 1, 2022, the Company reserved an aggregate of 17,067 Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) to certain employees and executives with a one-year vesting period.

### Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2023

No stock options were granted to any of our named executive officers during the year ended December 31, 2023. A total of 14,667 RSUs were reserved for named executive officers during the year.

The following table presents the outstanding equity awards held by each of the named executive officers as of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, including the value of the stock awards.

Name	Grant Date	Option Awards				Stock Awards	
		Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units That Have Not Vested (\$)
Jeffrey Ervin	5/21/2019	0	0	\$ 0	-	6,667 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 14,730
Sheri Gardzina	5/21/2019	1,250	0	\$ 121.20	5/21/2029	4,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 8,840

(1) One year vesting and deferred by the Named Executive Officer.

## 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan

Under our 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (the “Plan”), adopted by our board of directors and holders of a majority of our outstanding shares of common stock in May 2018, 66,667 shares (after giving effect to an adjustment approved by the Compensation Committee on April 30, 2024 in light of the 1-for-30 reverse stock split effected in September 2023) of common stock (subject to certain adjustments) are authorized for issuance upon exercise of stock options and grants of other equity awards. The Plan is designed to serve as an incentive for attracting and retaining qualified and motivated employees, officers, directors, consultants and other persons who provide services to us. The compensation committee of our board of directors administers and interprets the Plan and is authorized to grant stock options and other equity awards thereunder to all eligible employees of our company, including non-employee consultants to our company and directors.

The Plan provides for the granting of “incentive stock options” (as defined in Section 422 of the Code), non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, shares of restricted stock, restricted stock units, deferred stock, dividend equivalents, bonus stock and awards in lieu of cash compensation, other stock-based awards and performance awards. Options may be granted under the Plan on such terms and at such prices as determined by the compensation committee of the board, except that the per share exercise price of the stock options cannot be less than the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. Each option will be exercisable after the period or periods specified in the stock option agreement, but all stock options must be exercised within ten years from the date of grant. Options granted under the Plan are not transferable other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. The compensation committee of the board has the authority to amend or terminate the Plan, provided that no amendment shall be made without stockholder approval if such stockholder approval is necessary to comply with any tax or regulatory requirement. Unless terminated sooner, the Plan will terminate ten years from its effective date.

## Equity Compensation Plan Summary

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2023, relating to our equity compensation plan:

<b>Plan Category</b>	<b>Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Equity Grants</b>	<b>Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options</b>	<b>Number of Securities Remaining Available for Further Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in the First Column)</b>
Equity compensation plan approved by security holders <sup>(1)</sup>	1,312	\$ 118.33	1,952,704
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-	\$ -	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,312</b>	<b>\$ 118.33</b>	<b>1,952,704</b>

(1) Consists solely of the 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan.

## Director Compensation

We compensate each non-employee director through annual stock option grants and by paying a cash fee for each board of directors and committee meeting attended. During the year ended December 31, 2023, each of our non-employee directors, Messrs. Evans, Pruitt, and Sucoff, was paid \$11,250 each per quarter and were awarded 3,333 restricted stock units with immediate vesting.

## Non-Employee Director Compensation Table

The following table sets forth summary information concerning compensation paid or accrued for services rendered to us in all capacities by the non-employee members of our Board of Directors for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Fees Paid in Cash (\$)</b>	<b>Stock Awards (\$ (1))</b>	<b>Option Awards (\$)</b>	<b>Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)</b>	<b>Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)</b>	<b>All Other Comp (\$)</b>	<b>Total (\$)</b>
Maurice E. Evans	\$ 45,000	\$ 14,300	-	-	-	-	\$ 59,300
Michael D. Pruitt	\$ 45,000	\$ 14,300	-	-	-	-	\$ 59,300
Cary W. Sucoff	\$ 45,000	\$ 14,300	-	-	-	-	\$ 59,300

(1) Represents full fair value at grant date of RSUs granted to our directors, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

## ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth information as of April 12, 2024 regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock by (i) each person we know to be the beneficial owner of 5% or more of our common stock, (ii) each of our current executive officers, (iii) each of our directors, and (iv) all of our current executive officers and directors as a group. Information with respect to beneficial ownership has been furnished by each director, executive officer or 5% or more stockholder, as the case may be. The address for all executive officers and directors is c/o IMAC Holdings, Inc., 3401 Mallory Lane, Franklin, Tennessee 37067.

Percentage of beneficial ownership in the table below is calculated based on 1,148,321 shares of common stock outstanding as of April 12, 2024. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC, which generally attribute beneficial ownership of securities to persons who possess sole or shared voting power or investment power with respect to those securities and includes shares of our common stock issuable pursuant to the exercise of stock options, warrants or other securities that are immediately exercisable or convertible or exercisable or convertible within 60 days of April 12, 2024. Unless otherwise indicated, the persons or entities identified in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares shown as beneficially owned by them.

<b>Name of Beneficial Owner</b>	<b>Shares Beneficially Owned</b>	<b>Percentage Beneficially Owned</b>
Jeffrey S. Ervin	19,047(1)	1.34%
Matthew C. Wallis	58,390	4.12%
Sheri Gardzina	6,195(2)	*
Michael Pruitt	8,808	*
Maurice Evans	14,737	1.04%
Cary Sucoff	10,000	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (6 persons)	117,177	8.27%

\* Less than 1% of outstanding shares.

(1) Includes (i) 6,667 outstanding Restricted Stock Units, and (ii) 12,380 shares.

(2) Includes (i) 1,250 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of currently exercisable stock options, (ii) 4,000 outstanding Restricted Stock Units, (iii) 941 shares and (iv) 4 shares owned by Mrs. Gardzina's spouse.

## **ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

### **Policies and Procedures for Transactions with Related Persons**

Our board of directors intends to adopt a written related person transaction policy to set forth the policies and procedures for the review and approval or ratification of related person transactions. Related persons include any executive officer, director or a holder of more than 5% of our common stock, including any of their immediate family members and any entity owned or controlled by such persons. Related person transactions refers to any transaction, arrangement or relationship, or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships in which (i) we were or are to be a participant, (ii) the amount involved exceeds \$120,000, and (iii) a related person had or will have a direct or indirect material interest. Related person transactions include, without limitation, purchases of goods or services by or from the related person or entities in which the related person has a material interest, indebtedness, guarantees of indebtedness, and employment by us of a related person, in each case subject to certain exceptions set forth in Item 404 of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act.

We expect that the policy will provide that in any related person transaction, our audit committee and board of directors will consider all of the available material facts and circumstances of the transaction, including: the direct and indirect interests of the related persons; in the event the related person is a director (or immediate family member of a director or an entity with which a director is affiliated), the impact that the transaction will have on a director's independence; the risks, costs and benefits of the transaction to us; and whether any alternative transactions or sources for comparable services or products are available. After considering all such facts and circumstances, our audit committee and board of directors will determine whether approval or ratification of the related person transaction is in our best interests. For example, if our audit committee determines that the proposed terms of a related person transaction are reasonable and at least as favorable as could have been obtained from unrelated third parties, it will recommend to our board of directors that such transaction be approved or ratified. In addition, if a related person transaction will compromise the independence of one of our directors, our audit committee may recommend that our board of directors reject the transaction if it could affect our ability to comply with securities laws and regulations or Nasdaq listing requirements.

**Related Party Transactions**

Effective October 2022, the Company signed an agreement for The Molo Agency to provide marketing services including project management and reporting, content management and social media management. The MOLO Agency is owned by Maurice Evans, an independent Board Member of the Company. The Company paid \$0 and \$27,000 to The MOLO Agency for services provided in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**Indemnification Agreements**

We have entered into an indemnification agreement with each of our directors and executive officers. The indemnification agreements and our certificate of incorporation and bylaws require us to indemnify our directors and executive officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law.

**Director Independence**

Our Board of Directors has determined that Messrs. Evans, Pruitt and Sucoff, representing a majority of our directors, are independent directors (as currently defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) of the NASDAQ listing rules). In determining the independence of our directors, the Board of Directors considered all transactions in which the Company and any director had any interest, including those discussed above. The independent directors meet as often as necessary to fulfill their responsibilities, including meeting at least twice annually in executive session without the presence of non-independent directors and management.



#### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

On December 28, 2023, Cherry Bekaert LLP resigned as the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company. Neither the Company's board of directors nor the audit committee of the Company's board of directors took part in Cherry Bekaert's decision to resign.

The report of Cherry Bekaert regarding the Company's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 did not contain an adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion and was not qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, and subsequent interim periods through the date of Cherry Bekaert's resignation, there were no disagreements with Cherry Bekaert on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of Cherry Bekaert, would have caused it to make reference to such disagreement in its reports.

The audit committee of the Board of the Company conducted a search to determine the Company's independent registered public accounting firm following the resignation of Cherry Bekaert LLP. On February 8, 2024, the Committee approved the appointment of Salberg & Company, P.A. as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, subject to satisfactory completion of standard engagement acceptance procedures, which were subsequently completed.

During the Company's two most recent fiscal years and the subsequent interim period preceding Salberg's engagement, neither the Company nor anyone acting on its behalf consulted Salberg regarding (1) the application of accounting principles to a specified transaction, either completed or proposed, or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the Company's consolidated financial statements, and Salberg did not provide either a written report or oral advice to the Company that was an important factor considered by the Company in reaching a decision as to any accounting, auditing, or financial reporting issue, or (2) any matter that was either the subject of a disagreement (as that term is used in Item 304(a)(1)(iv) of Regulation S-K and the related instructions to Item 304 of Regulation S-K) on accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedures or a "reportable event" (as described in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K).

The following table sets forth the aggregate accounting fees paid by us for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022. The below audit fees were paid to the firm Salberg & Company, PA for the year ended December 31, 2023 and Cherry Bekaert, LLP for the year ended December 31, 2022. All non-audit related services in the table were pre-approved and/or ratified by the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

<b>Type of Fees</b>	<b>Salberg &amp; Company, PA Year Ended December 31, 2023</b>	<b>Cherry Bekaert, LLP Year Ended December 31, 2023</b>	<b>Cherry Bekaert, LLP Year Ended December 31, 2022</b>
Audit fees	\$ 60,000	\$ 165,000	\$ 217,000
Audit related fees	-	74,000	45,240
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 60,000</b>	<b>\$ 239,000</b>	<b>\$ 262,240</b>

#### **Types of Fees Explanation**

**Audit Fees.** Audit fees were incurred for accounting services rendered for the audit of our consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and reviews of quarterly consolidated financial statements.

**Audit Related Fees.** We incurred fees in connection with accounting reviews for S-4 filings and agreed-upon procedures.

#### **Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Services by Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Section 10A(i)(1) of the Exchange Act and related SEC rules require that all auditing and permissible non-audit services to be performed by our principal accountants be approved in advance by the Audit Committee of the Board. Pursuant to Section 10A(i)(3) of the Exchange Act and related SEC rules, the Audit Committee has established procedures by which the Chairman of the Audit Committee may pre-approve such services provided that the pre-approval is detailed as to the particular service or category of services to be rendered and the Chairman reports the details of the services to the full Audit Committee at its next regularly scheduled meeting.

The audit committee has considered the services provided by Salberg & Company, PA and Cherry Bekaert LLP as disclosed above in the captions “audit fees” and has concluded that such services are compatible with the independence of Salberg & Company, PA and Cherry Bekaert LLP as our principal accountants for the year ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Our Board has considered the nature and amount of fees billed by our independent auditors and believes that the provision of services for activities unrelated to the audit is compatible with maintaining our independent auditors’ independence.

## PART IV

### ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1**	<a href="#"><u>Agreement and Plan of Merger by IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Theralink Technologies, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 26, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.1	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Incorporation of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.2	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on December 10, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.3	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Correction of the Certificate of Incorporation of IMAC Holdings, Inc. filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on August 8, 2019 (filed as Exhibit 3.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 9, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.4	<a href="#"><u>Bylaws of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.5	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Stock of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.6	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Stock of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.7	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Stock of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 27, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.8	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Designation of Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Stock of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 27, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.9	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on September 6, 2023 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 8, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.10	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Designations of Series C-1 Convertible Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.1.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.11	<a href="#"><u>Certificate of Designations of Series C-2 Convertible Preferred Stock (filed as Exhibit 3.1.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.1	<a href="#"><u>Specimen Common Stock Certificate (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.2	<a href="#"><u>Form of Common Stock Warrant certificate (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on December 3, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.3	<a href="#"><u>Form of Warrant Agency Agreement between IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Equity Stock Transfer, LLC (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on December 3, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.4	<a href="#"><u>Form of Underwriters' Unit Purchase Option (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed with the SEC on February 8, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.5*	<a href="#"><u>Description of the Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u></a>
4.6	Description of Registered Direct Offering, <a href="#"><u>Series 1 Warrants</u></a> and <a href="#"><u>Series 2 Warrants</u></a> filed with the SEC on August 15, 2022.
4.7.1	<a href="#"><u>Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by the Company on July 28, 2023 (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.7.2	<a href="#"><u>Amendment to Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated December 20, 2023 (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 27, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.8	<a href="#"><u>Form of Exchange Warrant (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.9	<a href="#"><u>Form of PIPE Warrant (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>

- 4.10 [Form of Placement Agent Warrant \(filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.1† [2018 Incentive Compensation Plan \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.2 [Form of Indemnification Agreement \(filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.3†\* [Amendment No. 1 to 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan.](#)
- 10.4 [Management Services Agreement between IMAC Holdings, LLC and Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic Regeneration Center PSC \(filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.5†\* [Amendment No. 2 to 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan.](#)
- 10.7 [Commercial Line of Credit Agreement, dated May 1, 2018, between Integrated Medicine and Chiropractic Regeneration Center of St. Louis, LLC and Independence Bank of Kentucky \(filed as Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on September 17, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)

- 10.11 [Addendum to Merger Agreement with Clinic Management Associates, LLC \(filed as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on October 26, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.12 [Addendum to Unit Purchase Agreement among IMAC Holdings, Inc., IMAC of St. Louis, LLC and certain unitholders of IMAC of St. Louis LLC \(filed as Exhibit 10.19 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on October 26, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.13† [Employment Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2019, between IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Jeffrey S. Ervin \(filed as Exhibit 10.13 to the Company's Current Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 16, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.14† [Employment Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2019, between IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Matthew C. Wallis \(filed as Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Current Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 16, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.15† [Employment Agreement, dated as of April 19, 2019, between IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Jason Hui \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 25, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.17 [Lease, dated as of March 1, 2019, by and between Advantage Therapy, LLC and Sagamore Hill Development Company, LLC \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 14, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.20 [Amended and Restated Term Note, dated as of September 19, 2019, made by Progressive Health and Rehabilitation, LTD in favor of PNC Bank, National Association \(filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on November 14, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.21 [Form of 10% Promissory Note issued by IMAC Holdings, Inc. \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 9, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.22 [Employment Agreement, dated as of February 4, 2022 and commencing February 21, 2022, between IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Dr. Ben Lerner \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 21, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.23 [Form of Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 25, 2023, between the Company and each investor identified on the signature pages thereof \(the "Purchasers"\) \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.24 [Form of Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 25, 2023, between the Company and each of the Purchasers \(filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.25 [Form of Exchange Agreement dated as of April 10, 2024 with schedule of signatories \(filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.26 [Securities Purchase Agreement dated as of April 10, 2024, by and among IMAC Holdings, Inc. and the Investors signatory thereto \(filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.27 [Registration Rights Agreement dated as of April 10, 2024, by and among IMAC Holdings, Inc. and the Investors signatory thereto \(filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.28 [Form of Settlement and Release Agreement dated as of April 10, 2024 with schedule of signatories \(filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.29 [Credit Agreement dated as of April 11, 2024 between IMAC Holdings, Inc. and Theralink Technologies, Inc. \(filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 10.30 [Security and Pledge Agreement dated as of April 12, 2024 made by Theralink Technologies, Inc. and each of its subsidiaries party thereto as Grantors, in favor of IMAC Holdings, Inc. \(filed as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 16.1 [Letter from Cherry Bekaert, LLP, dated December 28, 2023 \(filed as Exhibit 16.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K Filed with the SEC on December 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 21.1 [List of subsidiaries \(filed as Exhibit 21.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- 31.1\* [Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 31.2\* [Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 32.1\*\* [Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 32.2\*\* [Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 97.1 [IMAC Holdings, Inc. Dodd-Frank Clawback Policy \(filed as Exhibit 97.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 16, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)

- 101.INS\* Inline XBRL Instance Document.
- 101/SCH\* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL\* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF\* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB\* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE\* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
- 104\* Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)
- † Compensatory plan or agreement.
- \* Filed or furnished herewith
- \*\* Portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2)(ii) of Regulation S-K because they are both (i) not material and (ii) the type that the registrant treats as private or confidential. A copy of any omitted portions will be furnished to the SEC upon request; provided, however, that the parties may request confidential treatment for any document so furnished.
- + The certifications attached as Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 that accompany this Annual Report on Form 10-K are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of IMAC Holdings, Inc. under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this 10-K, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filings.

All other schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

**ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY**

None.



**Description of the Securities Registered Pursuant to  
Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

The following description is a summary of the terms of our common stock and warrants, which are registered under Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). The summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to our certificate of incorporation, as amended, bylaws and form of warrant, each of which is incorporated by reference as an exhibit to this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and certain applicable provisions of Delaware law.

**General**

Our authorized capital stock consists of 60,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of which the following shares of preferred stock are designated: 2,500 shares are designated as Series A-1 Convertible Preferred Shares, 1,800 shares are designated as Series A-2 Convertible Preferred Shares, 4,500 shares are designated as Series B-1 Convertible Preferred Shares, 1,800 shares are designated as Series B-2 Convertible Preferred Shares, 4,750 shares are designated as Series C-1 Convertible Preferred Shares (the “Series C-1 Preferred Shares”), and 5,376 shares are designated as Series C-2 Convertible Preferred Shares (the “Series C-2 Preferred Shares” and, together with the (the “Series C-1 Preferred Shares, the “Series C Preferred Shares”) Our board of directors may establish the rights and preferences of the undesignated preferred stock from time to time. As of April 16, 2024, there were 1,148,321 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, 4,750 shares of Series C-1 Preferred Stock issued and outstanding and 1,276 shares of Series C-2 Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, and there we no shares of any other series of preferred stock outstanding. No series of preferred stock named above is registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act.

**Common Stock**

Each holder of our common stock is entitled to one vote for each share on all matters to be voted upon by the stockholders and there are no cumulative rights. Subject to any preferential rights of any outstanding preferred stock, holders of our common stock are entitled to receive ratably the dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of legally available funds. If there is a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our company, holders of our common stock would be entitled to share in our assets remaining after the payment of liabilities and any preferential rights of any outstanding preferred stock.

Holders of our common stock have no preemptive or conversion rights or other subscription rights, and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable. The rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of our common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of preferred stock which we may designate and issue in the future.

**Preferred Stock**

Under the terms of our certificate of incorporation, our board of directors is authorized to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more series without stockholder approval. Our board of directors has the discretion to determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences, of each series of preferred stock.

**Warrants**

We issued warrants to purchase a total of 1,700,000 shares of common stock as part of our initial public offering in February 2019. The warrants were issued in book-entry form under a warrant agent agreement between Equity Stock Transfer, LLC, as warrant agent, and our company, and are represented by one or more book-entry certificates deposited with DTC, and registered in the name of Cede & Co., a nominee of DTC, or as otherwise directed by DTC. The warrants are identical except for the respective number of shares purchased.

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The warrants are exercisable at any time after the date of issuance, and at any time up to 5:00 p.m., Eastern time, on the date that is five years after the date on which such warrants are issued, at which time any unexercised warrants will expire and cease to be exercisable. The warrants are exercisable, at the option of each holder, in whole or in part by delivering to us a duly executed exercise notice and by payment in full in immediately available funds for the number of shares of common stock purchased upon such exercise.

No fractional shares of common stock will be issued in connection with the exercise of a warrant. In lieu of fractional shares, we will either pay the holder an amount in cash equal to the fractional amount multiplied by the exercise price or round up to the next whole share.

A holder will not have the right to exercise any portion of the warrant if the holder (together with its affiliates) would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, as such percentage ownership is determined in accordance with the terms of the warrants. However, any holder may increase such percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99%, provided that any increase in such percentage will not be effective until the 61<sup>st</sup> day after such notice to us.

At any time when a registration statement covering the issuance of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is not effective, the holder may, at its option, exercise its warrants on a cashless basis. When exercised on a cashless basis, a portion of the warrant is cancelled in payment of the purchase price payable in respect of the number of shares of our common stock that may be purchased upon such exercise.

The exercise price per share of common stock is \$5.00. The exercise price is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of certain stock dividends and distributions, stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications or similar events affecting our common stock.

In the event of a fundamental transaction, as described in the warrants and generally including any reorganization, recapitalization or reclassification of our common stock, the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of our properties or assets, our consolidation or merger with or into another person, the holders of the warrants will be entitled to receive upon exercise of the warrants the kind and amount of securities, cash or other property that the holders would have received had they exercised the warrants immediately prior to such fundamental transaction.

Except as otherwise provided in the warrants or by virtue of such holder's ownership of shares of our common stock, the holder of a warrant does not have the rights or privileges of a holder of our common stock, including any voting rights, until the holder exercises the warrant.

With the consent of the warrant holders holding a majority of the then outstanding warrants (as measured by the number of shares of common stock underlying such outstanding warrants), we may increase the exercise price, shorten the expiration date and amend all other warrant terms.

Any remaining warrants expired on February 15, 2024 and as of April 16, 2024, no warrants were outstanding.

#### **Effect of Certain Provisions of our Charter and Bylaws and the Delaware Anti-Takeover Statute**

Certain provisions of Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws contain provisions that could have the effect of delaying, deferring or discouraging another party from acquiring control of us. These provisions, which are summarized below, may have the effect of discouraging coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids. These provisions are also designed, in part, to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of increased protection of our potential ability to negotiate with an unfriendly or unsolicited acquirer outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging a proposal to acquire us because negotiation of these proposals could result in an improvement of their terms.

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### ***No cumulative voting***

The Delaware General Corporation Law provides that stockholders are not entitled to the right to cumulate votes in the election of directors unless our certificate of incorporation provides otherwise. Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws prohibit cumulative voting in the election of directors.

### ***Undesignated preferred stock***

The ability to authorize undesignated preferred stock makes it possible for our board of directors to issue one or more series of preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to change control. These and other provisions may have the effect of deferring hostile takeovers or delaying changes in control or management of our company.

### ***Calling of special meetings of stockholders and action by written consent***

Our charter documents provide that a special meeting of stockholders may be called only by resolution adopted by our board of directors, chairman of the board of directors or chief executive officer or upon the written request of stockholders owning at least 33<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the outstanding common stock. Stockholder owning less than such required amount may not call a special meeting, which may delay the ability of our stockholders to force consideration of a proposal or for holders controlling a majority of our capital stock to take any action, including the removal of directors.

Our charter documents provide that any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the company must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders and may not be effected by any consent in writing by the stockholders.

### ***Requirements for advance notification of stockholder nominations and proposals***

Our bylaws establish advance notice procedures with respect to stockholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election as directors, other than nominations made by or at the direction of the board of directors or a committee of the board of directors. However, our bylaws may have the effect of precluding the conduct of certain business at a meeting if the proper procedures are not followed. These provisions may also discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our company.

### ***Amendment of certificate of incorporation and bylaws***

The amendment of certain provisions (including the above provisions) of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws requires approval by holders of at least two-thirds of our outstanding capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors.

### ***Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law***

We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a three-year period following the time that this stockholder becomes an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. Under Section 203, a business combination between a corporation and an interested stockholder is prohibited unless it satisfies one of the following conditions:

- before the stockholder became interested, our board of directors approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
  - upon consummation of the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding, shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers, and employee stock plans, in some instances, but not the outstanding voting stock owned by the interested stockholder; or
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- at or after the time the stockholder became interested, the business combination was approved by our board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of the stockholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Section 203 defines a business combination to include:

- any merger or consolidation involving the corporation and the interested stockholder;
- any sale, transfer, lease, pledge or other disposition involving the interested stockholder of 10% or more of the assets of the corporation;
- subject to exceptions, any transaction that results in the issuance or transfer by the corporation of any stock of the corporation to the interested stockholder;
- subject to exceptions, any transaction involving the corporation that has the effect of increasing the proportionate share of the stock of any class or series of the corporation beneficially owned by the interested stockholder; and
- the receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges or other financial benefits provided by or through the corporation.

In general, Section 203 defines an interested stockholder as any entity or person beneficially owning 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation and any entity or person affiliated with or controlling or controlled by the entity or person.

### ***Choice of Forum***

Our certificate of incorporation provides that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or if no Court of Chancery located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction, the Federal District Court for the District of Delaware) will be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by our directors, officers, or other employees to us or to our stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim against us or any director, officer or other employee arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our certificate of incorporation or bylaws or (iv) any action asserting a claim against us or any director, officer or other employee that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. It is possible that a court could rule that this provision is not applicable or is unenforceable. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring shares of our capital stock will be deemed to have notice of and consented to this provision of our certificate of incorporation. However, this sole and exclusive forum provision will not apply in those instances where there is exclusive federal jurisdiction, including but not limited to certain actions arising under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

### **Exchange Listing**

Our common stock are traded on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "BACK." Prior to their expiration, our warrants were traded on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "IMACW."

### **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock and warrant agent for our warrants is Equity Stock Transfer, LLC, 237 West 37<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 602, New York, NY 10018.

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**IMAC HOLDINGS, INC.**  
**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO 2018 INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN**

WHEREAS, in May 2018, IMAC Holdings, Inc.'s (the "Company") 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Plan") was adopted by the Company's board of directors (the "Board") and the holders of a majority of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board hereby amends the Plan, effective upon the approval by the Board and the Company's shareholders in accordance with Section 10(e) of the Plan, to hereby delete Section 4(a) of the Plan in its entirety and substitute Section 4(a) with the following:

*"4. Shares Subject to Plan.*

(a) *Limitation on Overall Number of Shares Available for Delivery Under Plan.* Subject to adjustment as provided in Section 10(c) hereof, the total number of Shares reserved and available for delivery under the Plan shall be 2,000,000, all of which may be Incentive Stock Options. Any Shares delivered under the Plan may consist, in whole or in part, of authorized and unissued shares or treasury shares."

Adopted July 6, 2022

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**IMAC HOLDINGS, INC.**  
**AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO 2018 INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN**

WHEREAS, in May 2018, IMAC Holdings, Inc.'s (the "Company") 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Plan") was adopted by the Company's board of directors (the "Board") and the holders of a majority of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board hereby amends the Plan, effective upon the approval by the Compensation Committee of the Board in accordance with Section 10(c)(i) of the Plan, to hereby delete Section 4(a) of the Plan in its entirety and substitute Section 4(a) with the following:

*"4. Shares Subject to Plan.*

(a) *Limitation on Overall Number of Shares Available for Delivery Under Plan.* Subject to adjustment as provided in Section 10(c) hereof, the total number of Shares reserved and available for delivery under the Plan shall be 66,667, all of which may be Incentive Stock Options. Any Shares delivered under the Plan may consist, in whole or in part, of authorized and unissued shares or treasury shares."

Adopted April 30, 2024

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**CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jeffrey Ervin, Chief Executive Officer of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the “Registrant”), certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the “Annual Report”);

2. Based on my knowledge, this Annual Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Annual Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;

4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Annual Report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Jeffrey Ervin

Name: Jeffrey Ervin

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Sheri Gardzina, Chief Financial Officer of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the “Registrant”), certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 of IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the “Annual Report”);

2. Based on my knowledge, this Annual Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Annual Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;

4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Annual Report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Sheri Gardzina

Name: Sheri Gardzina

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the filing by IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the "Registrant") of its Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "Annual Report") with the Securities and Exchange Commission, I, Jeffrey Ervin, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(i) The Annual Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) The information contained in the Annual Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Registrant and will be retained by the Registrant and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Jeffrey Ervin

Name: Jeffrey Ervin

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the filing by IMAC Holdings, Inc. (the "Registrant") of its Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "Annual Report") with the Securities and Exchange Commission, I, Sheri Gardzina, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(i) The Annual Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) The information contained in the Annual Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Registrant and will be retained by the Registrant and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Sheri Gardzina  
Name: Sheri Gardzina  
Title: Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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